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INTERNATIONAL

Herald Tribune

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TODAY'S WEATHER FORECAST — PARIS: Sunny, hot. Temp. 30-18 (86-64). Tomorrow: Sunny. 29-18 (84-64). Yesterday's temp. 26-13 (82-64). LONDON: Dry, mainly sunny. Temp. 26-17 (79-63). Tomorrow: Similar. Yesterday's temp. 25-16 (77-61). CHANNEL: Smooth. ROME: Sunny. Temp. 32-16 (90-61). NEW YORK: Sunny. Temp. 27 (82-62). Yesterday's temp. 29-20 (84-68). ADDITIONAL WEATHER—PAGE 2

Austria	15 S.	Lebanon	12 P.
Belgium	11 B.Fr.	Luxembourg	14 L.Fr.
Denmark	2.25 D.Kr.	Morocco	1.50 Dir.
Eire (Inc. tax)	11 P.	Netherlands	1 Fl.
Finland	1.40 F.M.	Nigeria	3.6
France	1.50 Fr.	Norway	2.25 N.Kr.
Germany	1 D.M.	Portugal	8 Esc.
Great Britain	10 P.	Spain	10 Ptas.
Greece	12 Drs.	Sweden	1.75 S.Kr.
India	Rs. 3.75	Switzerland	1.25 S.Fr.
Iran	25 Rials	Turkey	T.25
Italy	200 Lire	U.S. Military (Eur.)	$0.25
Israel	LT1.40	Yugoslavia	4 D.

Wholesale Index n U.S. Rockets 6.2% in August

By Peter Milius

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7 (WP).—An explosion in farm and food ces drove the wholesale price index up 6.2 percent last month, nost as much as it rose in all of last year, the Labor Department d today.

The rise in the farm and food price index was a seasonally ad- ted 19.3 percent, far and away the highest since the government rted publishing such adjusted figures in 1947.

The index reflected the surge that occurred after President Nixon ed his brief food price freeze on July 18. August wholesale prices re sampled by the department on Aug. 14.

The administration noted that many food prices have fallen back sharply since then. Treasury Secretary George P. Shultz pointed out to newsmen at the White House that soybean prices have dropped 47 percent; wheat, 10 percent; corn, 30 percent; cattle, 15 percent; hogs, 35 percent, and broilers—chickens—27 percent.

He said that the August sampling caught prices at their peak, and that "my instinct is that we have seen the worst of the food price problem."

He conceded, however, that there remained a big wholesale food price increase that was going to be "reflected" in retail prices in the weeks ahead.

Mr. Shultz's effort to put a good face on the figures did nothing to assuage AFL-CIO President George Meany, who declared in an angry outburst that "these figures are beyond belief."

Harking back to the President's veto yesterday of the minimum wage bill, Mr. Meany asked: "How in the name of simple decency could the President deny the worst-paid workers in America an increase in their minimum wage when they have to pay these prices when they reach the retail level?"

"The President has made a mess out of the economy," Mr. Meany said. "He can't pass the blame to Congress, to workers or to anyone else. He created the mess. He perpetuated it. He has no plans for ending it. All his economic game plans, freezes and phases are an absolute failure."

The 6.2 percent rise in the overall wholesale index was a seasonally adjusted figure, and it, too, was the highest on record since the department began making adjustments. The unadjusted figure was 5.8 percent, the third-highest.

The huge August increase followed a drop-off in the wholesale index in July, the month when prices were frozen.

The increase lifted the wholesale index to 142.7, which means that wholesale prices now have risen 19 percent in a year, and that it cost $142.70 last month to buy wholesale goods that cost $100 in 1967.

In all of 1972, the wholesale price index rose only 6.5 percent.

The Labor Department said that the upward farm and food price leap accounted for 95 percent of the overall rise in August. Industrial commodity prices, meaning wholesale prices in the whole nonfarm, nonfood sector of the economy, rose an adjusted 0.4 percent for the month.

Beef Curbs Removed

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7 (UPI).—The U.S. Cost of Living Council, in a surprise move today, lifted the ceilings on beef prices effective midnight Sunday. They had been scheduled to be lifted Sept. 12.

U.S. Is Ending Farm Goods' Export Curbs

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7 AP).—The Commerce Department announced today hat government controls on nost agricultural exports will e lifted tomorrow. It said it nticipated an Oct. 1 end to ll restrictions, including a icensing requirement for the xport of the agricultural ommodities.

The commodities freed from ontrols as of tomorrow include soybeans and soybean products, cottonseed and cotonseed products, other vegetable oils, animal fats and ivestock protein feeds.

The department said that the export restrictions were liberalized after a review of the supplies and demands.

It notes that controls were announced this last summer because foreign demand was outstripping domestic supplies and forcing domestic prices up.

U.S. 'Burned' n Grain Deal, Shultz Says

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7 (AP).— ecretary of the Treasury George Shultz conceded today that the nited States got burned in the viet wheat deal but indicated at it would not happen again.

"I think it is a fair statement say that they were very sharp their buying practices," Mr. ultz said of the huge 1972 eat purchases by the Soviet ion, a deal which pushed up S. food prices.

Meanwhile, Sen. Walter Huddeston, D., Ky., said the Soviet ion appears to be making at ast a 100 percent profit in selg some of the wheat to Italy current high market prices.

In remarks prepared for delivery the Senate floor, Sen. Huddlesn called for an investigation the General Accounting Office.

Newspaper Reports

Sen. Huddleston said he based s charges on Italian newspaper counts that a Soviet ship unaded 32,000 metric tons of Soviet ain at a port near Rome. Other counts said two other vessels ay have carried Soviet grain to aly, he said.

The reports of the sale "could ell be another indication that viet traders knew more about orld conditions than we did nd took advantage of our negoiators not only to supply their n needs but to reap huge profits on the world market—all subsidized by the American taxpayer nd consumer," Sen. Huddleston id.

Mr. Shultz said the Russians ought perhaps two-thirds more heat than the United States riginally thought.

"If you get burned once, then at's their fault. But if you get urned twice, then that's our ault," he said at a news conference.

Mr. Shultz, who will visit oscow during a tour of major ations in the next three weeks, id the United States is now alking to the Soviet Union about he magnitude of wheat purhases.

The United States loaned the ussians $750 million in the summer of 1972 to purchase grain during three years.

Soviet traders obtained 440 million bushels of grain. The result, he GAO said in July, was higher S. prices for bread and flourased products, beef, pork, poultry, eggs and dairy products.

Tokyo Water Curb Ends

TOKYO, Sept. 7 (AP).—Water restrictions imposed Aug. 20 in Tokyo were lifted yesterday because nearly three inches of rain has fallen in the last two days.

Nixon Now Backs Ban on Chrome From Rhodesia

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7 (NYT).—The Nixon administration joined Senate liberals yesterday calling for repeal of 1971 legislation exempting Rhodesia's chrome industry from a U.S. embargo.

The administration, in a shift of position, sent John Scali, U.S. delegate to the United Nations, and David Newsom, assistant secretary of state for African affairs, to testify for repeal before the Senate Foreign Relations Subcommittee on African Affairs, which is headed by Sen Hubert H. Humphrey.

The Minnesota Democrat is the principal sponsor of a bill to repeal the so-called Byrd amendment attached to the Military Procurement Act of 1971 by Sen. Harry F. Byrd jr., D., Va.

The amendment was put forward on the argument that denial of U.S. access to Rhodesian chrome would imperil national security because chrome is a "strategic material." The Soviet Union is the other major source.

Mr. Scali and other witnesses, including Senators Edward M. Kennedy and Gale McGee and John J. Sheehan, lobbyist for the United Steelworkers, attacked the argument, asserting it had been proved utterly baseless and that U.S. foreign policy was suffering.



Associated Press.

NONALIGNMENT TALK—Cuban Premier Fidel Castro addressing the nonaligned summit conference in Algiers. Behind him is Algerian President Houari Boumedienne.

Day of Disunity at 3d-World Summit

Sihanouk, Castro Clash on Russia

ALGIERS, Sept. 7 (AP).—The Soviet-Chinese rivalry produced a flare-up today in a plenary session of the nonaligned summit conference. The incident was a sharp clash between Cuba's Fidel Castro and exiled Prince Norodom Sihanouk of Cambodia.

In the first such incident at the summit of 76 Third-World nations, the Peking-based Prince Sihanouk interrupted the formal speechmaking to denounce Premier Castro and the Soviet Union for backing the "clique of traitors" of President Lon Nol in Phnom Penh.

But on the third day of the gathering Arab leaders here remained preoccupied with a Palestinian guerrilla group's detention of six Saudi Arabian hostages in a plane at Kuwait airport.

Kuwait's ruler, Emir Sabah el-Salem el-Sabah, conferred almost continuously with King Faisal of Saudi Arabia, President Hafez Assad of Syria and other Arab leaders.

Palestinian guerrilla leader Yassir Arafat publicly disowned the terror group, but Arab sources said that King Faisal refused to receive the guerrilla leader. A source close to King Faisal earlier had described the commando as "terrorists and saboteurs."

Arabs Embarrassed

The Arab rulers were clearly embarrassed by the spectacular demonstration of Arab disunity in the midst of the summit meeting at which they had hoped to rally the black African and Latin American countries to their cause in the Middle East conflict.

Mr. Arafat said that the Kuwait group, which first went into action by seizing the Saudi Embassy in Paris on the opening day of the summit conference Wednesday, had no connection with his Palestine Liberation Organization.

He said at a news conference that his organization "strongly condemned the Saudis' abductors, but he admitted that he did not know the identity of the men involved. He hinted that the guerrilla organization would try them for discrediting the movement if they ever fell into its hands.

Mr. Castro, wearing green battle fatigues, delivered a sweeping denunciation of "American im-

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 3)

Will Act to Protect Rights

Six Major Oil Firms Reject Take-Over of Assets by Libya

LONDON, Sept. 7 (Reuters).—Six international oil companies have firmly rejected Libya's declared take-over of 51 percent of their assets in that country, the Shell International Petroleum Co. said today.

The companies—Atlantic Richfield, Exxon, Mobil, Royal Dutch/Shell, Standard Oil of California and Texaco—said they were prepared to resume negotiations with Libya "to reach a mutually acceptable agreement."

● Arab oil minister warns that crude oil prices will have to be raised. Story Page 11.

The Shell statement said the companies were individually taking arbitration proceedings against the Libyan decree "as being contrary to existing agreements and the principles of international law."

Contrary to Law

The action was also contrary to Libyan contractual law, it said.

"The companies are not willing to accept terms imposed unilaterally in contravention of valid agreements and to which they were not able to agree in negotiations," Shell continued. "Each company individually intends to take such steps as it deems necessary to protect its rights."

The statement said that if the Libyan government curtailed production, the main effect would be reduced supplies of low-sulphur fuel oil. The impact would "undoubtedly have adverse repercussions elsewhere," it said.

The Shell statement said the Libyan decree seizing 51 percent of the companies—with compensation to be decided by a committee to be selected by the government—followed months of negotiations between the two sides.

During these negotiations, the government "consistently rejected the companies' proposals and demanded that the companies agree, under threat of nationalization, to substantially more onerous arrangements," the statement said.

"The compensation aspects of the decree," the statement continued, "clearly emphasize the

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 4)



United Press International.

ATTACK ABORTED—Argentine soldiers and policemen stand guard over guerrillas lying on the sidewalk. They were captured following an abortive assault on an army medical and supply center in Buenos Aires. A colonel was killed during the five-hour battle and 11 of the 50 leftist guerrillas were captured.

Negotiations Stalled

Gunmen Hold Captives In Airliner at Kuwait

From Wire Dispatches

BEIRUT, Lebanon, Sept. 7.—Five Arab gunmen and their Saudi Arabian hostages appeared to have settled down to spending the night in a Boeing-707 on the ground at the Kuwait airport after a day full of inconclusive negotiations, threats, deadlines and changes of mind.

At one point, the guerrillas said they had shot one of the group of hostages, whom they identified as the first secretary of the Saudi Embassy in Paris. They called for an ambulance to be sent, then refused to let the wounded man go unless the crew of the Kuwait Airlines jet—which had left the plane earlier in the day—reboarded the craft. The Middle East News Agency said that the wounded man was taken to a hospital, but later Palestinian and Kuwaiti sources said the shooting was a hoax.

At that point, it was reported, the Kuwait control tower—which had been a center of communication with the terrorists and the site of an emergency cabinet meeting—cut off its contact with the airliner for the night.

The gunmen, reportedly headed by a 35-year-old doctor, were said to have refused negotiations with Palestine Liberation Organization representatives, an appeal to let PLO officials replace the hostages, and the offer of an automobile ride safely to the Iraqi border. Various reported plans to fly the gunmen and hostages to another Arab country did not develop.

These events were the latest in a series that began with the seizure Wednesday of the Paris embassy, a flight to Kuwait last night in a Syrian Arab Airlines Caravelle, and a flight over Saudi Arabia, today during which the terrorists threatened to throw the hostages out of the Boeing-707, to which they had switched in Kuwait.

There have been conflicting reports of the number of hostages aboard. In Paris the Saudi Embassy said today that four Saudi diplomats were the only hostages on the plane. An embassy spokesman said that of 13 persons held captive at the outset of the attack, nine escaped or were freed Wednesday and yesterday. Other reports put the number at six.

Syria Flight Sought

Earlier tonight, the gunmen seeking the release of a jailed Palestinian guerrilla leader reportedly were preparing to fly with their hostages to Syria tonight.

The gunmen were demanding to go to Damascus but it was not certain that the Syrians would again give them a plane and grant them permission to land, as they did last night as the gunmen flew over Damascus on their way from Paris to Kuwait.

The Kuwait airport control tower reported the gunmen sounded nervous as they repeatedly called in their demands mixed with insults, indicating impatience over the way the negotiations were going.

Earlier today, about eight hours after their 1:30 a.m. arrival, the gunmen flew out over Saudi Arabia in the Kuwait Boeing-707 and threatened to throw the hostages out of the plane one by one over the Saudi capital of Riyadh and blow up the plane in midair if Jordan did not release the imprisoned el Fatah leader Abou Daoud.

But Saudi leaders apparently called their bluff and the gunmen angrily returned to Kuwait at 12:30 p.m. to resume bargaining with Kuwait officials.

There they issued a new ultimatum to blow up the plane and the hostages at the Kuwait airport if Abou Daoud was not released by tomorrow morning.

However, Ali Yassin, a representative of the Palestine Liberation Organization, opened negotiations with the gunmen and later told newsmen: "I am optimistic the crisis is easing. The gunmen have agreed to leave Kuwait with the hostages provided a Syrian plane is made available to them."

The official Saudi radio reported that Mr. Yassin had promised them safe conduct to Damascus and that a plane would be prepared. There were unconfirmed reports that he also agreed to accompany them.

During the 26-hour siege of the Paris embassy, the gunmen, who

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 1)

Government Will Appeal

Japan's Self-Defense Forces Declared Unlawful by Judge

By Sam Jameson

TOKYO, Sept. 7.—A District Court judge declared today that the existence of Japan's Self-Defense Forces of 232,560 men was unconstitutional.

The ruling, which shocked the government of Premier Kakuei Tanaka, was handed down by Judge Shigeo Fukushima of the Sapporo District Court in a case brought four years ago by farmers against the construction of a ground-to-air Nike missile base in what earlier had been a forest preserve.

The chief cabinet secretary, Susuku Nikaido, announced immediately that the government would appeal the decision to the High Court. Ultimately, the case was expected to go to the Supreme Court.

"The government is convinced that the Self-Defense Forces are constitutional," he said in a short statement, prepared in advance.



Kakuei Tanaka. NYT.

Tomisaburo Hashimoto, secretary-general of the ruling Liberal-Democratic party, openly accused the judge of making his ruling for ideological reasons. He noted that Judge Fukushima was a leading member of the Young Jurists Association, a left-leaning group of judges and lawyers.

Legal Implications

Unless the higher courts overturn the decision, the government would be legally obliged to abolish Japan's entire defense establishment—and, presumably, the U. S. bases in Japan which house 62,000 troops at present.

It was the first time any Japanese judge had ever ruled directly on the constitutionality of the Self-Defense Forces, whose very name underscored over the years the dilemma posed to leaders of Japan by the constitution imposed during the American occupation after World War II.

Article 9 of the constitution states:

"Aspiring sincerely to an international peace based on justice and order, the Japanese people forever renounce war as a sovereign right of the nation and the threat or use of force as a means of settling international disputes.

"In order to accomplish the aim of the preceding paragraph, land, sea and air forces, as well as other war potential, will never be maintained. The right of belligerency of the state will not be recognized."

The government over the years—and its attorneys in the missile suit—argued that this provision forbids Japan from waging aggressive war but does not rule out the right of self-defense.

© Los Angeles Times.

Denies Drift From Europe

Brandt Attempts to Placate French Fears of Bonn Policy

PARIS, Sept. 7 (UPI).—West German Chancelor Willy Brandt today sought to allay French fears that Bonn will turn its back on the Common Market and chart a neutral course in Europe.

In an interview in the Paris newspaper France-Soir, Mr. Brandt said: "You tell me that there are currently three questions that worry the French:

"Will the Federal Republic turn its back on Europe? Will it draw away from the Common Market? And, particularly, from the agricultural market?"

Mr. Brandt said, "Sincerely, I want to underline that the answer to these three questions is a categorical no."

No Isolated Destiny

"I want to repeat," he said, "what I have often said: Without good and confident relations between France and Germany, we cannot build European union."

Mr. Brandt said that "neutrality is not bad in itself if we think of Sweden, Switzerland or some other countries. But such a possibility does not exist for the Federal Republic or for Western Europe on the whole."

He said West Germany "will not have an isolated destiny. It is solidly bound to the Common Market."

"In certain circles, some people are still haunted by the idea that the Federal Republic—or any other European state—could lead a policy of rapprochement toward the West or the East," Mr. Brandt said.

"I don't know if in the past it was possible to think such a choice existed. What I do know is that today it is not possible. And even less for the Federal Republic than for another country."

France's minister of agriculture, Jacques Chirac, recently set off a crossfire of criticism between Paris and Bonn when he said in an interview, "Germany worries me because it is keeping its distance from Europe."

EEC 9 Increase Consultation on Foreign Policies

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 7 (AP).—The European Economic Community today announced plans for increased political consultation between member countries and for a special communications network linking their foreign ministries.

The decisions were made public in a report on a meeting that EEC foreign ministers held here last month. The meeting's decisions were approved by the nine member governments.

The foreign ministers decided to meet four times instead of twice a year. Daily contact will be maintained over a special teleprinter circuit.

Danish Foreign Minister Knud B. Andersen, current chairman of the ministerial sessions, emphasized that the organizational improvements do not change the informal, noninstitutional nature of the cooperation.

Last year's Paris summit meeting of EEC heads of government called for a start toward achieving political unity by the end of this decade, and today's report was considered a small step in that direction.

Justification for Extralegal Acts

Dayan Says Arabs' Rome Plot Shows Israel's Special Needs

TEL AVIV, Sept. 7 (AP).—Defense Minister Moshe Dayan said yesterday that the arrest in Rome of five Arab guerrillas armed with sophisticated Russian-made rocket launchers underscored the necessity for Israel to go outside international law to defend itself.

Gen. Dayan said that the Rome discovery showed that the guerrillas were supplied with modern weapons from Arab countries and at least indirectly from the Soviet Union. His remarks at a public meeting were reported by the state radio.

The minister said the seizure of the heat-seeking rockets Wednesday was a serious development in the Israeli war against the guerrillas. But he added he did not think it would arouse world indignation like Israel's detouring of a Lebanese plane that it searched for Arab guerilla leaders last month.

"We cannot employ the same tactics as the terrorists and we will not allow the operation of private individuals in our defense," he was quoted as saying.

"Israel acts in the open as a responsible and ordered state," he added.

Gen. Dayan said that the rockets seized in Italy were "very effective weapons and they were aimed primarily at El Al," Israel's national airline. Reports from Rome said that the captured guerrillas confessed under interrogation that they planned to launch the rockets at an El Al plane.

"There is no effective way to hunt terrorists except on their breeding ground, even if this means transgressing conventional codes," Gen. Dayan said.

He added that the countries allowing the guerrillas to train and to operate freely "must be held responsible."

Israeli, U.S. Tip-Offs

ROME, Sept. 7 (NYT).—A tip-off from Israeli security services led to the discovery and arrest of the Arab terrorist group, Italian newspapers reported.

According to airport officials, another warning had come from the Federal Aviation Administration of the United States. A secret circular from the agency on Aug. 31 cautioned Italian authorities that within two weeks Palestinian terrorists might try to sabotage jetliners in airports or during takeoff.

Sources close to the judicial inquiry into the plot stated yesterday that it was uncovered just in time Wednesday, thanks to collaboration of security organizations "on the international level."

Investigators are trying to find out whether the five Arabs of the alleged commando group, who are now in prison, had accomplices in this country, and how the equipment they had planned to use reached Rome.

Two missile launchers, fully operational with rockets, were seized in a police raid on a two-room apartment that one of the five Arabs had rented for the month at the Roman beach suburb of Ostia, five miles southwest of Rome's international airport at Fiumicino.

The four other suspects had been observed moving the heavy equipment into the Ostia apartment Tuesday night, authorities said.

Security officials believe that the missile launchers were smuggled into this country component by component, possibly across the frontier with Yugoslavia, where controls are superficial at the height of the travel season.

The Arab who had rented the Ostia apartment told interrogators that two friends of his, Somalis, had asked him to store two large packages that he thought contained rolled-up rugs.

Arab Gunmen Hold Captives At Kuwait

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have identified themselves only as Palestinians from Jordan, issued a series of deadlines in which they threatened to kill their hostages if Abou Daoud were not released or if they were not provided safe conduct out of France.

Syrian President Hafez Assad, attending the Algerian nonaligned nations' conference, intervened and put the Syrian Caravelle at their disposal. They flew last night to Kuwait after a refueling stop in Cairo.

New Plane

In Kuwait, the gunmen were given the Boeing-707 in which they flew out over Saudi Arabia.

On their return three hours later, the gunmen said that the Riyadh airport control tower refused to answer their radio messages.

But a Saudi radio broadcast said that the interior minister, Prince Fahd Bin Abdel Aziz, sent the plane a message saying that the "release of Abou Daoud is beyond Saudi Arabia's jurisdiction and power."

He appealed to them to spare the lives of the hostages and said Saudi Arabia would "hold them responsible for any harm that befalls" the hostages.

The prince was quoted as saying: "I feel great pain seeing Saudi Arabia's sincere services to the Arab cause and the guerrilla movement rewarded with deeds that only serve the enemies of the Arab nation, of Islam and of the honest guerrilla movement."

Diplomat Tells of Leap

PARIS, Sept. 7 (Reuters).—The protocol chief of the Saudi Embassy said here last night he jumped from a window yesterday to escape from the guerrillas who had told him he would be the first to be "executed" if their demands were not met.

Hassan Ifsan, a 56-year-old Egyptian, said in a radio interview from his hospital bed, where he was recovering from minor injuries, that the guerrillas had tied his hands behind his back.

"At 1930, one of the gunmen told me to come near the window and said I would be the first to die," he said.

"I thought I should try to escape but first of all, I had to free my hands. I really thought that by jumping I would save my life . . .

"I managed to free my hands and pushed the man who was holding a pistol and jumped. I landed on the pavement and immediately lost consciousness."

Justice Douglas, 74, Reported 'Doing Fine'

SEATTLE, Sept. 7 (UPI).—Supreme Court Justice William O. Douglas, 74, was "doing fine" today after being hospitalized for a gastrointestinal disorder on his return from a three-week visit to China, a hospital spokesman said.

The justice was hospitalized yesterday afternoon, shortly after his flight from Tokyo landed here. Officials at the University of Washington Hospital said that Mr. Douglas was "doing fine and his condition is stable." His illness was described as a common one for travelers.



United Press International.

GETTING AT THE SOURCE—Policemen in a rowboat cut the steel wires of a polluted shellfish bed off the Naples coast. Magistrates ordered illegal shellfish beds destroyed, blaming mussels for the cholera epidemic which broke out in the area.

But New Cases Are Declining

Another Death in Naples Laid to Cholera

ROME, Sept. 7 (Reuters).—Italy's cholera outbreak claimed another victim today—a 70-year-old woman from Naples, where the disease struck first.

The national death toll remained at 19, however, because of the correction of a mistaken diagnosis on an earlier victim. But it could rise to 21 if tests confirm that two other persons who died in Naples were killed by the disease.

Prof. Gaetano di Stefano, chief medical officer of the Rome area, said the danger of an epidemic in the capital appeared to have been averted. But he warned that the virus was still about and residents should continue health precautions laid down by the authorities.

In both Naples and Rome, hospital admissions of suspected cholera cases continued to drop, while in Bari the situation remained static.

Presidential Visit

President Giovanni Leone today visited the worst hit areas, Naples and Bari, and visited hospitals where cases are being treated.

In Cotugno Hospital in Naples, Mr. Leone spent more than an hour touring the wards where confirmed cases were being treated.

In Cagliari, Sardinia, two more confirmed cases of cholera were reported, for a total of four there.

Official statements on the disease are now generally positive, but a leading doctor in Naples was less optimistic and suggested the whole nation should be vaccinated. The doctor, Prof. Marcello Piazza, head of Naples Infectious Diseases Clinic, told the Naples daily Il Mattino that the virus was far more widespread than generally thought and could spread to a number of other cities.

In Naples, an Italian Navy minesweeper was dragging out the long steel cables on which fishermen cultivate mussels, and dumping them out in deep water.

Ecology Minister Achille Corona, in a statement today, blamed "polluted seas and dirty cities" for the cholera. "Particularly in the Mediterranean, the breaking point between man and his environment is now close," he added.

Sihanouk and Castro Tangle In Day of Disunity at Summit

(Continued from Page 1)

perialism" throughout the world and singled out the Soviet Union as the nonaligned countries' best friend.

'Sabotage' Smiled At

All light went out in the conference hall while Mr. Castro spoke. With a grin, he blamed the five-minute power failure on "imperialist sabotage."

Criticizing Third-World governments seeking to maintain a neutral posture between the superpowers, Mr. Castro said they forgot "the glorious, heroic services rendered to humanity by the Soviet people . . . To alienate the friendship of the Socialist camp would be to weaken ourselves and remain at the mercy of American imperialism. It would be an act of colossal political shortsightedness."

He warned the summit against accepting Brazil, Bolivia and Uruguay as full members of the nonaligned movement. All three have observers at the conference. The Cuban leader denounced Brazil as "an enclave of American imperialism" and Uruguay as a "fascist dictatorship."

Mr. Castro praised North Vietnam and the Viet Cong but ignored Sihanouk, who sat on the opposite side of the hall as Cambodia's "chief of state."

Immediately after Mr. Castro's speech, Prince Sihanouk demanded the right to reply. The chairman, Algeria's President Houari Boumedienne, told him that he had already spoken and three times denied him the floor. But faced with the prince's shrill insistence, Mr. Boumedienne gave way and allowed him to speak.

"We fully respect the Soviet Union, but we cannot understand why Moscow maintains diplomatic relations with the clique of traitors of Lon Nol with whom we are locked in a liberation struggle," Prince Sihanouk shouted across the hall at Mr. Castro.

The Cuban premier chewed furiously at his cigar but made no reply.

Nguyen Huu Tho, president of the Viet Cong's Provisional Revolutionary Government, was the next speaker and stressed the Viet Cong's solidarity with Prince Sihanouk's dissident forces.

In backstage committee discussion of resolutions to be adopted by the chiefs of state, the Commonwealth countries, led by India, Malaysia and Nigeria, spearheaded widespread opposition to an Algerian suggestion that the nonaligned countries should set up a permanent organization.

The summit meeting was expected to end late tomorrow.

Rhodesia Stiffens Anti-Terror Law

SALISBURY, Rhodesia, Sept. 7 (Reuters).—A bill introduced in Parliament today would establish the death penalty as punishment for harboring guerrillas, failing to report their presence, for undergoing guerrilla training or recruiting people for such training. It is expected that the bill will become law in about a week.

The bill, to amend the Law and Order Act, was introduced by Minister of Justice Desmond Lardner-Burke. Twenty years' imprisonment is now the maximum penalty for the crimes cited in the amendment.

The bill also would increase the maximum penalty for terrorism or sabotage from 30 years' imprisonment or death to life imprisonment or death. It also would enable the justice minister to ban any gathering for 12 months and would extend the law penalizing the destructive use of explosives so that it would cover railroad lines, roads and airport runways.

2 More Indictments In Houston Slayings

HOUSTON, Sept. 7 (AP).—A grand jury yesterday returned two more indictments against one of two teen-agers charged with murder in the homosexual torture killings of 27 youths.

Elmer Wayne Henley, 17, was named in two indictments charging him with the murder of Homer Garcia, 15, and Frank Anthony Aguirre, 19.

Henley now has been named in six murder indictments. Four have been returned against David Owen Brookes, 18. Both are scheduled to be arraigned Oct. 8.

Six Major Oil Firms Reject Take-Over of Assets by Libya

(Continued from Page 1)

arbitrary and confiscatory nature of the Libyan government action.

"The experience of enterprises nationalized in Libya provides little evidence that the Libyan government would respect the rights of the companies.

"The companies individually have taken, or will take, steps to institute arbitration proceedings against this action as being contrary to existing agreements and the principles of international law," it said.

Inaccurate Reports

TRIPOLI, Libya, Sept. 7 (AP-DJ).—Widely published reports indicating that Libya plans to raise the price of crude oil to $6 a barrel are inaccurate, an examination of relevant documents shows.

Premier Abdel Salam Jalloud was quoted by the official Arab Revolution News Agency (ARNA) as having said during a press conference Sunday that Libya "would double the price of oil, to $6 a barrel." However, a search of the Arabic and English transcripts of the press conference has failed to turn up any such reference.

Mr. Jalloud did say that Libya's revenue per barrel had doubled in the last few years, to almost $5 for some of the crude being sold by the Libyan National Oil Corp.

ARNA also quoted Mr. Jalloud as saying that Libya produced 4.6 million barrels of oil a day before the September, 1969, revolution. The quote was correct, but Mr. Jalloud was apparently mistaken. Oil Ministry records indicate that Libya's record production was an average of 3.7 million barrels a day in April, 1970.

Production late last month, following officially imposed export curbs, averaged 1.9 million barrels a day

Brazil's Anniversary

BRASILIA, Sept. 7 (UPI).—Brazil's military regime today showed off its strength in marking the 151st anniversary of the country's independence. About 25,000 persons here witnessed a parade featuring 12 newly acquired Mirage jets,

U.S.-Soviet Link For Health Data

MOSCOW, Sept. 7 (AP).—Health, Education and Welfare Secretary Casper W. Weinberger completed a nine-day visit to the Soviet Union today and announced a Telex link between Washington and Moscow to speed exchange of health information.

Mr. Weinberger's visit was to review progress made on the one-year-old Soviet-American agreement to cooperate in medical science and public health.

At a news conference, Mr. Weinberger and Boris V. Petrovsky, Soviet health minister, agreed that progress had been made on cooperation to fight heart disease and cancer and to work together on environmental health questions.

Mr. Weinberger said the Telex link had "great symbolic significance," but also would permit scientists to exchange important information such as the effectiveness of experimental cancer drugs.

His Moscow Trip Canceled

Grass Fears Use of Détente To Suppress Right of Dissent

BERLIN, Sept. 7 (AP).—Günter Grass has lashed out against any compromise of the right to express dissenting views as a price for an easing of tensions between East and West.

The German writer scathingly rejected the reasons behind the cancellation by the West German ambassador in Moscow of his long-planned trip to the Soviet capital this week.

In an interview, Mr. Grass made it clear he still endorses fully the policies of détente pursued by Chancellor Willy Brandt.

But he must speak out, he said, because of the danger he thinks is stalking such Soviet dissidents as writer Alexander T. Solzhenitsyn and physicist Andrei D. Sakharov.

Mr. Grass will go to the United States Sept. 16 in connection with the publishing there of his latest book, "Diary of a Snail," and to attend the opening of the United Nations General Assembly.

Chancellor Brandt will address the UN session as both East and West Germany become full-fledged members, a direct result of the policies that Mr. Brandt has launched since coming to power in 1969.

Mr. Grass spoke freely on a wide range of topics, but with a heavy emphasis on political interpretation and the obligation of writers living in freedom to speak out because many of their colleagues in other places often cannot.

Bonn Backs Envoy

Mr. Grass said he was to have conducted an evening of literary reading Sept. 4 in Moscow, an invitation by some Russian writers passed on to him last December by West German Ambassador Ulrich Sahm. Then on Sept. 2, he said, Mr. Sahm cabled him that he should not come at this time because of the nervousness in the Soviet capital resulting from the conflict between Soviet authorities and their domestic critics.

The writer subsequently made both the original telegram and his reply to the Bonn Foreign Ministry public. The Foreign Ministry had backed Mr. Sahm's action.

"There no longer is an invitation for me," he declared. For the future, he added, "Heinrich Böll and I would like to take a private trip and visit colleagues there and inform ourselves and if necessary also take a position concerning what we would learn and which should be brought to public attention."

Mr. Böll is a Nobel Prize winner for literature. He and Mr. Grass are the two most prominent West German writers to emerge after World War II.

Mr. Grass described public support for Mr. Solzhenitsyn and Mr. Sakharov and the other Soviet civil rights dissidents "as an obligation to colleagues of the first order."

Problems Not Isolated

"But there is more to it," he declared.

"Because what Solzhenitsyn and Sakharov say does not only affect the Soviet Union. We no longer can see our problems isolated within national frameworks . . . Both great powers—United States and Soviet Union—are in a crisis that they apparently cannot overcome. This must be seen out of a pure sense of survival.

"It is apparent that the United States has not mastered the effects and after effects of the Vietnam war, which makes the vulnerability of the system in the United States clear.

"It is apparent that the Soviet Union, 50 years after the October Revolution, no longer is able to find a way out of the corset of Stalinism, out of the methods of Stalinism. Although it is a great and powerful country that has accomplished much, it does not extend to its own citizens even that measure of critique and self-presentation that certainly would be appropriate for a Socialist society.

On Détente

He emphasized that it is not only on the Communist side where purely power politics are played. Referring to the recent meeting in the United States of President Nixon and Soviet leader Leonid I. Brezhnev, he said, "When I see how these two Victorians slap each other's arms, I do not get a good feeling." He continued:

"This cannot be the meaning of a policy of an easing of tensions. This way there is in the foreground a main thrust of economic agreement with some agreements on atomic armaments. But that which policies of an easing of tensions should bring . . . more information between the blocs, more freedom to do what one likes, more cultural contacts are put in the background.

"Worse still, cultural politics become the compromise food for the economic agreements and questions of security. That is why for me, the way it occurred the meeting between Nixon and Breshnev is more of a depressing sign because here the two great powers, who are both in a crisis for different reasons, fall upon each other's arms with agreements done at the expense of others."



Günter Grass

Sakharov Says Wide Publicity Prevents Action Against Him

ROTTERDAM, Sept. 7 (UPI).—Dissident scientist Andrei D. Sakharov said in an interview published today that he thinks the worldwide publicity he has received will prevent the Soviet government from taking action against him.

"I think that the world will save me," he said.

The newspaper Algemeen Dagblad said it interviewed Mr. Sakharov, a renowned nuclear physicist, by telephone in Moscow.

Asked whether he was afraid because of the official condemnation he has received since he openly criticized the Soviet system, Mr. Sakharov told the newspaper he was no more afraid than before.

"I do not believe that something will happen to me," he said in the interview. "The whole world is watching me. I know that newspapers all over the world are watching me. I know that newspapers all over the world are writing about me, that they are supporting me. I think that the world will save me."

Asked how he was standing up under the critical pressure, Mr. Sakharov said:

"My condition is not bad. I read newspapers and look around me for what happens. But I also hope my condition will become better than it presently is."

He also shrugged off criticism by Soviet composers Aram Khachaturian and Dimitri Shostakovitch who recently signed statements condemning the nuclear scientist and fellow dissident Alexander I. Solzhenitsyn, a Nobel Prize-winning novelist.

"All protests in our country are a result of tradition," he said in the interview. "Those statements are definitely not good for me. However, I think they are even worse for them. They have booked a very uncomfortable victory."

The newspaper said Mr. Sakharov spoke in faulty German and coughed throughout the interview.

Asked if it is dangerous for him to talk with foreigners, the scientist said: "Not at all. I talk with foreigners every day. Only the telephone it is a bit more difficult but otherwise I have no trouble on that score."

Mr. Sakharov said, "I do not know and I could not care less" when asked if he thought the telephone interview was being monitored by Soviet authorities, the newspaper said.

Calif. Assembly Moves to Renew Death Penalty

SACRAMENTO, Sept. 7.—The State Assembly yesterday approved legislation to restore the mandatory death penalty in California for 11 specific types of first-degree murder.

The action, which followed a two-hour debate, virtually assures restoration of capital punishment, which was struck down earlier by State and U.S. Supreme Court decisions.

A referendum known as Proposition 17, which allowed the legislature to restore the death penalty, was approved by a margin of 2-to-1 by voters in November. A 52-to-25 Assembly vote sent the capital punishment bill back to the State Senate for its expected agreement with certain amendments.

Gov. Ronald Reagan has said that he would sign such a measure into law in response to the passage of Proposition 17 by the electorate. It would be effective on Jan. 1.

The bill provides for the mandatory death penalty for 11 crimes, including murder of an on-duty police officer, multiple slayings, murder-for-hire, murder to prevent a witness to a crime from testifying, murder by a person who has a prior first-degree murder conviction and murders connected with robbery, kidnapping, rape, burglary, lewd acts with children under 14 and train-wrecking that results in death.

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Tax Fraud Denied By Wildenstein

PARIS, Sept. 7 (AP).— Art dealer Daniel Wildenstein today denied charges of tax fraud made by the French Finance Ministry.

The Finance Ministry said Tuesday that legal proceedings had started against Mr. Wildenstein, 55, member of an art-dealing family with gallery branches in New York and London. His home is in Switzerland.

In a statement, Mr. Wildenstein said that the tax authorities have never questioned his tax position or made any demands for payment, and that he had no professional activity in France which would produce taxable revenues.

German Flights Late; Slowdown in 100th Day

FRANKFURT, Sept. 7 (AP).—Commercial flights were delayed an average of one hour at major West German airports today as the nationwide flight controllers' slowdown entered its 100th day.

"We have no reason to change our position of working strictly according to regulations," said Wolfgang Kassebohm, chairman of the Federation of German Flight Controllers.

The flight controllers began their work-to-rule slowdown last May to press demands for better wages and working conditions and improved equipment.

Hannah Resigns As AID Director

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7 (AP).—John A. Hannah is resigning as director of the Agency for International Development and Daniel Parker of the Parker pen firm will be nominated to succeed him, the White House announced today.

Mr. Hannah, 70, former president of Michigan State University, has directed the agency since 1969. His resignation will be effective Sept. 30, the White House said.

Mr. Parker, 48, is board chairman of the Janesville, Wis., pen company and has been with the firm since 1950.

132 Israeli Passports Stolen in Tel Aviv

TEL AVIV, Sept. 7 (UPI).—Police said today that 132 Israeli passports were stolen three days ago from the Italian Consulate and cited the possibility that Arab guerrillas may have engineered the theft.

A consulate secretary told police that the consulate was burglarized when the offices were closed. Police said nothing else was stolen.

The Israeli documents were in the Italian Consulate in connection with routine visa applications from Israelis.

Joint Church Unit Reaches Accord On the Ministry

LONDON, Sept. 7 (AP).—A joint Catholic and Anglican theologians have agreed on the meaning and purpose of the Christian ministry, apparently removing a major obstacle to harmony between the two churches.

The agreement was announced today by an international commission appointed by Pope Paul VI and the Most Rev. Michael Ramsey, the Archbishop of Canterbury and spiritual head of the Anglican church. Each church will now consider the accord separately.

"Among the subjects studied were the role of the ordained ministry in the life of the Christian community, its priestly nature, ordination and apostolic succession," a commission statement said.

The agreement appeared to be a step toward Roman Catholic recognition of Anglican ministers as validly ordained priests. A papal bull issued in 1896 refused such recognition and strained relations between the two churches. The commission reached substantial agreement in 1973 on questions of holy communion and the mass. The question of papal infallability is said to be next on the churches' agenda.

WEATHER

	C	F	
ALGARVE	—	—	Unavailable
AMSTERDAM	20	68	Cloudy
ANKARA	25	77	Fair
ATHENS	29	84	Fair
BEIRUT	28	84	Cloudy
BELGRADE	29	84	Fair
BERLIN	20	68	Cloudy
BRUSSELS	24	75	Cloudy
BUDAPEST	30	86	Cloudy
CAIRO	29	84	Cloudy
CASABLANCA	25	77	Cloudy
COPENHAGEN	19	66	Clear
COSTA DEL SOL	29	84	Cloudy
DUBLIN	21	70	Cloudy
EDINBURGH	21	70	Sunny
FLORENCE	32	90	Cloudy
FRANKFURT	27	81	Clear
GENEVA	25	77	Cloudy
ISTANBUL	24	75	Cloudy
LAS PALMAS	25	77	Clear
LISBON	23	73	Cloudy
LONDON	22	72	Clear
MADRID	25	77	Cloudy
MILAN	28	82	Cloudy
MONTREAL	17	62	Sunny
MOSCOW	13	55	Cloudy
MUNICH	27	81	Clear
NEW YORK	28	82	Sunny
NICE	27	81	Fair
OSLO	19	66	Cloudy
PARIS	29	84	Clear
PRAGUE	30	86	Cloudy
ROME	29	84	Fair
SOFIA	25	77	Cloudy
STOCKHOLM	18	64	Cloudy
TEHRAN	36	88	Cloudy
TEL AVIV	30	86	Cloudy
TUNIS	30	86	Fair
VENICE	30	86	Fair
VIENNA	26	79	Fair
WARSAW	25	77	Cloudy
WASHINGTON	23	73	Sunny
ZURICH	25	77	Cloudy

(Yesterday's readings: U.S., Can. as 1700 GMT, others as 1200 GMT)

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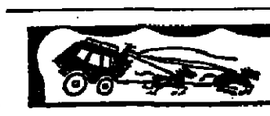
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estioned on Wiretapping

ssinger Tells Senate Panel Will Work With Congress

By Fred Farris

SHINGTON, Sept. 7 (IHT). y A. Kissinger went to l Hill today pledging to closely with Congress and ica's allies as secretary of to shape a "new world" of e but ran into intense Senate tioning about wiretapping of White House aides.

so senators, including For- Relations Chairman J. Wil- Fulbright, D., Ark., hinted his confirmation as secre- might be delayed until the gave the committee a report he wiretaps.

timate Senate confirmation e 50-year-old Kissinger, who 1/2 years as President Nixon's onal security adviser has not fied before a congressional mittee, is virtually certain. ll senators on the Foreign tions Committee busily ques- ed the German-born former vard professor about wire- ing of White House aides newsmen in an effort to news leaks.

General Attempt

r. Kissinger declined to tell committee the results of the hone tapping of his aides, ch began in 1969, although acknowledged it was part of neral White House attempt to who was leaking sensitive rmation to the press.

aps reportedly had been put elephones of 13 government ials and four journalists be- n May, 1969, and February,

nder persistent questioning, Kissinger said some leaks n his own staff were discover- and "appropriate action was n." But he said, "I would er not to go into individual s" —even in closed session. e said his office had been re- ed to name those officials had access to leaked informa- after then Attorney General n N. Mitchell and the late director, J. Edgar Hoover, assured President Nixon the were legal and the best to plug the leaks. He said leaks to the press involved ussions within the high-level ional Security Council, emer- cy contingency planning and ific military operations.

r. Kissinger, whom President on nominated Aug. 22 to suc- William P. Rogers as sec- y of state, said it was up to FBI and the Justice Depart- nt whether to make a wiretap report available to the Senate committee.

Sen. Fulbright said he previously had asked for a written summary the FBI had made on the taps but was turned down.

Sen. Clifford P. Case, R., N.J., told Mr. Kissinger that if the FBI report was withheld, "it should be clear the committee will not be in a position to act on [your] nomination."

Sen. Fulbright said he agreed with that.

But Sen. George D. Aiken, of Vermont, ranking Republican on the panel and dean of GOP senators, urged that the committee not delay Mr. Kissinger's nomination, noting that his presence will be required at the United Nations when the world body convenes at the end of this month.

Today's session—Mr. Kissinger's first performance in a Capitol Hill hearing—was held in the Senate Caucus Room, the chamber used by the Watergate committee in its televised public inquiry. A crowd of spectators watched.

The secretary-designate opened his testimony with a six-page statement in which he said that, although the administration disagrees with Congress' order halting U.S. bombing of Cambodia, "it will not attempt to circumvent it."

In a plain effort to win support from the Senate critics of administration foreign policy, he said, "Our task is to define—together—the contours of a new world and to shape America's contribution to it . . .

"With goodwill on all sides, I deeply believe we can reach this goal."

Pledging to seek advice from many segments of the nation, he said, "Our foreign policy cannot be effective if it reflects only the sporadic and esoteric initiatives of a small group of specialists."

Then, meeting head-on an issue that has sparked criticism of the administration claim of executive privilege, which prevented Mr. Kissinger from testifying in the past, he said:

"I shall be prepared to testify formally on all my activities. In other words, I shall testify with respect to all matters traditionally covered by secretaries of state and on my duties as assistant to the President concerning interdepartmental issues.

"I will not claim executive privilege in either capacity except for the one area customarily invoked by cabinet officers, that is, direct communications with the President or the actual deliberations of the National Security Council."

In naming Mr. Kissinger to be secretary of state, Mr. Nixon said he would also remain the President's national security adviser. The President said this would improve cooperation between the White House and State Department on foreign policy.

Delicate Initiatives

Mr. Kissinger noted that in the last four years "there were many delicate initiatives that required a high degree of secrecy and concentration of effort." He was a key figure in negotiations to end the Vietnam war, opening the channel between Washington and Peking and improving relations with Moscow.

"Crucial foundations were laid" during that time, he said, for a permanent structure of peace which future administrations would inherit.

With that period now behind, he said, "it is the President's objective to make policy more accessible to the scrutiny and the views of Congress."

While the administration "cannot give up basic principles," he said, "we shall work to shape a broad consensus on our national goals and to confine differences to tactical issues."

He also told the senators: "We shall work constructively and openly with our partners in Europe and Japan to give new impetus to associations based on shared purposes and ideals."

He made these other points:

● There is hope the arms race can be halted and the armament burden reduced because of new relations developed with China and the Soviet Union.

● The United States faces unprecedented issues transcending borders and ideologies. He urged world cooperation in fighting shortages of food and energy.

● He was hopeful about American prospects in the world despite traumatic events at home which "have cast lengthening shadows on our traditional optimism and self-esteem."

Mr. Kissinger added: "Where once a soaring optimism tempted us to dare too much, a shrinking spirit could lead us to attempt too little. Such an attitude—and the foreign policy it would produce—would deal a savage blow to global stability."

MA Leader ndicted in und Misuse

ASHINGTON, Sept. 7 (AP). he board chairman of the erican Medical Association l five other North Carolina n were indicted by a federal nd jury today on charges of application of bank funds in onspiracy involving nearly $1.8 lion.

r. John Robert Kernodle of lington, N.C., the AMA chair- n and formerly board chair- n of the North State Bank Burlington, was charged in indictments returned in U.S. trict Court in Winston-Salem,

r. Kernodle and Norman tham Smith, former president the North State Bank and former member of the North olina State Banking Commis- n, were accused of conspiring obtain unsound indirect loans their own interests.

hey were accused of misap- ng $506,000 in bank funds for se loans.

r. Kernodle, 58, and three of others were charged in a 19- nt indictment with conspir- to make such loans for their interests, paying bank funds checks which had insufficient ds to back them and de- uding the United States by sumventing government bank- regulations.

he four were charged with ring out more than $137,000 in cks on overdrawn accounts l with issuing $639,000 in un- nd loans.

The maximum penalty upon viction on each count of mis- plying bank funds is five years prison and a $10,000 fine, and same penalties apply for each spiracy count.

raeli Exhibit Bombed

ERLIN, Sept. 7 (UPI).—A all home-made bomb exploded the Israel stand at the inter- tional radio and television ex- bition tonight and damaged ipment, police said. There were injuries. A police spokesman d officiers found a second bomb den in a wastepaper basket se to the stand.



United Press International

KEEPING MUM—Donald Nixon (right), brother of the President, waves off a newsman with a "no comment," refusing to talk about the tapping of his phone.

Concerning Surveillance of His Brother

Nixon, Secret Service Differ on Wiretap

By James M. Naughton

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7 (NYT). —Despite a White House statement yesterday that any Secret Service wiretap on the telephone of the President's brother would have "related to the protective function" of the agency, a Secret Service spokesman said later that the brother would not have been covered under the service's protective mission.

The agency spokesman said that the Secret Service has legal authority to provide security services for a President and his "immediate family," which would not include the brother, F. Donald Nixon.

The conflicting statements followed a Washington Post report that President Nixon had once directed the Secret Service to monitor the telephone conversations of his brother, a businessman whose activities have sometimes caused political problems for the President.

[The President's brother, 58, who reportedly was under electronic surveillance for more than a year, refused to comment yesterday when reached by newsmen, the Associated Press said. He is the vice-president of a hotel chain. In 1961, he filed a bankruptcy petition listing his debts as totaling $206,000. He had received a $205,000 loan from Howard Hughes in 1956.]

The reports were confirmed by an official of the Senate Watergate committee who said that its investigators had obtained the same information from a White House employee.

The committee official said that the matter was not being pursued by the panel, however, because it appeared to be outside the specific jurisdiction of the select committee and "it only confirmed a pattern that we already knew existed. We knew they didn't trust one another."

Sen. Joseph M. Montoya, D., N.M., called the allegations "alarming" in a letter he sent yesterday afternoon to James J. Rowley, the Secret Service director. The senator said that in his view the wiretapping would have been "outside the scope of Secret Service responsibility for the physical protection of the President."

Sen. Montoya is a member of the Watergate committee and is chairman of the Senate Appropriations subcommittee which has jurisdiction over the Secret Service. In the latter capacity, Sen. Montoya asked Mr. Rowley to supply him with "complete details" of any electronic surveillance undertaken by the Secret Service, including the number of taps, the duration, the reasons for them and the statutory authority for having maintained them.

Neither the White House nor the Secret Service would comment specifically on the allegations.

Talk With Nixon

Gerald L. Warren, the White House deputy press secretary, told newsmen that he had discussed the report with the President. While Mr. Warren said he could not comment directly, he declared that he was "certain that any monitoring of the President's immediate family by the Secret Service would have related to the protective function of the Secret Service."

A spokesman for the agency declined to comment directly on the report. Asked to define the authority of the Secret Service, the spokesman said that it was outlined in Section 3056 of Title 18 of the United States Code, which provides for the security of a President and "his immediate family."

Asked whether a brother or an in-law would qualify legally as part of the President's "immediate family," the Secret Service official said that the best reply would be to list those who currently are considered to warrant the agency's protection. He said that the list was limited to Mr. Nixon, his wife and their two daughters, Tricia Nixon Cox and Julia Nixon Eisenhower.

Murderers Rarely Repeat Crime, Convict Wrote, and Then He Did

TRENTON, N.J., Sept. 7 (AP).—"The chance of most murderers repeating the offense are quite low," wrote Wesley Meininger.

At the time, two months ago, Meininger was serving a state prison sentence for manslaughter and was part of an inmate detail working at the governor's mansion.

He wrote the words in a letter to a Trenton newspaper in defense of work-release programs for prisoners.

Wednesday, Meininger was held without bail on charges that he took a hatchet and killed a man on Sunday while out on his first weekend pass from the Jones State Prison Farm near Trenton.

Meininger, 39, was arraigned accused of killing John J. Lenihan, 66, in a dispute over a woman.

The convict accused Mr. Lenihan of having an affair with the woman that Meininger was fond of, a prison spokesman said.

Meininger gave himself up to a newspaper reporter on Monday. Mr. Lenihan's body was discovered in his Trenton apartment Sunday.

In his letter, Meininger had written:

"If the governor isn't worried about having a murderer working in his household and around his family, do you feel there is much for the public to be concerned about?"

Nixon Softens His Criticism Of Congress, Sees Mansfield

By Spencer Rich

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7 (WP). —In an apparent gesture of conciliation toward Congress, President Nixon met with Senate Majority Leader Mike Mansfield, D., Mont., today and substantially softened his earlier criticism of the legislative record.

The embattled President drew sharp Democratic criticism Wednesday, when he charged Congress with "a very disappointing performance" so far this year.

Today, in what appeared to be an effort to placate the lawmakers and open the way for a better relationship, Mr. Nixon had breakfast with Sen. Mansfield and sought to take the sting out of his Wednesday statement, according to Sen. Mansfield.

He said the President explained that in expressing his disappointment Wednesday, "he wasn't referring to the overall record of Congress, which he thought was quite good. He was thinking of his own specific proposals" on energy and other subjects.

The Democratic leader, who has been among the President's sharpest critics on the Vietnam war and many other issues, said he regarded the President's comments to him yesterday as "an omen, a prelude to better and closer relations between Congress and the White House."

He said he thought the President's remarks definitely conveyed the sense that Mr. Nixon wants to hold out the hand of conciliation to Congress.

The meeting between the two men was the first private breakfast meeting they have had in several months. Earlier in Mr. Nixon's term, the two customarily met for breakfast about once a month. Sen. Mansfield said: "He looked better than I've seen him in a long time. Better than I had anticipated. He didn't look well [on TV] in California, he looked better last Wednesday [on TV] and better still today."

Many observers consider an improvement of the President's relations with Congress essential if Mr. Nixon is to restore some of the strength he has lost as a result of the Watergate scandal.

Further Meetings

Sen. Mansfield said that Mr. Nixon mentioned the desirability of further meetings. The President is to meet shortly with Speaker of the House Carl Albert, D., Okla., and the majority leader, Thomas P. (Tip) O'Neill Jr., D., Mass.

Mr. Nixon's comments on Congress's record particularly irritated Democrats, who interpreted them as indicating a presidential intention to kick Democrats around in public statements while sending his subordinates to Capitol Hill to talk cooperation.

Both Democrats and Republicans in the Senate said privately that what will really count is not conciliatory statements by the President and aides such as White House adviser Melvin R. Laird, but evidence of a willingness to reach fair compromises on specific legislation issues.

One of the first major tests, several sources said, could come on the minimum wage bill.

Pay Bill Veto

Yesterday, the President vetoed as inflationary and excessive a union-backed bill raising the minimum wage from $1.60 an hour to $2.20 and extending minimum-wage coverage to seven million workers.

Assuming the veto is sustained in the House, as expected, the question will then be whether the administration will be willing to make real concessions to work out a compromise bill that the President will sign, or will hold out for its bill or nothing.

"The White House has told us that the President isn't seeking confrontations and really wants cooperation with Congress," a Senate Republican said. "We'll find out whether they mean it as we work on each piece of legislation in controversy."

Soviet Vessel Seized in U.S.

BOSTON, Sept. 7 (AP).—U.S. marshals seized the Soviet ship Belogorsk today as it arrived in Woods Hole Harbor. The seizure was authorized by a federal judge.

The order was issued in U.S. District Court yesterday in a suit filed by Deep Ocean Products Co., a lobstering firm based at Boston's Fish Pier.

Deep Ocean asked for $97,000 in damages, charging that the Belogorsk was part of a 30-ship Soviet fleet which cut 16 lobster lines in 1971 off the continental shelf. The ship reportedly has been taking part in a joint U.S.-Soviet oceanographic research.

515 Military Work at Other U.S. Agencies

Although Civil Office Is Banned for Them

By Michael Getler

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7 (WP). —A Pentagon survey shows that 515 military officers on active duty with the armed forces are assigned to full-time jobs in 20 government agencies outside the Department of Defense.

The service-wide survey, which Pentagon officials say is probably the first of its kind, was begun within recent months in response to questions from Congress about the extent of military officers' involvement in government agencies outside the Pentagon.

The assignment of these officers—and the question of whether such assignments violated federal statutes prohibiting military men from holding "civil office"—first became an important issue in May when Army Gen. Alexander M. Haig Jr. was designated White House chief of staff, taking on the duties once filled by President Nixon's former aide, H. R. Haldeman.

The assignment of Gen. Haig —who brought with him to the White House at least three other active-duty and retired military staff assistants—was challenged by a handful of lawmakers, including Sen. Stuart Symington, D., Mo., the acting chairman of the Senate Armed Services Committee, and Rep. John E. Moss, D., Calif.

Response to Symington

The Pentagon survey, made in response to questions by Sen. Symington, shows that a dozen military officers are assigned to the White House, with 27 more detailed to the executive office of the President and five more working for the Vice-President.

The largest contingent, 224, is at the Selective Service Commission, with 60 at the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, 47 at the Department of Transportation (mostly with the Federal Aviation Administration) and 33 with the Atomic Energy Commission.

The State Department has 19 military officers assigned there, Commerce has 11, Interior has four and Justice has one.

The Canal Zone government in Panama has 40 officers assigned and the National Science Foundation has 12.

The remainder are scattered through an assortment of agencies ranging from the Cost of Living Council to the Environmental Protection Agency and American Battle Monuments Commission.

In addition to the 515 officers accounted for, the Pentagon says 91 are assigned outside the Pentagon to "classified activities."

Some members of Congress who are critical about the movement of Gen. Haig (who is now retired from the military) and others to the White House say that they are concerned about an overall military point of view which could come to dominate White House thinking. Aside from active-duty and retired officers, there are also a number of former civilian Pentagon officials working there.

FBI Wins an Easy One

If at First You Do Succeed, Don't Go Back for Seconds

NEW YORK, Sept. 7 (UPI).—An FBI agent was in a midtown bank yesterday investigating a robbery last week and he asked a teller if she could describe the robber.

The teller answered that the robber looked "a lot like the man standing in that line over there. You know, I believe that is the same man."

The agent then went over and stood behind the man. Sure enough, when the man reached the window he passed a robbery note, the FBI said.

The unidentified agent then tapped him on the shoulder and informed him of his constitutional rights. John Curry Hyman, 35, of New York, was charged with bank robbery.

Ehrlichman Pleads Not Guilty In Break-In in Ellsberg Case

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 7 (AP). —John D. Ehrlichman, former domestic-affairs adviser to President Nixon, pleaded not guilty today to burglary, conspiracy and perjury charges. Later, he said that he would remain silent publicly about the case, which involves the 1971 break-in at the office of Daniel Ellsberg's psychiatrist.

"I'm going to be following the unvarying practice of having no comment on this matter until its final disposition," Mr. Ehrlichman told newsmen.

His attorney, Joseph Ball, declined to answer most questions but said, "I think if this were not a politically involved matter, we wouldn't be here . . . My information so far is that he's not guilty of any crime."

Mr. Ehrlichman was the third of four defendants to surrender on an indictment stemming from the break-in, which occurred when Mr. Ellsberg was being investigated in connection with the leak of the Pentagon papers. Former White House aide David Young jr. surrendered earlier today and pleaded not guilty. R. Egil Krogh jr. pleaded innocent yesterday. The fourth defendant, G. Gordon Liddy, has not yet been arraigned.

Smiles in Court

Mr. Ehrlichman, in a rumpled gray suit, smiled and appeared composed as he stood before Superior Court Judge James G. Kolts and was formally accused.

He answered "not guilty" when asked for a plea.

He was released without bail on his own recognizance but was ordered to go immediately to the Los Angeles County Jail to be booked, fingerprinted and photographed. One of his attorneys was overheard objecting to the necessity for the booking procedure since Mr. Ehrlichman is so well known. However, they did not ask the judge to waive the practice.

His trial date will be set Sept. 20.

Judge Kolts said that the transcript of grand-jury proceedings will remain sealed until 10 days after the last defendant, Liddy, is arraigned.

Mr. Ehrlichman, 48, came here from his home in Seattle unexpectedly. He originally had said that he would surrender Tuesday but changed his mind because of "business matters" in Washington on Tuesday.

He received permission from the judge to be absent from pretrial court hearings at which he will be represented by his attorneys.

Mr. Young, 36, once an aide to Secretary of State - designate Henry A. Kissinger, was calm as he surrendered in judge Kolts's courtroom.

Voluntary Appearance

He stood with his arms folded in front of him and answered "not guilty" when asked to enter a plea.

Outside the courtroom, he told reporters, "Let me just say that I have come out here voluntarily, and that means at my own expense.

"I have pleaded not guilty. I am confident about that plea and about my own innocence."

Mr. Young and Mr. Krogh were supervisors of an undercover White House investigative unit known as "the Plumbers" because of its assignment to stop leaks of secret information such as the Pentagon papers.

Arrangements for Liddy's transfer here from a Washington, D.C., jail have not been completed.

The Beverly Hills office of Mr. Ellsberg's psychiatrist, Dr. Lewis Fielding, was ransacked on Sept. 3, 1971. The break-in was linked to the "Plumbers" and the Watergate conspirators during the Pentagon papers trial, and charges against Mr. Ellsberg and Anthony Russo were subsequently dismissed on grounds of government misconduct.

Mr. Krogh and Mr. Young also were released without bail.

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Russia Orbits Cosmos-584

MOSCOW, Sept. 7 (UPI).—The Soviet Union yesterday launched Cosmos-584, another in its series of unmanned earth satellites, Tass news agency said.

270 End Revolt At Illinois Prison

JOLIET, Ill., Sept. 7 (AP).— Rebelling prisoners at Stateville Penitentiary released 10 guards held as hostages and returned to their cells last night after officials threatened to send in state police with tear gas. Their demand for amnesty was denied by Gov. Daniel Walker, but the 270 rebels were promised that there would be no brutal reprisals.

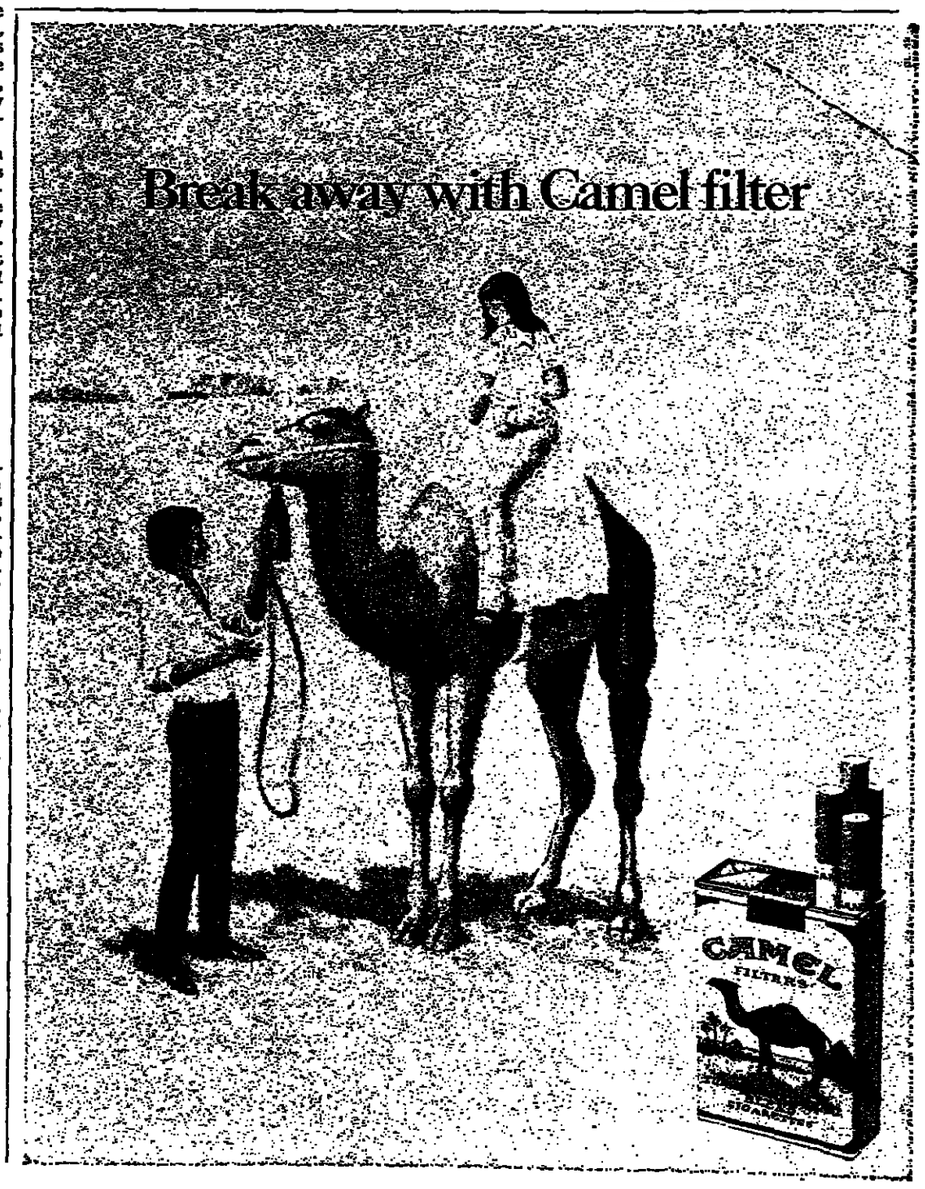
The prisoners seized control of a cell block yesterday, taking the 10 guards hostage during the lunch hour. With riot-equipped police standing by, the inmates yielded eight hours later to Gov. Walker's demand that the hostages be released.

Allyn R. Sielaff, director of the Illinois Department of Corrections, then met with 15 inmate representatives in a negotiating session held in view of newsmen. Among the inmates' complaints were accounts of alleged beatings by guards, homosexual assaults, rat and roach infestation, cell assignment by race and poor food. They demanded improved medical care, psychological screening of guards, educational programs and increased hiring of black guards.

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INTERNATIONAL
Herald Tribune
Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post
Page 4—Saturday-Sunday, September 8-9, 1973

A New Mideast Initiative

Mr. Nixon apparently has decided to launch a major new initiative to resolve the Arab-Israeli dispute. This is a development of the first order. Some will wonder if the President is not looking for a distracting foreign-policy high-wire act in perhaps the one place in the world where such an act remains possible. But there are solid reasons for him to proceed. The departure of Soviet combat units from Egypt enables Mr. Nixon to address the question without the earlier risks of Soviet-American complications. The Soviet departure, Egypt's own demonstrated military incapacity and Mr. Nixon's immense first-term support of Israel in diplomacy, aid and arms make it untenable for either the Israelis or their American friends to claim that he is ignoring Israel's legitimate security needs. At a time when other old international disputes are being eased, it becomes increasingly an anomaly that the Arab-Israeli question remains untreated and raw.

Then there is oil. Mr. Nixon said on Wednesday—for the first time, plainly and accurately—that the growing American reliance on Arab oil is "tied up" with the Arab-Israeli dispute: "That is why I he and Dr. Kissinger] have put at the highest priority moving toward making some progress toward the settlement of that dispute." The President rejected suggestions of bowing to oil blackmail but noted that "one of the dividends" of a settlement would be a steadier oil flow. He is right. Arab volatility and the temptations of the market make it unreasonable to expect that a Mideast settlement would end our energy jitters. But a settlement—even, to an extent, a settlement effort—would remove from the Arabs' oil bargaining hand one high card they are now threatening to play. It would smooth the roughest political irritant in Arab-American relations as a whole. It would deny Arab "radicals" the chief weapon they wield against "the responsible Arab leaders," in Mr. Nixon's words.

The crucial questions are, of course, how the United States tries to facilitate a settlement and what kind of settlement it tries to facilitate. "Both sides need to start negotiating," Mr. Nixon declared. "It's in the interest of the whole area for us to get those negotiations off dead center. That is why we will use our influence with Israel and . . . what influence we have with the various Arab states . . ." It has been the Israelis' entirely reasonable position that their Arab neighbors must sit down with them to negotiate before Israel would specify its terms. In emphasizing the negotiating process, in calling for movement by both sides, and in avoiding any prejudgment of what the terms (especially the territorial terms) of a settlement should be, Mr. Nixon made exactly the proper move at this time. Former Secretary of State William Rogers undercut whatever chances the "Rogers plan" may have had in 1969-70 by specifying, before talks had begun, what concessions he believed Israel should make. After that, Arabs had no incentive to negotiate. Mr. Nixon and Dr. Kissinger have that precedent, and their own considerable experience in international negotiations, on which to build.

The elements giving the United States "influence with Israel" are easy to identify: American friendship for Israel, Mr. Nixon's first-term support of Israel and Israel's great dependence on Washington for political, military and economic support. American influence with Arabs is, as the President indicated, more tentative. But Jordan is almost as much an American client as Israel. Egypt still sees the United States as the one country which can end its humiliation by Israel and by its fellow Arabs alike. Mr. Nixon's suggestion that the United States and Europe might deny a market to "radical" oil states "like Libya" presupposes a degree of U.S.-European collaboration and a degree of market looseness which simply no longer exists. However, in respect to Saudi Arabia, the key producer, and other Persian Gulf states, the United States has the influence generated by its desirability as a political patron, its technological know-how and its arms supplies. In non-Arab Iran, the President has cultivated a major counterweight. Another sort of influence, though less certain and longer-term, lies in the United States' capacity to increase its own domestic energy production so as not to be "at the mercy of producers of oil in the Mideast," in Mr. Nixon's words.

The President would be derelict in his duty if he did not move expeditiously on all fronts, the diplomatic one included, to tend to the nation's energy needs. There will invariably be tension, perhaps "crisis," in American-Israeli relations as a Nixon Mideast initiative unfolds. But there need be no fundamental conflict, in our view, between an appropriate concern for energy and an appropriate concern for what Mr. Nixon called the "independence" of Israel. It is wrong to assume that Israelis are so intent on retaining all the territory won in 1967 that they cannot see the advantages to themselves of the negotiated settlement Mr. Nixon contemplates. The time is right, we believe, for just the kind of careful, comprehensive Mideast approach which President Nixon and Dr. Kissinger are perhaps uniquely qualified to make.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

Perilous Ulster Delay

Prime Minister Heath is often clumsy in dealing with the agony of Northern Ireland, but he is on target with his warning that delay in setting Ulster's new political machinery in motion can only jeopardize its effectiveness, play into the hands of both Protestant and Catholic extremists and result in "more lives lost, more maimed and more wounded."

With Ulster-related terrorism again on the rise, both in the unhappy province and abroad, it is dismaying that the moderate leaders in both sectarian camps, who together command a majority, have concluded they cannot convene the new 78-member assembly until late this month. The assembly had been expected to organize in early September and set up the twelve-member executive that will assume limited governing powers.

Not all reasons for the delay are petty, of course. Leaders of the Social Democratic and Labor party seek prompt revamping of the Royal Ulster Constabulary—the provincial police force—to make it more representative and more acceptable to Catholics. They also want immediate creation of a Council of Ireland, with representation from the Irish Republic, to work for North-South cooperation.

Mr. Heath has promised not a drastic overhaul of the constabulary—the Protestant majority would bitterly resist this—but major moves to strengthen and expand the force with the recruitment of more Catholics. He argues that the new executive should represent Ulster on the Council of Ireland and thus should be established and functioning before the council is set up. Prime Minister Cosgrave in Dublin undoubtedly agrees with Britain on this order of priorities, and will indicate as much when he confers with Mr. Heath in the republic later this month.

However important these and other issues may be, they are not valid excuses for delaying the organization of the assembly and the launching of the first attempt since the partition of Ireland a half-century ago at genuine sharing of political power between Catholics and Protestants at the provincial level. Further drift helps only the desperate forces foolish enough to believe the Irish problem can be solved by civil war.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

International Opinion

On Arab Terrorist Operations

Even if they condemn them it is difficult for Arab leaders to escape responsibility for such events so long as they continue to occur. The PLO may genuinely not recognize the code names by which each new terrorist group makes itself known to the world, but they usually turn out to belong to some splinter group of a splinter group of one of its affiliated organizations, and it is almost certainly through it, or under its aegis, that they have obtained their funds. Those funds, in turn, come from Arab governments, which thus find themselves in the absurd position of indirectly financing assaults on their own embassies and representatives abroad.

—From the Times (London).

South African Policy

To insist, as Mr. Vorster seems to do, that reporting of labor disputes and African strikes requires post-censorship, is a deplorable proposition. South Africa has carried its concept of apartheid to stupid lengths, but its free and outspoken press and its independent judiciary have been the marks of a society which at least is not totalitarian. Mr. Vorster should refrain from tampering with either.

—From the Daily Telegraph (London).

In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago

September 8, 1898

LONDON—The supply of water in the East End of London is becoming still scarcer and a public meeting has been held to protest against the action of the East London Waterworks Company and declare that the time had arrived when the control of the water supply should be placed in the hands of the City Council. In every district, complaints have been received of failure to obtain water during the periods when the supply should be turned on.

Fifty Years Ago

September 8, 1923

SAN FRANCISCO—The most serious news received today from the scene of the Japanese earthquake disaster was an uncomfirmed report from Kobe that cholera has broken out in Yokohama. This is probably true, since people have been drinking muddy water from ditches and eating foul food to avoid starvation. These are troubled times in Germany, too, where the mark brought less than 0.00000002 of a cent at the Berlin Bourse.



Strangler

Nixon's Three-Front War

By James Reston

WASHINGTON.—It's the normal and prudent rule of power and politics that you never try to fight more than one battle at a time, even when you're fighting from a position of strength, but President Nixon is back in Washington, weak, breathless and defiant, fighting on three fronts at the same time.

It is good theater but bad politics. For at his latest news conference, he blamed the Congress for high prices and inflation, blamed the reporters rather than the burglars and spies for his Watergate troubles and even told the Supreme Court that he would only obey a "definitive" judgment on the Watergate tapes, without explaining what "definitive" meant, or why he alone of all Americans had the right to pass judgment on Supreme Court decisions.

This is very strange. The Congress has come back from its vacation in a compromising mood. Most members seem to be saying that Watergate is an insoluble mess, but let's try to make the best of it. Mike Mansfield in the Senate and Tip O'Neill in the House, the Democratic leaders, have been arguing that the crisis is too serious to be exploited for political advantage.

But the President has come back to Washington telling the Congress to shape up. "We have had this year," he told the press, "as far as Congress is concerned, a disappointing performance so far." This has merely irritated the Congress, which doesn't think Nixon's performance has been very helpful.

Same Approach

The President's approach to the press and the courts is about the same as his attitude toward the Congress: when in trouble, attack! When Richard Valeriani of NBC asked him whether he had a problem of rebuilding confidence in his leadership, he replied that he did, and then he blamed this lack of confidence, not on the burglaries, financial deceptions and political espionage and sabotage by his own supporters, but on the congressional investigating and newspaper reporting of these facts.

To have the President "attacked" for four months on prime television time, he said—and attacked "by innuendo, by leak, by, frankly, leers and sneers of commentators" was bound to wear away public confidence in the President, he insisted. In short, he had a confidence problem, as he had an inflation problem, but it was somebody else's fault.

Nixon was equally skeptical of the courts. Get Watergate off television and into the courts, he said, but he would not give the courts the right to listen to the Watergate tapes in camera, and, he would not, he insisted, abide by anything but a "definitive" Supreme Court judgment, which he refused to define.

It could be that this is why he has a "confidence" problem. His trouble is more personal than legal. He is not trusted because he trusts no man, and no institution. He lives under the dominion of fear. As he sees it, the world, the Congress, the courts, the press are all against him. He feels that maybe his own national security officials are suspect and have to be bugged, and now it is reported that he even had his own brother followed and wiretapped by the Secret Service.

The interesting and troubling thing about all this is why, with 3 1/2 years to go and with all his problems, he keeps on proclaiming the independence, freedom and integrity of the Congress, the courts and the press, and then fusses with them, defies them and blames them for his agonies and insists on fighting on three or four fronts at the same time.

For almost everybody in Washington, it's a bore to keep on psychoanalyzing these strange actions of the President—his restless movements from Camp David to Florida, to San Clemente, his long silences and disappearances and then his sudden appearances and defiant proclamations.

But this is the heart of the President's confidence problem. It is not so much the facts of Watergate, disturbing as they are, but the attitudes and atmosphere that made Watergate possible, and the deceptive manipulations and inconsistent testimony of the case that perpetuate the doubts in the Congress, the courts and the press.

His confidence problem, which is clear in the popularity polls and which he has not yet faced, was defined long ago by Homer:

"For I hold that man as hateful
as the gates of hell,
"Who says one thing, while
another in his heart lies
hidden well."

Keeping Civil War At Bay in Chile

By David F. Belnap

SANTIAGO, Chile.—In a recent speech, Chile's Marxist president, Salvador Allende, flatly predicted that neither a coup d'état nor a civil war will occur in Chile for reasons of the sense of patriotism, tradition and historic responsibility shared by most Chileans.

A look at the agitated Chilean situation three hectic years after Congress made Allende president when he failed to win a majority at the polls indicates he is right, for the time being at least, and for reasons much more practical than those he cited.

One of the most important of the latter is the Chileans' disinclination to shed each other's blood.

True, armed extremists of both left and right are itching to shoot each other, and even occasionally take a crack at it on a minor scale. But the attitude of the immense majority, including most of those bitterly opposed to Allende, can be described with the phrase, "Let's you and him fight."

Only on Television

When it comes to bloodshed, the average Chilean prefers to stay home and watch it on television.

A reluctance to fire on their countrymen is deeply felt within the armed forces. This reluctance is clearly understood, and used, by the Communist party—the ablest, stablest and best led of the six Marxist and pro-Marxist elements that make up Allende's People's Union coalition.

The Communists have said, in effect, to Allende's opponents: There can be no such thing as a bloodless coup today in Chile. If you try it, we will fight you. You may win, but you'll inherit an ungovernable situation.

Given the Communists' ascendancy in the trade union movement, that's far from an idle threat.

Another strong brake on coup thinking is the extreme reluctance of the Christian Democratic party, Chile's largest single party and the leader of the political forces opposed to Allende, to become involved in an extra-constitutional situation.

Rhythm Shaken

Twice in less than a year—last October and again now—extensive elements of Chile's middle class have seriously shaken up the nation's normal rhythm by striking against the government.

Both times, the strikes were led by the country's 40,000 private truck owner-drivers, [illegible] many other guilds have joined in sympathy.

The strikers are genuinely hurting in today's mismanaged economy that has produced a record inflation rate (300 percent and still climbing) and caused endless inconveniences, including shortages of food, medicine and a long list of other items of consumer soft and hard goods.

They want the military to move against Allende, and they hope to cause enough chaos, disorder and anarchy to provoke such a move. So far, however, they have failed to trigger any authentic restlessness in the armed forces.

Civil war is on the minds of many Chileans, largely because the phrase has been indiscriminately and repeatedly shouted from both sides of the ultra polarized political landscape, tending to remind citizens that a precedent exists.

Parallels to Cuba

Some partisans of each side see parallels in today's Chile with conditions in Spain just before the outbreak of the Spanish Civil War, and books on that conflict sell briskly here.

Two things could alter in the future the accuracy of Allende's forecast that constitutionality will go undisturbed here: A serious threat to the armed forces as institutions and continued disaffection of the middle class.

No military service in Latin America has forgotten what Fidel Castro did to Cuba's army. And Chile's armed forces right now are worried about several discovered cases of extremist infiltration in their ranks.

From external appearances, neither Allende, nor even Castro himself, fully appreciates the contribution of the Cuban middle class to Castro's revolution. Disaffected with the excesses of dictator Fulgencio Batista, the middle classes helped Castro. Their help was a key element in his military victory.

The International Herald Tribune welcomes letters from readers. Short letters have a better chance of being published. All letters are subject to condensation for space reasons. Anonymous letters will not be considered for publication. Writers may request that their letters be signed only with initials, but preference will be given to those fully signed and bearing the writer's complete address.

The Nobelity of Malraux

By C. L. Sulzberger

NEW YORK.—It is astonishing that the Nobel Literary Prize, designed to be the greatest tribute to a writer but too frequently awarded to nonentities over the 72 years since it was founded, has escaped one of this century's outstanding authors, André Malraux.

The shame is not Malraux's but that of the sometimes stodgy Swedish Academy which makes the choice. Malraux's own life, which coincides precisely with that of the Nobel Prize (both were born in 1901), is in itself a piece of literature equal to any of his books. These, as anyone knows, include "La Condition Humaine," "Psychologie de l'Art," "Les Voix du Silence," "Le Musée Imaginaire de la Sculpture Mondiale" and "Antimémoires."

Despite his age, his continual activities on a broad horizon including warfare, politics, service as minister under Gen. de Gaulle, the beautification of Paris and feverish attempts to rally public opinion against injustice, and despite an almost unbearable series of tragedies involving those he loved, this magnificent man has continued to write. It is possible that the memoirs he is preparing (some for posthumous publication to avoid embarrassing contemporaries), may prove to be among his greatest works.

Although studded with outstanding names, a list of the Swedish Academy's favorite authors this century makes frequently dismal reading: Rudolf Eucken, Carl Spitteler, Grazia Deledda, Johannes Jensen, Nelly Sachs. How can such men be compared in literary talent with Malraux, who won the Prix Goncourt in France at 22 although never put up for that tedious club of bores, the French Academy.

Woefully Remiss

While the audacious romantic and sometimes mournful tapestry of Malraux's life as the most engagé of writers has a quality in itself worthy of special Nobel tribute, the Swedish Academy is properly charged only with considering literary output. Here it has been woefully remiss.

The methods of reaching consensus among the Stockholm literati are as arcane as membership decisions in any blackball-fettered London club. Yet it is likely that Malraux's passionate Gaullism makes him as unpopular with left-wing Swedish academicians today as his revolutionary prewar period made him with the right-wing eggheads of the 1930s. And it is clear that political prejudice of even a small minority can block the granting of the award to an author who has never curbed his wholly committed views.

Malraux is a fiery man with the luminous eyes of Edgar Allan Poe and the pale face of a Roman emperor. Among his idols are Alexander the Great, Joan of Arc, Mao Tse-tung and Charles de Gaulle. As much a man of action as artist and critic, he proved himself on the battlefields of Spain and occupied France.

"I do not in any way like war," says Malraux, "but it has been around me all my life." General of the Army (Retired) Pierre Elie Jacquot, who knew Malraux in Spain, where he was an officia observer and who later served with him in the French Resistance, says he had an extraordinary genius for combat and "would have made a great medieval mercenary or an adventurer in the American Wild West."

Like the Cavalry

Malraux himself, recalling his period as a flier for the Spanish Republic, says there was a particular sense of comradeship "because we knew there was a comrade in another plane on each wing-tip. I suppose that feeling of personal support in a human sense was something like fighting in the cavalry during Napoleon's day."

He is convinced there is always a sense of "engagement" among French authors. He sees the engagé writer as clinging to a dream.

Action is Malraux's sphere as much as contemplation. He says: "If it is not a revolution that are living through, then it is the death agony that is beginning. Surely it is not a revolution."

Once, over luncheon, I brought Malraux together with Regis Debray, the French left-revolutionist who fought beside Che Guevara. Malraux told the young guerrilla: "There is no enemy. There is no single enemy. There are just many, and these are symbolic. The right no longer exists and today everybody is the left, which means there is no longer exists." Debray confided to me: "He is more human than the heroes in his novels."

It is time for the Swedish Academy to contemplate this man, whose life has been eminently noble, as well as his books, which so obviously merit the Nobel award.

Letters

Ugly American?

For all the 70 plus days I spent in Great Britain, Germany, France and Switzerland I was sure that your newspaper deserved the title of "Ugly American."

Each issue that I read was filled with condemnation and some castigation of the President of the United States, Richard M. Nixon.

Not one word did I read about Nixon that was constructive even though he has achieved more of the impossible than any other American President.

In 1970 even his most ardent followers could not even imagine Nixon would:

1—Open up the Iron Curtain;
2—Open up the Bamboo Curtain;
3—End American involvement in Vietnam;
4—Receive more votes than any previous presidential candidate;
5—Be made a victim of an elderly Senator's last shot and a vindictive press continuance of the vendetta started with the Alger Hiss case—all because of happenings by campaign officials to be called Watergate—which most responsible Americans consider to be most insignificant when compared to the really great and treasonous crime of publishing stolen secret papers for the whole world to see!

FRANK BREGNARD.
Sun City, Arizona.

Religions in Crisis

All religions are in crisis these days and the Priests, Rabbis and Mullahs, being nostalgic of good old days, complain that the youth has become completely godless and does not listen to them anymore. Young people, they say, instead of praying are busy in sex, song, drug and dance and instead of taking life seriously, like only travelling or leading an easy life by sitting in bars and restaurants.

But, who is responsible for this situation? Priests are themselves to be blamed. It is the priests, who for centuries instead of preaching the true religion of One and the Same God of love and tolerance, kept on doing the Devil's job, by dividing mankind and sowing the seed of religious and racial hatred, and instead of teaching justice and brotherhood, they kept on splitting men into different classes of highs and lows.

So they should not blame the youth, if they do not listen to their logic.

A.K. SAJJAD.
Boulogne-Billancourt, France.

A Protest

I am NOT a person who writes letters to newspapers. But having read yesterday Art Buchwald's "Dinner at Eight" (IHT, Aug. 7), I must say it is in very bad taste for him to have written and for your estimated paper to have printed this disgusting item.

Mrs. H. KOHN.
Lausanne.

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Cambodian Says It Repels Enemy at Provincial Capital

By Malcolm W. Browne

PHNOM PENH, Sept. 7 (NYT).—A Cambodian government spokesman said tonight the situation at the beleaguered provincial capital of Kompong Cham was "much better," despite the fact that Communists still held the southern tip of the town.

During the day, government troops pushed enemy troops out of the town everywhere except the southern part, a rectangle two-thirds of a mile long along the western bank of the Mekong River, according to the spokesman.

Government T-28 fighter-bombers were attacking that area as well as enemy positions all around it, he said. No reports on the number of casualties sustained by government and enemy troops were given by the spokesman.

"Furthermore, there is no longer a problem with ammunition or supplies, which are now reaching our forces by airdrop and helicopter," the spokesman said.

Serious Situation

The situation for the 6,000 troops defending Kompong Cham remains extremely serious, however. One highly knowledgeable military observer said:

"There is a reasonable hope that Kompong Cham will not fall over the weekend, but that is as *far as I will go right now.*"

Meanwhile, the enemy made its presence felt near Phnom Penh again today, firing four artillery rockets and four mortar shells at the airport and in the vicinity. There were no injuries or damage.

The Cambodian spokesman said much of Kompong Cham's population was trying to flee the fighting and shelling. Other reports here said many persons were leaving Kompong Cham in small boats for the comparative safety of Tonle Bet, a nearby village.

Fighting Near Saigon

SAIGON, Sept. 7 (AP).—South Vietnamese artillery guns opened fire before dawn today on a company of Viet Cong troops massing only 12 miles west of Saigon, the *government announced.*

"Government artillery was directed into the area to prevent the enemy from concentrating in that area," according to a South Vietnamese military spokesman.

Laos Accord Seen

VIENTIANE, Sept. 7.—Prince Souvanna Phouma, the neutralist premier of Laos, declared today that he had the support of the army and that there was a "good chance" that next week he might sign a completed accord that would bring about a coalition government with the Communist Pathet Lao.

"The generals are still behind me," the 72-year-old Laotian leader said. He displayed a confidence that seemingly had been eclipsed of late by multiplying objections to the accord by rightist members of his government.



Associated Press.

MONSOON EXODUS—Inhabitants of the village of Dehati, 100 miles southwest of Calcutta, gather their cattle to evacuate their monsoon-flooded homes.

Canada Demands French Probe of Boat Boarding

OTTAWA, Sept. 7 (UPI).—External Affairs Minister Mitchell Sharp called in the French ambassador Wednesday and formally demanded an investigation into the boarding of the Canadian protest vessel Greenpeace-3 in the South Pacific last month.

A spokesman said Mr. Sharp specifically mentioned photographs taken during the boarding which showed French Navy sailors clubbing the boat's skipper, David McTaggart of Vancouver, with rubber truncheons.

Mr. McTaggart suffered eye injuries in the incident, but the French Navy originally denied that the sailors carried clubs during the boarding and maintained that Mr. McTaggart was injured in a fall.

During the 20-minute meeting, Mr. Sharp gave Ambassador Jacques Viot a "firm note of protest" asking for an investigation, the spokesman said.

The note repeated Canada's position that both the boarding of the Greenpeace and the closing off of high seas for nuclear tests were "contrary to international law," the spokesman added.

Two Soviet Mayors Pay Visit to Atlanta

ATLANTA, Sept. 7 (UPI).—Two Soviet mayors arrived here yesterday on a visit and urged that city officials around the world cooperate in solving common problems.

Vassily Kazakov, mayor of Leningrad, and Yuri A. Gurovoi, mayor of Kharkov, attended the opening of U.S. Sister City Conference, marking the first time Soviet city officials have visited America to set up direct relations with leaders of U.S. cities.

"Despite different geographic locations, differences in countries and social systems, our cities have common problems and we should devote attention to solving them," Mr. Kazakov told the conference.

Opposition in Japan Demands Break in Ties With S. Korea

By Richard Halloran

TOKYO, Sept. 7 (NYT).—Japanese opposition parties demanded today that the government break diplomatic relations with South Korea and cut off economic aid to that country to retaliate for the abduction of a South Korean opposition leader here last month.

Representatives of the four leftist parties in parliament demanded stern action for what they considered the violation of Japan's national sovereignty.

Premier Kakuei Tanaka, Foreign Minister Masayoshi Ohira and other ministers argued during a nationally televised debate that it was premature to conclude that the nation's sovereignty had been violated by the kidnapping of Kim Dae Jung, who ran against South Korean President Chung Hee Park in the 1971 elections.

But they were carefully noncommittal about future actions and left open their options for diplomatic maneuvers. The issue has blown up into a major affair here, with Japanese politicians, the press and officials openly accusing the South Korean Central Intelligence Agency of kidnapping Mr. Kim.

Taken From Tokyo

The South Korean politician was taken secretly from a Tokyo hotel Aug. 8 and released near his home in Seoul Aug. 13. He is presently under house arrest there. The Japanese government has repeatedly asked the South Korean government to allow Mr. Kim to return to Tokyo to help police with their investigation. But the Seoul government has refused.

While the debate was going on in parliament, a spokesman for the Foreign Ministry told foreign newsmen here that Japan held the South Korean government responsible for the Kim affair insofar as a South Korean government official was involved.

Mizuo Kuroda, whose position is equivalent to that of assistant secretary of state for public affairs, said the government had accepted the police finding that Kim Dong Woon, a first secretary in the South Korean Embassy here, had been directly involved in the kidnapping.

Mr. Kuroda said that the government was sure the secretary had taken part in the abduction but was not sure whether he had done so under orders from his superiors. The police have identified him as an agent of the South Korean CIA.

The Seoul regime has insisted that no government officials, including those of the CIA, had any connection with the abduction.

Saigon Says Hanoi Is Building Air Bases in South Vietnam

SAIGON, Sept. 7 (AP).—The South Vietnamese government has handed the North Vietnamese delegation in Paris a protest note charging that Hanoi has built or enlarged at least 12 airfields in South Vietnam to convert them into air bases, it was disclosed today.

The note charged the North Vietnamese with a "grave violation" of the Paris agreement signed Jan. 27 and said at least one of the bases was capable of handling Soviet-built MiG interceptors.

The note from the South Vietnamese Foreign Ministry said the action is designed to provoke hostilities.

It hinted at possible U.S. intervention, saying the action shows contempt for world public opinion. President Nixon last month warned North Vietnam he would not tolerate such a buildup.

Note Lists Fields

The note listed these airfields being built or extended in South Vietnam by the North Vietnamese:

Dong Ha and Khe Sanh in the northern sector of South Vietnam; Ben Het, Dak To, Phuong Hoang, Polei Kleng and Duc Co, all in the Central Highlands near the Laotian and Cambodian borders; Bo Duc, Loc Ninh, Minh Tranh, Katum and Thien Ngon, all in the region bordering Cambodia *75 to 100 miles north of Saigon.*

The note said that most of the airfields were usable for light and medium aircraft, but added that Khe Sanh, a former U.S. Marine base just below the western end of the Demilitarized Zone, has been enlarged and the runway extended to 1,900 meters. It said this base could handle jet aircraft such as MIGs and transports.

The South Vietnamese Foreign Ministry also charged that North Vietnam has infiltrated large anti-aircraft units into the South to deploy them at each air base. It said there are dozens of Soviet-built SAM-2 missiles at Khe Sanh which had been brought in after the signing of the peace agreement.

The note said North Vietnam is still infiltrating troops, tanks and other war materials into the South.

It declared that the South Vietnamese government is the sole legal government in the South and that its sovereignty extends to all air space. It said that all "foreign" aircraft that fly across South Vietnam must have prior approval.

The South Vietnamese note demanded that North Vietnam dismantle the bases and said South Vietnam reserves the right to attack them as a measure of self-defense.

French Red Newsman Barred From Peking

PARIS, Sept. 7 (Reuters).—A correspondent of L'Humanite, official organ of the pro-Moscow French Communist party, has been refused a visa to accompany President Georges Pompidou to China, it was announced here today.

The French Presidential Press Association said that he was the only one among 80 journalists who had been refused a visa by the Peking government.

The association said, "It regrets that, because of this discriminatory measure, some French people cannot be informed by representatives of papers they read."

Harold Wilson Rescued After Dinghy Flips

LONDON, Sept. 7 (AP).—Former Prime Minister Harold Wilson spent 30 minutes clinging to a capsized dinghy and shouting for help after a boating accident while he was on vacation last month, his rescuers said today.

Businessman Paul Wolff and his family, who had been picnicking nearby on their vacation, pulled the 57-year-old leader of the Labor party from the water and took him ashore.

The incident occurred while Mr. Wilson and his wife, Mary, were vacationing at their holiday home in the Scilly Isles off southwest England. He was rowing himself 400 yards to the shore from a friend's launch when his dinghy capsized.

The Wolffs heard Mr. Wilson's faint cries for help, rowed out in another craft and got him to safety.

A spokesman for Mr. Wilson said: "There was no danger. *He is a good swimmer.*"

Paraguay Police Rescue Briton, Kill 2 Kidnappers

ASUNCION, Paraguay, Sept. 7 (AP).—At least two kidnappers were killed and four others were arrested yesterday when police liberated a British ranch manager, Ian Duncan Martins, after a 10-day manhunt throughout Paraguay.

Police sources said Mr. Martins was held on the ranch of Isasio Machado, a political boss in a small town about 40 miles from here. A ransom of $3 million had been demanded from Mr. Martins' employer, the British company Liebig, but police action apparently kept the ransom from being paid.

Police raided the ranch at noon yesterday and in a shootout at least two persons were killed and four arrested.

Mr. Martins was found safe and in good condition, police announced, and was taken to Asuncion for a medical examination.

The Paraguayan border with Argentina was closed as police and border guards intensified a search for an undetermined number of persons, all believed to be comman criminals, involved in the kidnapping.

It was Paraguay's first known kidnapping for ransom.

U.K. Chrysler Strike

LINWOOD, Scotland, Sept. 7 (AP).—A strike by 4,000 productions workers closed the Chrysler auto plant at Linwood today, only 48 hours after work was resumed following a two-week stopage.

Copenhagen Crash Also Injures 25

2 Die as Danish Commuter Trains Collide

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 7 (UPI).—Two commuter trains collided in a tunnel near the main Copenhagen railroad station today, killing at least 2 persons and injuring 25, a Danish rail spokesman said.

Two of the passengers received severe injuries, and the death toll could rise during the night, the spokesman said.

The collision occurred at 4 p.m., the beginning of the rush hour, and police blocked all roads in the area to make way for more than 20 ambulances shuttling dead and injured to several hospitals.

The rescue work was complicated because the collision occurred in a tunnel, the spokesman said. Victims had to be carried out of the tunnel, where they received first aid by doctors and nurses.

One of the trains was standing still, and apparently nearly empty, on the line just outside the Oesterport Station when the collision took place. The train's driver, Erik Andersen, said his train had been stopped by a red light.

"I left the train to go to a telephone only a few meters away to ask the station why I had been stopped. Then I saw the next train coming from behind at full speed," he said. "I jumped back *on my train* and loosened the brake. If I hadn't done that the accident might have been much worse," Mr. Andersen said.

The second train had rammed into the halted train with such force that the engine and several cars were catapulted onto the roofs of the rear cars of the first train.

Four cars were crushed against the tunnel ceiling. Doctors and other rescuers worked in cramped conditions and darkness in the narrow tunnel, cutting victims free of the wreckage.

Pilots Again Join Wide Strike In Chile Against Allende Rule

SANTIAGO, Chile, Sept. 7 (UPI).—Pilots for the state airline, Lan-Chile, walked off their jobs today, further crippling the country's transport situation, already semi-paralyzed by a 44-day truckers' strike.

Aviation officials said the Lan-Chile pilots resolved to ground the airline's national and international flights for the second time in a month, this time in solidarity with other striking groups.

At issue are the policies of President Salvador Allende's leftist regime, which is attempting to socialize Chile within a framework of democracy.

Pilots from other airlines who walked out on Monday were back flying today as the Lan-Chile 48-*hour strike began. Lan-Chile is* responsible for about half of the nation's internal flights and is the only Chilean line with international routes.

The government late yesterday announced a plan to try to break the strike by 45,000 transport workers, by making available about 7,000 new vehicles to nonstriking workers.

Tens of thousands of stores around the nation remained shuttered on orders from the central Chamber of Commerce. The shopkeepers shut down in sympathy with the transport workers.

Other professional groups ordered members to stop work as well, including doctors, nurses, pharmicists, accountants, engineers and chemists.

Meanwhile, the opposition party, the Christian Democrats, announced that it will begin impeachment procedures against the new cabinet of President Allende early next week.

In a meeting last night, the party's National Committee decided to bring "constitutional accusations" against "all those ministers who have put into effect illegal and unconstitutional policies." According to sources inside the party, this means that "six or eight" ministers of the 15-member cabinet will have to step down if the project is approved. The party is confident its move will succeed, these sources say, because the opposition commands a majority in both houses and only needs a *simple majority to approve such* a project.

Russians Report Speeding Growth Of Animal Hair

MOSCOW, Sept. 7 (UPI).—Soviet scientists have found a way to make hair grow at 10 times its normal rate, according to the newspaper Trud.

So far they have managed to produce poodle-length hair on guinea pigs. The Soviet scientists think their discovery may be useful in combating baldness, Trud said.

The "magic elixir" for hair growth, the newspaper said, was produced by scientists at the Irkutsk Institute for Organic Chemistry while they were studying biologically active silicon organic compounds.

Trud said the guinea pigs not only grew luxuriant coats of hair but also produced long-haired offspring. "Scientists believe the elixir will help increase the wool yield of sheep, improve the pelt quality of fur-bearing animals and help combat baldness," Trud said.

The new substance is called Mival. The name derives from the first names of the discoverers, Mikhail G. Voronkov and Valery Dyakov.

Huge Solar Flare Is Photographed By Skylab Crew

HOUSTON, Sept. 7 (UPI).—The Skylab-2 astronauts today dropped a European survey to photograph a huge eruption of gaseous energy off the surface of the sun that appeared to be even larger than a giant explosion they saw yesterday.

Capt. Alan L. Bean, Dr. Owen K. Garriott and Maj. Jack R. Lousma all rushed to the controls of Skylab's battery of solar observation instruments to record *the flare, which scientists on the* ground classed with the largest explosions.

The space explorers yesterday took pictures of the largest flare that had been observed during the two space station flights so far. That eruption had the energy of 100 million earthquakes, a spokesman said.

"It's a big daddy," Capt. Bean *said as he and his crew all worked* on the complex instrument console, a job usually handled by only one man.

Flight controllers, for the second time during the two-month research mission, canceled a natural resources picture-taking sweep, this time over southern Europe, so the crew could keep watch over the sun.

Scientists on the ground said they expected more and better information about the sun from Skylab than ever before.

"We will have more data and better data from this one Skylab mission than from the total of past missions," one scientist said.

Heart Transplant Fails

PARIS, Sept. 7 (AP).—The world's youngest heart transplant recipient, 13-year-old Céline Mawoue, died this afternoon in the hospital here where the transplant operation was performed on Aug. 10.

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CHURCH SERVICES

FRANCE—PARIS

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC CHURCH, 50 Ave. Hoche (8e). Saturday mass, 6:30 p.m. (Eng.). Sunday masses: 8:30 (Latin), 10:00 & 11:15 a.m. (English), 12:15 (L), 5:30 (F). *Confessions: Monday to Friday,* 11:30 to 12:30 & 6 p.m. to 7 p.m., Saturday, 11:30 to 12:30&4:30 p.m. to 5:30 p.m.

ST. GEORGE'S ANGLICAN CHURCH, 7 Rue Auguste-Vacquerie (16e). Tel.: 720-22-51. Sunday Masses 8:30& 10:30 (sung).

METHODIST CHURCH, English-speaking. 4 Rue Roquépine, Paris-8e. Sunday, 10:30 a.m. and 6 p.m. Rev. F. Le Nouvy.

AMERICAN CATHEDRAL
Holy Communion: 8:30 a.m.
SUNDAY SERVICE & SERMON 10:45
Dean Sturgis L. Biddle, "Impressions of an American Summer."
The Very Rev. Sturgis L. Biddle, D.D., Dean, Canon Thomas Wile, Norman Proulx, Director of Music.
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23 Ave. George-V. Paris-8e.
Metro: George-V & Alma.

THE AMERICAN CHURCH
65 Quai d'Orsay, Paris-7e.
(Metro: Invalides or Alma-Marceau) (Bus No. 63 stops at door)
Church School reopens Sept. 16th.
Worship Service 11:00 a.m.
Dr. Glenn C. McGee, preaching:
Edmund J. Pendleton, Choir Master.
(Interdenominational-International.)

FRANCE—PARIS

EMMANUEL BAPTIST CHURCH, 36 Rue des Bons Raisins, Ruell-Malmaison. Sun., 11 a.m. From Pont Neuilly, bus 241 to "Les Godardes." Tel.: 968-37-78. *Evening Service 6:30 at Hôtel Meridien.* Metro: Porte Maillot. Visitors welcome.

GERMANY—MUNICH

The English-Language Baptist Church of Munich on Holzstr. 9 has S.S. at 11:45 and Worship 12:45. Inform.: Tel.: 038534. Pastor R. W. Terry.

GERMANY—FRANKFURT

St. Mary's R.C. Parish. Masses in Oberursel, An der Bride 38: Sat.: 5:15; Sun. 9 & 11. In Frankfurt: 12:30 at the Cathedral (Dompfarr). C.C.D. grades 1-8 Sat. 2:30-5:00, Frankfurt International School, Oberursel. Priest Fr. E. Beck. Phone: 06171-52547.

SPAIN—MADRID

THE COMMUNITY CHURCH, meeting in Eurobuilding, Padre Damian, 23. Worship services in English each Sunday, 11 a.m. Protestant, interdenominational, international.

SWITZERLAND—ZURICH

INTERNATIONAL PROTESTANT CHURCH worship and Sun. School 11 a.m. Rev. Rex Brown, Taboriapelle, Promenadengasse 4. Tel.: 01/32 3573.

U.S.S.R.—MOSCOW

ANGLICAN and NONDENOMINATIONAL Services every Sunday. Call: U.S. Embassy 252-00-11 or Rev. R. Oppenheim (Chaplain): 143-25-62 for time and location of services.

Obituaries

Chang Ti-hsueh, New Member Of Peking Central Committee

HONG KONG, Sept. 7 (UPI). —Chang Ti-hsueh, 58, a newly elected Central Committee member at last week's 10th National Congress of the Chinese Communist party, died of illness Monday in Peking, the Chinese news agency said today.

The news agency did not specify the illness but said a memorial service was held yesterday at the hall of the Papaoshen Cemetery for Revolutionaries in Peking.

Mr. Chang also was vice-chairman of the Hupen Provincial Revolutionary Committee and political commissar of the Wuhan Military Command in central China, the news agency said.

During World War II, Mr. Chang commanded a brigade in the Hupei-Honan-Anwhei military region, where Communist guerrillas fought occupying Japanese forces. Mr. Chang was under the command of Gen. Li Hsien-nien, now a vice-premier in the government.

After the 1949 Communist revolution, Mr. Chang was appointed to the Hupei Communist party committee and in 1956 he became provincial governor.

He survived the Cultural Revolution, when many party officials lost their posts, and continued to serve in Hupei as a senior member of the party there.

3 Killed, 29 Injured In Apartment Blast

NAPLES, Sept. 7 (Reuters).—A man, a woman and a baby were killed, 29 persons were injured and at least eight were missing last night after part of a seven-story apartment building collapsed at Casavatore near here.

Residents of the building who escaped said they heard two explosions a few seconds apart before the collapse. Police found the remains of a secret store of fireworks in the building's basement.

Douglas G. Macagy

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7 (NYT). —Douglas G. Macagy, 60, who as curator of exhibitions at the Hirshhorn Museum and Sculpture Garden of the Smithsonian Institution was preparing for the opening of its collection of modern sculpture next spring, died yesterday in Georgetown University Hospital after a brief illness.

A noted arranger of exhibitions, he had been deputy chairman of the National Endowment for the Arts from 1968 until he took the Hirshhorn post last year.

Col. Elmo R. Zumwalt Sr.

SEATTLE, Sept. 7 (AP).—Col. Elmo R. Zumwalt sr., 81, a retired U.S. Army physician and father of Adm. Elmo R. Zumwalt jr., chief of naval operations, died on Wednesday.

John Karcis

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 7 (AP).—John (Five Yards) Karcis, 64, whose power running helped the New York Giants to the National Football League title in 1938, died Tuesday. The former fullback at Carnegie Tech University played professional football with Brooklyn, Pittsburgh and the Giants, and he coached briefly for the Detroit Lions.

Lester Lane

NORMAN, Okla., Sept. 7 (UPI). —Basketball coach Lester Lane, 41, who returned to the University of Oklahoma last spring in hopes of making the basketball team as powerfull as the Sooner football squad, died on Wednesday without ever getting a chance to coach a game.

Mr. Lane collapsed and died from a heart attack following a lunch-hour basketball game with faculty members.



Associated Press.

A cannon of the Golden Hinde fires a salute to destroyer Belfast in the Thames.

Replica of Drake's Golden Hind(e) Sails to London

LONDON, Sept. 7 (AP).—The Golden Hinde, a costly copy of Sir Francis Drake's flagship, sailed up the Thames to London today and fired a broadside of blanks that sent hundreds of Londoners flocking to see the wooden vessel.

The spelling of the ship's name differs from the original, which was Golden Hind. The vessel's American owners asked for the "e" to be added because it's "more olde worlde."

The ship arrived in London on the 440th anniversary of the birth of Queen Elizabeth I, the monarch who championed Drake and sent him off on many 16th-century naval missions.

A Floating Museum

The $625,000 ship was built in Appledore, a shipbuilding port in Devon, Drake's home county in southwest England.

The full-size replica of Drake's 100-ton warship was ordered by a San Francisco company as a floating museum. It will sail for the United States later this year from Plymouth, Drake's base for his voyages against the Spaniards, and is expected to arrive in San Francisco in October of next year.

It took two years to construct, complete with flaxen sails, 18 cannons, carved oak furniture and other Elizabethean period items, specially made by craftsmen from all over England for about $75,000.

The Golden Hinde will have only 16 crewmen for the transatlantic voyage under Capt. Adrian Small, 44, of Devon. Drake's ship had a crew of 80 seamen.

The vessel will remain moored in the Thames for three weeks as a tourist attraction before returning to Plymouth for modification for the ocean voyage.

Germany, Iceland Set More Talks

BONN, Sept. 7 (AP).—Two days of fishing-dispute talks here between Iceland and West Germany ended today with a report of some progress. More talks were set for mid-October in Reykjavik.

Hans Apel, a Bonn Foreign Ministry aide, told newsmen that there had been "constructive progress" on some points of a proposed interim solution to the year-old dispute over Iceland's unilateral extension of its coastal fishing limits from 12 to 50 nautical miles. He said key differences remained over catch limits and the number of vessels allowed in the zone.

Five Die in Crash Of Brazil Airliner

RIO DE JANEIRO, Sept. 7 (Reuters).—Six persons were killed when a small airliner crashed shortly after takeoff last night from Furnas Dam, about 352 miles northwest of here, an airline spokesman said today.

Over 4-Year Period

U.K. Sets Compensation Cost In N. Ireland at £50 Million

BELFAST, Sept. 7 (AP).—The British government disclosed today that the four years of bloodshed in Ulster has cost Britain £50 million in compensation paid to the victims of guerrilla attacks.

More than $44 million has been paid out to cover damage to property and possessions and £5 million more on personal injury claims, the Northern Ireland administrator's office said.

Elaborate Ambush

"These figures together are not worth one human life lost," a spokesman commented.

Meanwhile, guerrillas killed an off-duty militiaman today in an elaborate ambush at an isolated farmhouse near the border with the Irish Republic.

A squad of gunmen held up workers at the farm's dairy at breakfast time, locked them up in a shed and gunned down 53-year-old Matthew Lilly, a private in the part-time Ulster Defense Regiment, when he arrived with a truckload of milk.

"It was a deliberate and cold-blooded assassination," a police officer reported. "The terrorists knew exactly who they were after."

Mr. Lilly, believed to be a Protestant, was the 883d known fatality in Northern Ireland's sectarian warfare and the 200th person to die this year.

The gunmen, believed to be a squad from the IRA Provisional wing, fled across the frontier after the slaying near Belcoo.

The slaying triggered fears that the shadowy Ulster Freedom Fighters, a tightly knit group of Protestant extremists, may carry out revenge raids on Catholics in the British province.

A statement from the organisation today denied a statement yesterday purported to have come from the group saying it would observe a cease-fire from midnight tonight.

The statement, signed by "the real Capt. Black" and sent to a Belfast newspaper, said there had been no cease-fire decision.

Observers were surprised yesterday when the announcement of the cease-fire was issued as it contradicted an earlier announcement from the group saying it would step up its campaign against Catholic bars and churches.

Gas Spreads in U.S. City

GREENSBURG, Pa., Sept. 7 (AP).—A railroad tank car full of deadly chlorine gas sprang a leak in a heavily populated section of this southwestern Pennsylvania city today. Authorities reported that at least six persons were injured or affected by fumes.

A Happy Owner Gets the Bird On Vulgar Basis

GRENOBLE, France, Sept. 7 (Reuters).—A myna bird with a coarse turn of phrase has been returned to his owner here after settling a dispute with a few well-chosen words.

A man whose myna bird flew away from home three months ago saw an identical bird for sale in a pet shop. The shopkeeper said he had bought it.

The owner, who told police that his bird had a foul beak, walked into the shop and was greeted by the bird saying "Hello you old bastard." The bird was returned to him, according to the police.

Newly Elected Head of TUC Prepares to Confront Heath

BLACKPOOL, England, Sept. 7 (AP).—A farmhand's son today became head of the British labor movement and prepared for an almost immediate confrontation with Prime Minister Edward Heath's government.

Lionel (Len) Murray, a 51-year-old former Communist, was elected to replace Vic Feather as general secretary of the Trades Union Congress (TUC), which represents 10 million organized British workers.

Mr. Feather bowed out after only four years in the job after reaching the mandatory retirement age of 65. His successor, an Oxford-educated economist almost unknown to rank-and-file labor unionists, was appointed on the final day of the TUC's annual conference here.

Mr. Murray, who was Mr. Feather's assistant general secretary, will have the briefest of apprenticeships.

This fall, he will lead a delegation of senior labor union spokesmen into a round of vital talks with Mr. Heath's Conservative government, which is currently beset by numerous economic difficulties.

Mr. Murray's performance in the TUC's top job will be crucial. Mr. Heath is anxious to negotiate a TUC agreement for the third phase of his Nixon-style anti-inflation program begun last year.

Mr. Heath's economic headaches include inflation running at close to 10 percent a year, a downward floating pound and a balance-of-payments deficit expected to reach $2.8 billion in 1973.

The unions want to know if the government will allow more generous salary deals in order to make up for the effect of inflation, and particularly the high cost of food and housing, on wages.

EDUCATION DIRECTORY

EUROPE

SCHILLER COLLEGE

EUROPE

Students of all ages have gained from the experience of studying abroad. Foreign study in our century prepares students for the future in which mankind must break through the narrow national and provincial confines toward –feeling, thinking, and acting in a way that encompasses all men as a whole.

For young Americans who wish to enter the fields of international relations, the diplomatic service, art history, literature, religion, journalism, foreign languages, international business, philosophy, painting, theater, and music, such a period of study in Europe has become an essential part of their training. Direct contact with other peoples and cultures is an indispensable element in a true liberal arts education and most American colleges today not only allow but encourage their students to study abroad.

Schiller College is an international coeducational college with study centers in England, France, Germany, and Spain. It offers American and international students academic year programs, summer sessions, interim programs, and a four-year curriculum leading to the Bachelor of Arts, Bachelor of Fine Arts, Bachelor of Music, and Bachelor of Business Administration degrees. Graduate programs in Germany, France, and Spain lead to the Master of Arts, Master of Fine Arts, and Master of Music degrees.

Students entering the freshman class of the College can continue their studies at the Schiller study centers in one or two countries or transfer to another center in a different country each semester, thus becoming familiar with the main European traditions and cultures. Graduate students have the unequalled opportunity to study at Schiller College toward their master's degree in French, German, or Spanish literature at the very sources of the culture in these countries.

Presently there are approximately 650 Americans and international students enrolled at Schiller College. The study centers are kept small in size to offer an antidote to the anonymity of academic life at the big universities. American students coming to European universities are frequently bewildered by the unfamiliar and often confusing academic systems which they encounter, and their stay in Europe may easily prove a failure academically. Whereas no European university awards its students grades for individual courses, a practice which makes it almost impossible for an American college registrar to evaluate a student's work in Europe, Schiller College has adopted the American system of course work, examinations, and grading and offers those courses for which credit may be transferred to American colleges. Furthermore, the American student is not compelled to follow lectures in a foreign language. Instead, at Schiller, he may take courses given in English, or if he is majoring in the language of the host country he may enroll in language and literature courses taught in the foreign language. Convinced, however, that language is the door to deeper understanding of other cultures, Schiller College encourages each student to take at least one foreign language course throughout the academic year.

The academic program provides a number of courses specifically designed to aid the student in understanding what is unique to European culture. These courses, which in part are coordinated with the Cultural and Travel Program of the College, help the student integrate the European culture into his own experience. The Travel Program of the College acquaints the students with the major places of historical, political, and artistic interest in Europe.

Students at Schiller College will find their stay in Europe to be a formative and decisive event in their lives. They will gain a broader outlook, a new sense of purpose, and a degree of sophistication that comes from close contact with members of other cultures. Most of all, by testing their own ideas and convictions against those of their fellow European students, they will obtain a deeper insight into and a greater appreciation of the ideals of their own tradition.

At Schiller College, young men and women of different backgrounds from all 50 of the United States and from 30 countries are brought together in an international experience that builds understanding of many cultures and helps students become aware of the need for studying and searching for the solutions to the problems facing our generation.

Schiller College also offers programs for elementary school age children at Schiller Academy, Heidelberg. Plans are to add courses on the high school level at Schiller Academy, Heidelberg, in 1974.

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LONDON THEATER:

When Second-Rate Coward Is the Best

By John Walker

LONDON, Sept. 7 (IHT).—The dearth of good comedy in London has been in no way lessened this week by the opening of several plays whose only intent has been to spread a little joy, to bring a smile to the lips and a spring to the step. Alas, I have exited as if to a funeral march, with a black cloud of gloom settling despondently around me—a tiny cloud, to be sure, no bigger than the authors' attainments, but no doubt a portent of worse to come.

There are few plays around that can provide a good laugh. The Haymarket has "Crown Matrimonial," the ultimate soap opera, ripely enjoyable in the manner of a big, bad film; and there is Alan Ayckbourn's "Absurd Person Singular," which is not as substantial as some would believe, Alan Bennett's over-extended "Habeas Corpus" and Noel Coward's "Private Lives."

I was reminded just how good a comedy Coward wrote by the resurrection at the Westminster Theatre of his "Relative Values," a tired piece of work given a somnolent and solemn production. The cast approaches its stale jokes with all the reverence of a British Rail waitress dusting off a week-old doughnut. Even the weakest remarks are delivered within quotation marks, to signal the fact that they are meant to be funny.

The play, first produced 20 years ago, shows Coward on the defensive. He seems to have felt threatened by the changes in audiences' dramatic expectations in the 1950s and by the emergence of working-class talents. He reacts in a petulant way. His theme is summed up in the stupid, snobbish toast at the end, delivered by a Jeeves-like butler to "the final inglorious disintegration of the most unlikely dream that ever troubled the heart of man—social quality."

The plot turns on the Countess of Marshwood (Margaret Lockwood) dissuading her idiot son (Kenneth Fortescue) from marrying a Hollywood star (Joyce Blair) who turns out to be the sister of the countess's maid (Gwen Cherrell), thus creating tremendous social embarrassment.

"Relative Values" nurtures the fantasy that the perfect world is one in which everyone knows his place, that is: The upper classes are born to rule and the others to serve them, even if, as in the play, the mistress is totally dependent on her maid (although the obverse does not hold) and it is the butler who holds the household together.

Too much of the humor depends upon trivial remarks followed by another character drawling "How extraordinary!" and Coward relies a great deal on his audience finding suburban place-names intrinsically funny. But his craft had not entirely deserted him and there is a neat scene with Gwen Cherrell funny as the maid attempting to act the part of a lady. There are little asides in the play that suggest Coward was aware of the thinness of it all, although he has written a comfortable star part for the countess, which Margaret Lockwood fits well, even if she does deliver her lines in the clipped tones of their author.

Imported Comedy

What is hard to contemplate is that this second-rate Coward holds up far better than an imported Broadway comedy, Jean Kerr's "Finishing Touches" at the Apollo. I can find nothing constructive to say about it and grow tired of a ferocious assault on gnats. The play does contain a critic who comes up with the perfect notice for it: "Gave a new meaning to the word interminable."

A British version of comedy outdated in its social assumptions, "Two and Two Make Sex," has opened at the Cambridge.

I'd hate to rely on current theater to keep me amused.



Keystone.

Noel Coward
..."Relative Values."

'Otello' in Geneva

Jean-Claude Riber, former director of the opera in Nancy, France, opens his first season as the late Herbert Graf's successor as director of the Grand Théâtre in Geneva by staging a new production of Verdi's "Otello," with *George Sebastian as conductor* and Serge Marzoliff as designer. Charles Craig sings the title part, with the Bulgarian soprano Anna Tomova-Sintov as Desdemona. The performances are scheduled for Sept. 13, 15, 17, 20, 22 and 25.

Spotlight on Gluck's Life and Work

By William Weaver

SIENA, Italy, Sept. 7 (IHT).—In addition to Paganini and Gazzaniga, the composers featured in Siena's 30th Settimana Musicale were Schoenberg and Gluck. Of the two, Schoenberg received better treatment: Chamber works were performed by the LaSalle Quartet, which has been teaching this summer at Siena's Accademia Chigiana, and by the excellent Ensemble Die Reihe, whose program included the brief, rarely heard "Ein Stelldichein" as well as the three short pieces for chamber orchestra. In the same concert, the ensemble also played—superbly—the Webern "Six Pieces" Op. 6 in the little-known second version for winds, string quartet, piano, harmonium and percussion.

During the days of the festival, the Accademia Chigiana sponsored, in collaboration with the University of Siena, an international *meeting of musicologists* who discussed various aspects of Gluck's life, his works and their performance. Many of the contributions were of more than academic interest and when the report of the congress is published they will surely prove not only an important document in Gluck scholarship but also valuable reading for the dedicated layman.

Music in Italy

Layman and scholars alike, however, could only be dismayed by the festival's two Gluck events, a concert performance of his opera "Paride ed Elena" and performances—also unstaged—of two ballet scores, "Semiramis" and the crucial "Don Juan." An orchestra, called for the occasion "Orchestra della Settimana Musicale Senese" (in which a number of faces from the Florence orchestra were familiar) played the ballet scores dreadfully: ragged attacks, dubious intonation and general lack of enthusiasm. Their conductor, the composer Vieri Tosatti, obviously knew the music, but was unable to communicate any of its character. A pity, because both scores are masterful and the "Don Juan" cries out for stage revival with intelligent choreography.

The same orchestra played almost as badly for Piero Bellugi in the unfortunate "Paride ed Elena." The tenor Franco Bonisolli, singing the castrato role in Paris, has no notion of how to sing Gluck: His sobs and scoops would have been unworthy of Mascagni.

Katia Ricciarelli, the Helen, was little better; there was no evidence that she had done more than read through the part. His generic singing was uniformly dull and, on occasion, shrill.

This opera—Gluck's last collaboration with the librettist Calzabigi—is a delicate and difficult work. The Siena revival will hardly encourage others, and yet performed with grace and understanding, "Paride ed Elena" ought to be constantly pleasurable.

Dali Works Stolen

CAPE TOWN, Sept. 7 (Reuters).—A portfolio of 12 original engravings by Salvador Dali and an undisclosed number of paintings by other artists were stolen from a private gallery here during the night, the police said. The value of the haul was estimated to be more than 20,000 rand ($27,750).

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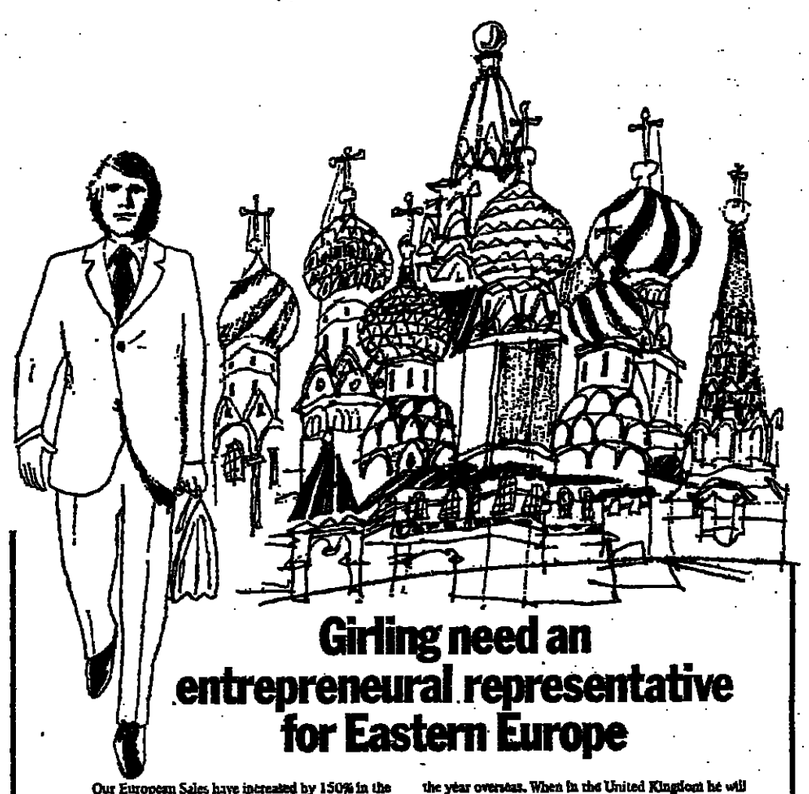
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THE ART MARKET

Focus on Neglected Pottery

By Souren Melikian

LONDON, Sept. 7 (IHT).—The exhibition of "Greek Pottery from South Italy 425-250 BC," which opened yesterday at Charles Ede's, 37 Brook St., is a reminder of the neglect into which this art has fallen in Britain and on the Continent.

In museums it tends to be relegated to far ends of rooms filled with pottery from Greece proper. At auction, it usually fetches low prices. Pieces decorated in pure Greek style will bring only half the price of a work from Greece itself. The small black wares are possibly the most underrated. It is not unusual for a pleasant pot, including a small kantharos —a two-handled stemmed cup— and a couple of bowls, to be knocked down under £30 at run-of-the-mill sales of Greek and Roman antiquities at Sotheby's or Christie's.

However, Charles Ede, now in his 50s, a man who worked in the publishing business for a quarter of a century, has brought ideas to the market, unorthodox, perhaps, to the old hands, but ideas that work.

Mr. Ede points out that there are few collectors in Britain or Europe. Most of the pieces he has sold in the past have been acquired by South Africans, Australians, New Zealanders and Americans—generally universities or teaching institutions of various types for study purposes. He feels sure that the present collection of 48 pieces gathered over a period of approximately 18 months will go the same way.

The first exhibition of south Italian wares he organized two years ago on the same principle —small collection, carefully catalogued with scholarly entries, most of them illustrated in an accompanying brochure—was sold out within the first three days. He says the same will happen again which explains why he holds exhibitions that last only 10 days.

In fact, by the time the exhibition opens, many pieces have already been virtually bought by the numerous overseas institutions and collectors who receive copies of the brochure.

His interest lies exclusively in antiquity down to the end of the Roman Empire. Geographically it ranges from the Near East and Egypt to Greek, Roman and Celtic. He has been holding regular exhibitions every two months.

Mailing System

Mr. Ede's mailing system is perhaps his greatest claim to originality. He founded the Folio Society, which specialized in demi-luxe limited editions. Fifteen years ago he decided to diversify the activities of his company and created a sister firm, Folio Fine Art Society.

The idea was to offer to the public of collectors from the provinces or even distant countries interested in his fine books a choice of antiquities at low prices. This meant reaching a public which had not played a role on the art market primarily for geographical reasons.

What do you do if you want to buy antiques in Newcastle, England or New Orleans? If you are not a rich man you could perhaps afford an epychis—beaked jug with reel-shaped body—at £80, but not a weekly or even monthly fare to the London or New York auction room.

This would have been dismissed by traditional antique dealers. For they thought that they *knew* that well-heeled collectors would never buy from a catalogue but would have to see and handle an object first.

Mr. Ede's method, however, proved workable because he did not try to reach metropolitan collectors first but those who had no other source.

The Folio Fine Art Society expanded fast to the point of overshadowing the publishing firm. Two years ago, Mr. Ede and his associates—the firm had a section of antiquities, another of old prints and lithographs, etc.—closed down the firm, parted, and Mr. Ede opened his new gallery on Brook Street to exploit the idea to the full and devote himself entirely to antique dealing.



The pelike, which is the showpiece in the exhibition of pottery at Charles Ede's in London.

His taste for fine publication reflects itself in his catalogues. His introductions, however short, read like well-written articles giving in compact and clear form the historical background required to set the objects in perspective. The reader will be told how the Greeks founded their first colonies in Italy and Sicily during the second half of the 8th century BC and how until the mid-5th century the colonists remained so closely tied to the mother country that they depended on imports for their pottery. In the current catalogue, he will read about the first Athenian painter who actually settled in Italy and is not known by name but is identifiable from his style—the so-called Pisticci Painter represented by a large water jar or hydria, 24.4 centimeters high in the show. A detailed commentary of the scene describes two women standing on either side of a vase on which an enigmatic owl is perched. And that perhaps will induce him to pay the £850 asked in spite of the repairs and "some restoration," as the catalogue puts it. Mr. Ede's literary taste, I suspect, often commands his actual choice of pieces.

The Showpiece

His showpiece in the exhibition is a pelike, or two-handled vase, 24.7 centimeters high. It shows "(a) Orestes about to murder Aegisthus while Clythemnestra looks on in despair and (b) three young men wearing the himation." The scene taken from the Oresteia was a favorite with Greek vase painters but had never been recorded previously on a vase from Lucania—far to the south in the boot of Italy.

Acknowledgements properly made to university professors who have made the scholarly contributions—in this case, Prof. A. D. Trendall—and bibliographical references to the latest scholarly publications on the object leave no doubt in the layman's mind. After that he can only feel he gets a lot for his £1,850.

The modern taste for precision is thus fully satisfied. Mr. Ede's familiarity with the bibliophile's obsession for detail thus helped him carve himself out a comfortable and original position in the dealing world.

THE GALLERIES

London

Bronze, Silver & Gold, Alwin Gallery, 9 Grafton Street, London W. 1, to Sept. 14.

This show commemorates the amalgamation of metal founders Morris Singer of England and Susse of France. It is an excellent collection of sculpture by those for whom they cast. It includes work by Hepworth, Guino, Ayrton, John Reynolds, Frink, Cesar, Paolozzi, Mannoni, Artigas and Chadwick.

* * *

Georgiana Safran, Reeves Stand, Do It Yourself Exhibition, Empire Hall, Olympia, London W. 14, to Sept. 15.

Previewed at the ICA, these batiks may be divided into "pure" and "applied," the pure being splendidly colored panels, which owe something to the artist's training as a stained-glass designer; the applied being more boldly worked compositions made up into stunning gowns.

* * *

Terry Durham and Balraj Khanna, Nicholas Treadwell Gallery, 36 Chiltern St., London W. 1, to Sept. 15.

Both the painters in this complementary show are veteran exhibitors. Both have a marked command of the subtleties of color; but Durham tends to abstract and highly textured work, while Khanna is a smooth, romantic figurationist.

* * *

Maud Sumner, Drian Galleries, 5/7 Porchester Place, Marble Arch, London W. 2, to Sept. 21.

Inspired by a recent journey to the Namib Desert in South-West Africa, this collection of recent paintings is subtitled by the artist "Crossing Through Silence and Space." As one would infer, these are paintings of open spaces of sand and water, with mere suggestions of human passage. The best of them well convey man's fear of and fascination with nature at its most elemental.

* * *

Dod and Ernest Procter and Maxwell Armfield, Fine Art Society, 148 New Bond St., London W. 1.

This show is in the nature of minor memorial retrospectives for Dod Procter and Maxwell Armfield, both of whom died last year. Dod (Doris Margaret) and her husband were academic and orthodox painters, who yet at their best were keepers of a worthy tradition. Armfield was a designer and miniaturist who perfected a technique of painting in tempera.

* * *

Young Painters, DM Gallery, 72 Pulham Road, London S.W. 3, to Sept. 29.

The three young British artists concerned are Robert Radcliffe, who paints large realist oils of urban scenes, sometimes with surreal undertones; Hugh O'Donnell, working on a large scale in the abstract expressionist vein; and John Rogers, who paints small acrylis in the photo-realist manner.

* * *

Edward Marle, Portal Gallery, 16a Grafton St., London W. 1, to Sept. 29.

Influenced chiefly by contemporary Spanish and Mexican realists, this Scottish painter, whose first London show this is, has a dark and sinister vision of the human animal. Saturnalias, apocalypses, last judgments and hauntings are the subject matter of these strong, finely drawn oils.

* * *

Ad Dekkers, Lucy Milton Gallery, 125 Notting Hill Gate, London W. 11, to Oct. 2.

Dekkers, a Dutch geometrical abstractionist, is primarily concerned with formalism and proportion. Current reliefs include some fine wood panels with sawed divisions and aluminum constructions.

* * *

Aart Van Kruiselbergen, Marjorie Parr Gallery, 285 King's Road, London S.W. 3, to Sept. 29.

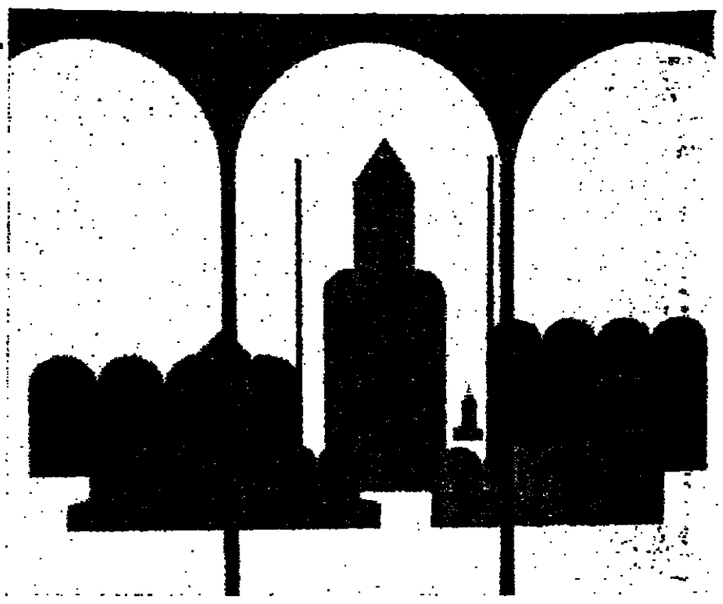
This artist, who trained in his native Holland as an industrial designer as well as a painter, is no stranger to London, having worked here for three years in the mid-1960s. Now settled in the south of France, his new paintings are very pure, not to say austere, and continue the strain originated by Léger and the Purists of Paris.

* * *

Horst Antes, Gimpel Fils Gallery, 30 Davies Street, London W. 1, to Sept. 30.

Antes's icthyphallic-nosed and brachycephalic manikins are now unmistakable. It depends on one's temperament whether one finds them childishly appealing or monstrously abnormal. I tend to the latter view, though I must concede that these oils are exemplary in technique.

—MAX WYKES-JOYCE.



"Arches," oil on board, by Aart van Kruiselbergen, at the Marjorie Parr galleries in London.

Paris

Imaginary Bas-Reliefs of the Ancient Middle East, Hôtel de la Monnaie, 11 Quai de Conti, Paris 6, to Oct. 31.

This fine and unusual exhibition presents the tiny monumental sculptures of Middle Eastern cylinder seals, round stamps, rings, clay tablets, etc. that served for over 2,000 years as credit card, commercial guarantee, instrument of state administration and of contracts and, internationally, of authentication on treaties. Nearly 600 of them are presented here. The extreme stylistic simplification that seems so modern when the works are enlarged is, in fact, a consequence of their smallness. There is more variety here than one might expect and the minute friezes sometimes evoke a world of archetypal dreams—an accomplishment that a surrealist might well have envied.

* * *

Molas of the Kuna Indians of Panama, Galerie Urubamba, 4 Rue de la Bûcherie, Paris 5, to Sept. 29.

This new little gallery is devoting its first exhibition to the brilliantly colored and contrasted cloth works of the Kuna Indians of Panama known as Molas. These works, often of a labyrinthine geometric design, are composed of a number of superimposed layers of cloth of various colors, cut out and sewn together so as to form an intricate pattern. Sometimes the pattern depicts a subject from life (a boxing match), sometimes a design without representational purpose. The items displayed strike me as being of good quality, giving a good insight into a vigorous and unfamiliar form.

* * *

Thépot, Galerie Lia Grambihler, 14 Rue Domat, Paris 5, to Sept. 29.

A small exhibition of works by Roger-François Thépot, a French artist of 48, who appears to stand somewhere at the confluent of Mondrian, Vasarely and Reinhardt. So much to indicate that it is subtle, austere, geometrical and bent upon the discovery of some sort of absolute.

* * *

Music and Dance, Musée Rodin, 77 Rue de Varenne, Paris 7, to Sept. 30.

Some 115 sculptures and drawings devoted to the title subjects by Zadkine, Rodin, Chana Orloff, Gonzales, Fenosa, Busato, Camille Claudel (sister of the poet and disciple of Rodin), Bourdelle and a number of others. There are a number of works of real quality (the artists quoted represent some of them) while many would not look out of place—unfortunately—in a suburban garden of the sort one encounters on one's way out of Paris.

—MICHAEL GIBSON.

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ART IN BELGIUM: America Honored in Brussels Festival

BRUSSELS, Sept. 7 (IHT).—At the core of one of the most animated areas of Brussels, American art holds a place of honor.

In the commune of St. Gilles, which surrounds Brussels's oldest entry gate, the Porte de Hal, September is festival time and each year a country or an epoch is chosen as the theme for the celebrations. This year, it's America, and both folkloric and cultural events will have an American accent all month.

Vendors in the popular open-air market on the Parvis St. Gilles launched the festivities by dressing up as Indians, cowboys, American dandies and frontier belles, to reproduce a slice of America in the last century. Stalls were decked in U.S. bunting while a band with the intriguing name of Baby Washboard et Les Hot Rabbits pounded out jazz from the podium in the middle of the market.

In a building opening right onto the marketplace, a related exhibit of American books and clothings has been installed. American engraver Joan Aghib, with her own atelier in Brussels, is showing with the House of Paperbacks an American bookshop specializing in English-language books.

Looming Cranes

Set on panels amid tables strewn with books about America by Europeans, about Europe by Americans, children's books and art books, the Aghib etchings are entirely at ease in their literary surroundings. They have the demolition of the old city of Brussels as subject and thus have special interest for those concerned with the environment.

Solitary walls left standing with patches of patterned paper and bright paint still intact, cranes looming over cavernous trenches, forlorn half-rows of graceful old houses marooned among Alpine ranges of unfinished office blocks, these scenes reflect the bombed-out aspect of a new capital rising out of self-inflicted wounds. These engravings are among the best work Joan Aghib has done, tautly etched line, pattern insets, raised relief form being used to convey the shock effect of a townscape in destructive upheaval.



Harold Cousins's bronze plaque and interlocking rods on view in Brussels.

The modernized St. Gilles Cultural Center shelters other exhibitions, comprising works by American artists living in Belgium: poster art; photographs of American scenes and people by Belgian photographer André Cromphout, superb studies of black urban life jumping with vitality in the seedy surroundings of city ghettos; and a cheerful folklore show of genial giants from Belgian carnival processions to lend a little local color among the foreign imports.

Dark metal sculptures by Harold Cousins are dramatically placed against whitewashed walls. Closely piled bronze and copper plaques densely bunched together present deliberately varied patina tones; scythe-blade shapes build up unevenly into sharp-edged constructions; a lateral piece with widespread wings composed of horizontal plaques linked in different layers by thin, short struts knit space into the structure itself; a tall, freestanding column of interlaced rods takes the eye upward.

Painting on Silk

Batik panels by Jinx Clark drape the walls, her designs painted onto silk brought in from Hong Kong. One problem with batik paintings is the tendency of wax to soften and spread under hot spotlighting; the artist has hung these on heavier batons than usual to tauten the silk so that it holds its stiffness.

The Clark batiks are becoming more painterly, moving away from the decorative craft label. In this show, panels of a dark-skinned torso topped by a smooth mound of black hair draped over a sofa back, the figurative element just barely emerging from the seductive flow of pure form, stand as paintings in their own right.

The third American artist in the group, Lucille Herman, is young and this is her first show. Her work, though promising, has not reached a standard where it can be fairly judged beside these sculptures and batiks. One or two of the monotypes, and a large, bright sprawling oil painting, come through well.

Children are given a place in all this with a comparison between the American child's-eye view of Belgium and the Belgian schoolchild's idea of America.

Besides art, there will be concerts by American musicians living in Belgium and a week of American films, with a program that includes "King Kong," "Catch 22," "Duck Soup" and "Woodstock."

Joan Aghib etchings and House of Paperbacks books at 1 Parvis St. Gilles to Sept. 14.

Group show: photographs, posters, giants, film shows at Centre Culturel, 94 Chaussée de Waterloo, to Sept. 30.

Entertainment in New York

NEW YORK, Sept. 7 (IHT).—This is how The New York Times critics rate new films:

"Lake of Dracula" as a Japanese vampire movie might have proved an intriguing variation for vampire lovers, says Roger Greenspun. But he found the film, directed by Michio Yamamoto, left that idea "all but untouched. The actors are Japanese, but the clothes, the conventions, the architecture—especially the architecture—are all carried over from the West." In the movie, Dracula (actually the great grandson of Dracula) made his way early this century to Lake Fujimi in the middle of Japan. Almost pure animal, he doesn't seduce, he growls, says Greenspun. "Akiko (Midori Fujita), the girl he wants to get his teeth into, is at the same time chased by the vampire and accused of paranoia by her fiancé (Choei Takahashi), a young physician who reduces every fear to Freud. Between the predator and his prey there stands nothing much except some tangled forest, a thunderstorm and creaking doors and stairways. It is as if the whole mystique of repulsive attraction were being reduced to a collection of studio props."

"Slaughter's Big Ripoff" falls short of inventiveness of plot and originality of style, says Lawrence Van Gelder. "It belongs to the class of movie that seems to offer itself for judgment in terms of body count, quarts of gore expended, variety of weaponry, number of panes of glass shattered, excellence in portrayal of death throes and destruction of automobiles," he writes. Directed by Gordon Douglas, the film tells the story of how Slaughter (Jim Brown) wreaks vengeance on Duncan (Ed McMahon), the mob boss whose killer missed Slaughter while doing in some of Slaughter's friends. "Even within its own terms, as latter-day cinema of sheer entertainment concocted out of conspicuous violence, facile sex, with-it locales and a theme of vengeance pitting a loner against the mob and crooked cops, 'Slaughter's Big Ripoff' must be judged third-rate," says Van Gelder.

American West' To Tour E. Europe

FORT WORTH, Texas, Sept. 7 (AP).—The Amon Carter Museum here is sending an exhibition of American art to tour Eastern Europe.

Museum director Mitchell A. Wilder said yesterday the show, called "The American West," is the first such tour of the Communist nations.

The year-long tour, which opens in Warsaw, also includes Romania, Hungary, Yugoslavia and Bulgaria.

The 71 paintings, drawings, prints and bronzes include works by artists such as George Caleb Bingham, Frederic Remington, Charles M. Russell and the Currier and Ives artists.

The exhibition was assembled under a grant from the U.S. Information Agency.

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80⅞	61	AbbtLb 1.20	20	76	63½	61¾	62½	— ¼
49⅞	40½	ACF Ind2.40	10	34	43¾	43½	43¾	
26	16½	AcmeMkt 1	9	11	19¾	19⅛	19¼	+ ⅜
14¾	11⅞	AdmE 1.15e		48	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	
8½	5½	Ad Millis .20	8	2	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
34	11½	Addrsso .60	6	83	13⅛	12⅝	13	— ¼
18	7¼	Admiral	4	17	10⅝	10½	10½	
13¾	10⅝	AdvInv .02e		41	11⅝	11⅛	11¼	+ ⅛
77⅝	57½	AetnaLfeC 2	10	x162	76¾	75	75	— 1¾
60½	47½	AetnaLf pf 2		x3	59	58½	58½	— 1
14⅞	8½	Aguirre Co	18	2	9⅛	9	9⅛	+ ¼
31⅛	11½	Ahman .10e	6	56	14⅝	14	14⅛	— ¼
9	3⅞	Aileen Inc	13	60	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
48⅞	37	AirProd .20	27	223	46¾	45¼	45⅞	— 1⅞
18¼	10¾	Airco .80	9	90	11⅞	11⅝	11¾	+ ¼
3⅜	2	AJ Industris	6	50	2⅛	2	2	
31¼	22¼	Akzona 1.10	9	13	23⅞	23¼	23⅝	+ ⅝
17½	15	Ala Gas 1.18	7	1	16½	16½	16½	
109	98¼	AlaP pf8.28		z410	101	100	100	— 1
37⅛	24⅞	Alaska Intrs	21	87	29⅞	28⅞	29	— ¼
29¼	8⅝	AlbertoC .35	7	512	9⅛	8⅞	9⅛	+ ⅜
17⅝	10½	Albtsn .36a	10	31	14¼	14	14	
34	22⅞	AlcanAlu 1	17	218	33⅛	32⅞	33⅛	
10⅞	7⅛	AlcoStd .36	5	38	8⅛	7⅞	8	
42¾	29¼	AlconLb .16	44	17	33	32¼	33	+ ½
9½	3½	Alexdrs .10e	40	4	6	5⅞	6	
31⅞	23¼	AlisnM 2.98e	8	18	26¾	26⅛	26¼	— ¼
15⅞	6¾	AllALfe .24	8	30	10⅝	10	10⅝	+ ⅜
14½	8⅝	AllegCp .25e	11	12	9⅛	9	9⅛	
29⅞	19¾	AllgLud 1.20	6	17	24⅝	24⅜	24½	— ¼
44⅞	35½	AllgLud pf 3		2	37½	37½	37½	+ ⅜
24⅞	18	AllgPw 1.44	8	170	19¾	19½	19¾	+ ⅛
19⅝	9½	AllenGp .45t	9	40	11½	10⅞	11⅛	
36⅞	28⅛	AlldCh .32	11	106	35⅝	35⅛	35¾	+ ¼
44⅞	27½	AlldMnt .48	20	26	31½	31	31	— ½
22	14¾	AlldPd .68	6	x41	18⅛	17¼	18	+ 1
39⅜	22½	AlldStr 1.40	6	40	24	23⅝	23⅞	— ⅛
5½	3	Alld Supmkt	10	38	4⅞	4¾	4⅞	
12⅝	8	AllisChl .21e	11	113	12	11⅝	11⅞	
15½	8	AllrtAut .50	6	3	8¾	8⅝	8¾	+ ⅛
17½	11⅛	AlphaPl .60	6	3	14¾	14⅝	14¾	+ ¼
72⅝	47⅞	Alcoa 1.94	14	130	71⅝	70⅞	71½	+ ½
6½	4	Amcord .15e	7	11	4⅞	4⅝	4⅞	+ ⅛
6½	4	Amcord .15e	7	11	4⅞	4⅝	4⅞	+ ⅛
53½	29¼	A Hess .30b	19	454	36¼	34⅞	35¼	+ 1⅝
112½	67¼	A Hes pf3.50		192	80¼	77	80½	+ 4
40	15½	AAirFilt .42	20	122	24	23	23	— 1¼
25⅝	9¼	Am Airlin		271	10⅞	10¾	10⅞	— ¼
11¼	6⅛	A Baker .20		4	8	7⅞	7⅞	— ⅛
45⅝	33⅛	ABrnds 2.37	7	61	35⅞	35¼	35⅞	+ ⅛
31½	21	AmBdcst .64	11	171	29	28⅛	28⅝	— ⅛
47½	9⅝	AmBldM .28	9	15	12⅞	12¾	12¾	— ⅜
34¾	27¼	Am Can 2.20	9	76	30½	30	30½	+ ½
26	22½	A Can pf1.75		12	24	24	24	+ ¼
25⅛	15⅞	ACenM 2.32	10	24	17⅝	17½	17⅝	
25⅜	19¼	A Chain 1.20	7	31	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	+ ⅜
32⅛	20¼	A Cyan 1.40	10	229	25	24⅝	25	+ ⅛
27½	17⅞	Am Distill 1	15	2	19	19	19	— ¼
7⅛	35⅝	AmDIsTl .48	21	11	40¼	40	40¼	+ ¼
11⅛	5½	AmDualVt		4	6½	6⅜	6⅜	+ ⅛
13⅞	11⅝	ADul pf.84a		13	12¼	12	12	
30¼	24½	A ElPw 1.90	9	403	26¼	25⅞	25⅞	— ⅜
3¼	⅛	AmExp Ind		26	13-16	¾	13-16	
10¾	1⅞	AmExp pf		z200	2⅛	2	2	— ½
23⅝	15	AmFin 1.10	9	11	16½	16¼	16¾	+ ¼
20¼	16	AmF pf1.50		z400	22½	21	21	+ 3
28⅞	24⅛	AGeBd 1.97e		52	25⅞	25½	25⅞	+ ¼
22⅛	17	AGnCv 1.39e		27	18⅞	18⅝	18⅞	+ ⅛
21⅛	13¼	A Gnins .60	6	60	15⅝	15⅛	15¼	— ⅛
31¼	24¾	A Gln pf1.80		13	25½	25¼	25½	
17⅝	10⅛	A Hoist .60b	7	25	12½	12¼	12⅝	
48¾	40	A Home .64	35	499	42⅝	41⅝	41⅞	— ⅛
52¾	36½	AmHosp .28	41	87	44½	44	44	— ¼
12½	8⅛	AmInves .50	7	16	8⅞	8⅝	8⅞	+ ¼
37⅝	6⅝	A Medici .12	5	195	8⅛	7½	7⅝	
12⅛	4	A Medicorp	4	56	4⅞	4¼	4⅞	+ ⅛
36½	29	A MIICI 1.50	11	644	35¾	35⅛	35⅝	+ ⅜
97	86	A Clx pf5.25		8	91½	90½	90½	+ ¾
47	30¼	ANatGs 2.40	8	100	35⅞	35⅛	35⅞	+ ½
9⅝	6¾	Am Motors	5	278	7⅝	7½	7⅝	
47	30¼	ANatGs 2.40	8	100	35⅞	35⅛	35⅞	+ ½
18⅝	7¾	AmSeat .36p	82	5	8½	8¼	8¼	
28⅞	14¾	AmShip .68	8	4	20	19¾	20	+ ⅛
22¾	17¼	ASmltR 1.20	7	128	20⅞	20½	20½	
15⅝	10½	AmStand .50	8	659	14¾	14⅛	14⅝	— ⅛
63	54¼	A Std pf4.75		6	58	57⅝	57⅝	— ⅛
13¾	10	AmSteril .28	14	91	11⅝	11½	11⅝	
6⅛	4⅞	AT&T wt		1286	5⅞	5⅝	5⅝	
55	46⅝	AmT&T 2.80	10	1064	50	49½	49¾	+ ¼
62⅞	54⅝	AmT&T pf 4		88	58½	58	58¼	+ ½
53½	48¼	ATT pfA3.64		33	50⅝	50¼	50⅝	
13½	9⅞	AWatWk .64	6	95	10⅝	10	10½	— ⅛
12	4½	AmesD .10h	5	11	5¼	5⅛	5¼	— ⅛
18⅞	11¾	Ametek .70	9	41	14½	14⅛	14½	+ ⅛
57⅛	21⅝	AMF In 1.08	9	146	29⅝	28⅝	29⅛	+ ⅝
33¼	13⅝	Amfac .64	7	14	16¾	16½	16⅝	— ⅛
60	38	AMP .07h	45	145	49⅛	47¾	48¾	+ ⅞
9	6⅞	AmpPgh .36	6	11	8¼	8	8¼	+ ⅛
6⅞	3¼	Ampex Corp	11	70	4⅞	4½	4⅝	
14½	4½	Amrep Corp	6	22	5⅞	5⅝	5¾	+ ⅛
30	22⅛	Amstar 1.70	7	28	23⅞	23¾	23⅞	+ ¼
9½	8¼	Amstr pf.68		7	8½	8⅜	8⅜	
44¾	35¾	Amsted 2.60	7	2	40⅝	40½	40½	— ⅜
6	4½	Amtel .20	9	45	5⅞	5½	5¾	+ ¼
24⅜	17⅝	Anacon .50	9	116	23	22¾	22¾	— ⅛
29⅞	17⅛	AnchrH 1.08	6	30	18	17⅞	18	
24⅜	14⅝	AndClay .60	6	10	19	18⅞	18⅞	— ⅛
19⅛	7½	Angelica .10	13	6	10¼	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
75¾	11⅛	AnsulCo .30t	8	34	15⅝	15	15	
18	12	Apache .36b	6	31	13⅛	13	13	
28¾	12⅛	ApcoO .89t	6	14	14⅝	14⅛	14⅝	+ ¼
7⅝	3⅛	ApecoCp .16	16	174	3⅞	3½	3⅞	+ ¼
21½	7½	APL Corp	5	10	9¾	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
9⅛	4	Applid Mag	11	15	5	5	5	
165¼	113	ARA Sv 1.32	24	60	119¾	116⅞	119¼	+ ⅛
14⅞	5⅞	ArcatN .14	46	7	7½	7⅜	7⅜	
30	22	ArctaN pf 2		2	23½	23½	23½	+ ⅜
28	21¼	ArchDan .50	15	25	37½	36⅝	36⅞	
19⅞	3½	Arctic Entr	25	14	5⅜	5⅛	5¼	
13⅝	10	Aristar .72	6	16	10½	10⅛	10¼	+ ⅛
24⅞	18¼	ArizPS 1.16	7	107	19½	19¼	19½	+ ⅛
22	9½	ArBest .40	7	9	9⅞	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
13⅛	4	Arlen RltyD	10	63	5⅛	5	5	
7⅞	5	Armada Cp		6	5¼	5½	5½	— ⅜
25¼	18½	ArmcoS 1.20	6	360	19⅞	19⅝	19½	
31½	27½	Arm pf 2.10		7	28⅝	28⅛	28⅝	+ ⅛
65	54	Armr pf4.75		z110	56½	56	56	
34¼	21¾	ArmstCK .84	14	57	29⅝	28⅛	29⅞	+ 1¼
38	25¼	Arm Ru 1.60	5	8	27	26¾	26¾	
21⅛	13½	AroCp .90b	7	3	14¾	14¾	14¾	
27⅞	13⅞	Arvinind .52	11	42	17¼	16¾	16¾	— ⅜
55¾	34⅞	ASA Ltd .50		89	45½	43¾	44⅝	— ⅜
		ASA Lt fn.50		6	41⅞	39½	41⅞	
33⅛	23¼	AshdOil 1.30	8	61	27⅞	26⅞	27	— ⅛
67	46½	AshlO pf2.40		1	54⅛	54⅛	54⅛	+ ⅜
54½	30	AsdDrG 1.40	10	36	35	34	35	+ 1
33¾	22	AsdSp 1.20b	7	6	23½	23⅛	23⅛	— ⅛
8¼	5⅛	Asd Transp		2	5¼	5⅛	5⅛	
15⅝	9½	Athlone .52b	4	3	11⅝	11¼	11⅝	+ ⅛
23	14⅛	AtlcMt 2.06e	8	12	17¾	17⅝	17⅝	+ ⅛
23½	19⅛	AtlCyEl 1.47	8	x48	21¼	21	21	— ⅛
97	66½	Atl Richil 2	22	426	92½	90¼	90¼	— 1¼
55¼	49½	AtlRc pf3.75		z80	50	50	50	— ¼
155	113¼	AtlRch pf 3		4	156	153¾	153¾	— ¼
62½	50⅛	AtlRc pf2.80		66	61	60	60	— ½
2⅞	1⅛	Atlas Corp	46	16	2	1⅞	1⅞	
10½	6	ATO Inc .16	6	64	7⅝	7⅜	7½	
94¼	37½	Autom Data	43	147	62⅛	61	61	— 1¼
8	3⅞	Autom Ind	6	74	4⅛	3⅞	4	— ⅛
16	8	Avco Corp	3	69	9½	9⅛	9⅝	+ ⅛
4	1⅝	Avco Cp wt		16	2	1⅞	2	+ ⅛
46⅞	34½	Avco pf3.20		8	35¾	35½	35⅝	+ ⅝
48	36⅛	AveryPd .25	39	13	46⅞	46⅝	46¾	+ ⅛
52¼	17½	Avisinc .40	11	12	22⅝	22¼	22½	— ⅛
15⅛	6⅞	Avnetinc .30	5	103	9⅛	8⅞	9	— ⅛
140	109¼	AvonPd 1.40	46	694	109½	105⅛	105½	— 4½
2	12½	AztecO .12t	53	80	17⅞	17	17⅝	+ ⅜

B

High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
81	21½	BabckW .80	12	132	25¼	24½	25	
10⅝	4⅝	Bache .15e	15	28	5½	5⅜	5½	+ ⅛
39	17	Baker In .16	27	29	29⅞	29⅜	29¾	+ ⅛
36⅝	22¼	BakerOil .37	30	26	33⅝	33¼	33¼	+ ⅛
17¼	11	BaldDH .32	6	31	10¾	13⅛	13¼	— ⅛
31⅛	24¾	BalGE 1.96	8	100	26⅝	26⅛	26⅜	+ ⅛
67	55½	Balt pfB4.50		z240	58	56½	58	+ ½
26⅝	22⅛	BanCal 1.34	9	3	23¼	23⅛	23¼	+ ⅜
36⅛	23⅛	Bandag Inc	46	52	35⅞	34¾	34¼	— ⅜
18⅝	5¾	Bangr Punt	4	32	8¼	7⅞	7⅞	+ ⅛
30	22⅛	BangP pf 2		3	23	22½	23	+ ⅛
42	31⅝	Bnk of NY 2	7	6	33⅛	33	33	— ⅜
37	24⅞	Bk of Va .88	12	27	30	29	30	+ 1
68	49½	BankTr 3	9	81	58	57⅝	57⅝	+ ⅛
43⅝	26⅝	BarOil 1.44t		40	29⅞	29½	29⅞	+ ½
39½	23¼	BardCR .14	35	20	27⅞	27⅛	27⅛	+ ⅛
30⅛	22¼	BarnM 2.59e	9	14	26	25⅝	26	+ ⅛
8⅛	6	BasicInc .40	7	2	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
32	23½	Basic pf2.50		240	27	27	27	+ ½
13⅞	9½	BatesMf .20	10	2	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	— ⅛
36⅛	18	Bathind .20	6	76	19¾	19½	19¾	+ ¾
39⅞	17⅛	BauschL .42	22	150	31⅞	30⅞	31½	+ ⅛
61⅛	41¼	BaxtLa .15	60	138	53⅛	52⅝	53	— ⅛
13¾	9¼	BaykCig .50	8	16	10½	9¾	13¾	+ 1
61	32½	Bearings .60	13	9	48¼	47½	48¼	+ 1
30¼	1¼	BearFd .62	16	116	22⅛	22½	22½	— ⅛
47¼	22¼	Beckmn .50	19	40	23¾	22½	23¾	+ ⅛
44¼	29⅝	BectDic .35	28	154	39¾	38⅞	39¾	+ 1⅝
23⅝	12⅛	B echA .73b	6	13	13⅞	13⅝	13⅞	
17¾	9	BelcoPt .25r	7	14	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	+ ⅛
30¼	18⅝	Belden 1.20	8	2	20⅞	20⅛	20¼	— ⅛
15⅞	7¾	BelHm .30b	14	46	10⅛	10	10⅛	+ ⅛
55¼	27¼	Bell How .84	9	35	32	31½	31½	— ½
28	16⅛	BemisCo .80	7	9	19⅛	19	19	— ⅛
51⅛	31¼	Bendix 1.60	8	97	34⅛	33¾	34	— ⅛
53	27½	BenfICp 1.25	7	150	31⅝	30⅝	31	
102½	62	Benef pf4.30		6	70¼	67¼	69¼	— ⅜
35½	30½	Bnft 5pf2.50		230	31	31	31	
5⅞	2½	Benguet	10	156	5⅛	4⅞	5	
		Bengu t fn		9	5	4⅞	5	
22⅝	9	Berkey Pho	8	15	12½	12¼	12½	+ ⅛
37	24⅝	BethSt 1.40a	7	200	27½	25⅞	27½	+ ⅜
54	33½	BigThr .52b	17	23	40¾	40½	40¾	+ ⅜
125	96¾	BlackD 1.08	49	37	122	120½	120½	— 1½
13	6⅝	BlairJhn .48	5	77	6¾	6⅝	6⅝	— ⅛
27⅞	14⅞	BlissLau 1b	6	x13	15¼	14⅞	15⅛	+ ⅛
17	5¼	BlockHR .32	11	78	12⅛	12	12⅛	
38	13½	BlueBel .65a	6	46	18	17½	17⅞	+ ⅛
9⅝	3½	Bobbie Brks	7	37	3⅞	3¾	3⅞	+ ⅛
26⅞	15⅞	Boeing .40	7	378	18⅛	16⅞	17¼	— 1
54⅝	8½	Boise Cas	6	255	13⅞	13½	13⅞	+ ⅛
7⅝	3½	Bond Ind		13	5⅞	5⅛	5¼	
29	18	BkMnth 1.38	7	1	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	+ ⅛
37¼	19⅞	Borden 1.20	9	83	22¾	22½	22⅝	+ ⅛
36⅝	23	BrgWar 1.35	7	103	25¼	24½	24⅝	— ⅜
6	3	Bormans	30	9	3¼	3½	3½	
39⅛	29⅞	BosEd 2.44	10	78	32⅞	33¼	33¼	+ ⅜
113	105½	Bos E pf8.88		z20	109½	108	108	— ½
69⅞	10⅛	Bourns Inc	9	8	16⅛	16	16	— ⅛
16¼	6⅛	BranAir .53t	10	161	11⅛	10⅝	10⅝	— ¼
62⅝	50⅜	BriggsS 1.60	13	165	53	51⅞	52⅞	— 1⅝
72¾	53¼	BristMy 1.32	20	245	61¾	58½	59⅛	— ⅞
45⅞	39½	BrisM pf 2		1	39¼	39¼	39¼	— ⅛
16⅛	13	BritPet .37	14	24	13⅞	13⅝	13⅝	
		BrtPt fn 37e		7	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	
43⅞	24¾	BdwyHal .80	17	42	25⅝	24	25⅝	+ 1⅝
77¼	43½	BdwyHl pf 2		9	62	61¼	62	+ 1½
27¼	13⅛	BrkwyGl .75	4	92	13⅞	13¼	13¾	— ⅛
25⅞	17⅛	BklyUG 1.72	10	51	21¼	21⅛	21¼	+ ⅜
12¼	7	Brown Co	6	13	11½	11⅛	11⅜	
34⅝	22	BrnGrp 1.62	8	15	26⅛	25¾	26⅛	+ ⅛
15	8½	BwnShrp .20	10	4	10	10	10	— ⅛
32	13	BrwnFer .72	17	128	15⅞	15	15	
37⅝	17⅝	Brunswk .24	11	85	25⅞	24⅝	25⅛	+ ⅜
21	2¼	BrushW .40	8	20	26⅞	26½	26⅞	
22½	27⅞	BucyEr 1.20	13	74	33⅛	27⅛	32⅞	— ¼
16¼	11⅛	BuddCo .40	4	21	12⅞	12¾	12⅞	
12¼	5¼	Budget Ind			7⅛	7	7	— ¼
20¼	19½	BuffFor 1.20	9	6	21⅛	20¾	20¾	— ½
31	25½	Bldinv 3.05e	9	60	33⅛	29⅝	30⅛	+ ⅜
19	10½	BulovaW .70	9	73	15¼	16¾	16¼	— ⅛
17¼	8½	BunkRa .10e	5	115	9¼	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
24	16½	Bunk pf1.50		1	18	18	18	+ ¼
35¼	25¼	Burl Indl.40	10	83	29¼	28	28	— 1½
43⅞	26½	BurlNor 1.50	9	130	32¼	31⅞	32¼	+ ⅜
8½	7	BurlNr pf.55		8	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
35¼	17⅞	Burndy .74	13	68	25	24¾	24⅞	+ ⅛
244⅞	209⅞	Burrghs .80	42	143	224¾	221⅛	221⅞	— 2½

C

High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
29¾	22¾	CabCF 2.36e	11	34	25⅝	25½	25¾	+ ¼
48¼	23⅝	Cabot Cp .92	8	28	33¼	33	33¼	+ ¼
8⅝	3¼	Cadence Ind	3	6	4⅛	4	4	— ⅛
5½	3	Caesars Wrl	5	23	3½	3¼	3½	+ ⅛
7½	3½	Cal Finanl	4	22	4¼	4⅛	4½	— ⅛
13	8½	CallahM .34t	23	12	9½	9⅜	9½	+ ⅛
32	24½	CamB 2.77e	8	12	26⅜	25⅝	26	+ ¼
71⅝	35⅛	CampR .50a	33	21	56⅝	55½	56⅛	— ⅜
35	27¼	CampS 1.18	12	46	30	29½	29¾	
6⅝	4	Cdn Brew	23	5	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	— ⅛
19⅝	15⅞	CdnPac .74e	10	57	17⅞	17⅝	17⅞	— ⅛
		CdnP fn.74e		10	16½	16½	16½	
16⅞	12½	CanalR 1.10	11	1	14¼	14¼	14¼	
62½	35	CapCit Com	18	44	46¾	46	46	— 1
31⅛	23⅝	CapHold .26	20	164	29⅝	28⅞	28⅞	— ⅞
24¼	22	CapMt 2.57e	8	3	23¾	23¼	23¾	
73¼	41	Carbrn 1.60	9	26	49⅛	48¼	48¼	
25	15½	Carlisle .68	7	2	17¼	17¼	17¼	+ ¼
82	61¾	CaroC&Oh 5		z120	62	61½	61½	— 1¼
14⅝	8	CaroFrg .40	6	3	8½	8⅜	8⅜	— ⅜
30⅝	21½	CaroPw 1.52	8	152	23⅞	23¼	23¾	— ⅜
25¾	20	CarTec 1.30	6	59	21¾	21⅛	21¾	+ ½
30¼	18¾	CarrCp .52	15	65	24½	23¾	23¾	+ ⅛
27¼	9⅛	CartWa .40a	10	56	10	9¾	9¾	— ⅛
12¼	10¾	CascNGs .92	6	38	10⅞	10½	10⅞	+ ⅛
17¾	12⅛	CastleC .60b	9	30	14	13¾	13¾	+ ⅛
70⅝	53⅝	CaterTr 1.50	16	276	66½	65⅝	66½	+ ½
6⅝	2⅛	Cavngh Cm	3	45	3⅜	3¼	3¼	
4⅝	2⅛	CCI Corp		8	2½	2⅜	2½	+ ⅛
15	7¾	CCI Cp pf		1	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
26¼	14⅛	Ceco Cp 1	6	12	14¾	14⅝	14¾	+ ⅜
42¼	28¼	Celanese 2	7	433	33½	31¾	33⅛	+ 1⅜
23⅝	9¾	Concoinc .20	11	80	16⅝	15⅞	16⅛	— ⅛
28¾	10	Centex .12e	16	76	17¼	17	17¼	+ ⅜
24⅝	20¾	CenHud 1.60	7	21	21⅜	21⅛	21⅜	+ ⅛
25⅛	19⅝	CenIllLt 1.60	10	17	21¼	20½	21⅛	+ ⅜
65½	56¼	CnILt pf4.50		z160	57	56	56	— 1
19¼	14⅛	CentIPS 1.20	10	333	15¼	14¾	15	— ⅛
25	2⅛	CenLaE 1.16	12	9	21⅞	21¾	21¾	— ⅛
18⅞	15¼	CeMPw 1.26	9	25	17	16⅝	17	+ ⅜
23¾	19¼	CenSoW 1.08	13	445	21¾	20⅞	21⅝	+ ⅜
34½	24⅛	Cent Soya 1	11	382	34⅝	34	34½	+ ½
25	20⅞	CenTlUt .96	13	93	23¾	23⅜	23½	
16⅞	12⅞	CerroCp .80	4	500	15¼	15	15¼	+ 1⅞
22⅝	12½	Cert-teed .50	6	24	13⅞	13⅝	13⅞	+ ⅛
43¾	25	Crt-ted pf.90		1	26¾	26⅝	26⅞	+ 1
34⅝	16½	Cessna .80	8	163	25	24⅝	25	
2¾	1¼	Chadbrn Inc		9	1⅝	1⅜	1⅝	
3⅝	2	Chadbrn pf		5	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	— ⅛
23	14⅞	Chmplnt .92	7	165	19¼	19	19	— ¼
74	65½	Chml pf5.50		z20	68	68	68	+ 1
24	18	Chml pf1.20		52	21½	20⅝	21⅛	
18¾	12¼	ChemSp .52	15	378	18⅛	18	18	— ¼
30	13⅞	CharIrCo .30	10	27	24⅛	23⅝	23⅝	— ⅛
35⅝	27⅞	Charlr NY 2	7	21	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	
12	9⅛	ChaseFd .72		15	10⅝	10¼	10¼	
60¼	41½	ChasManh 2	10	585	52⅞	51¾	52⅝	+ 1⅞
70	48⅞	ChasT 5.09e	11	42	55¼	54½	54½	— ⅛
23	15	Checker Mt	13	2	18	17¾	18	+ ⅜
13⅝	6¾	Chelsea .30	4	13	7½	7¼	7¼	— ⅛
22	13¾	Chemetn .80	6	25	16⅝	15⅝	16	— ¼
54⅛	40	ChmNY 2.88	9	139	44¾	42¾	44½	+ 1½
38	29⅞	ChesVa 1.60	10	1	37⅛	37⅛	37⅛	
92	69⅝	Chsbgh 1.12	31	60	74⅝	73½	73⅝	— ⅝
54½	40	Chessie 3a	5	35	43⅝	42⅞	43⅛	+ ¼
10⅝	5½	ChiMilw Cp	3	119	10¼	10⅛	10¼	— ⅛
17⅞	12	ChiMilw pf		5	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞	6
46⅝	30	ChiPneuT 2	10	51	31½	30¾	31¼	+ ½
26¾	10¾	ChRl ct UP		10	14	13	13	— ¾
26½	10½	ChRl ct NW		3	13¼	12	12	— 2
7	4½	ChkFull .20r	16	12	5½	5⅜	5½	+ ⅛
6⅝	3⅝	Chris Craft	51	66	4⅛	3⅞	4⅛	
20⅞	11½	Chromal .70	5	2008	12	11¼	12	
44¼	22¼	Chrysir 1.40	3	416	24⅛	23¾	23⅞	— ¾
18½	6¾	Chrysler wt		49	7⅝	7⅛	7¼	
25	14½	Cl Mlg 2.72e	8	31	18	17¾	18	+ ⅜
22⅞	18⅛	CinBell 1.30	9	17	19¾	19¼	19¼	— ½
25½	20⅞	CinnGE 1.64	9	181	23⅝	23¼	23¼	— ⅛
119	112	CinG pf9.30		250	115	115	115	+ 1½
58½	51	CinGE pf 4		z10	52½	52½	52½	— ¼
44¼	25⅛	CinMila 1.40	20	28	34¾	34⅛	34½	— ⅛
49¼	35	CIT Fin 2.20	10	99	45¼	44⅝	44⅝	— ⅜
53¼	41¾	CitiesSv 2.20	10	100	44½	44	44¼	+ ⅛
39¾	29⅝	CitzSo 2.89e	11	63	33⅛	32¼	33⅛	+ 1⅛
16	10⅛	Cityinvst .60	5	91	12⅞	12½	12⅝	— ⅛
4⅝	1¼	City Inv wt		18	2	1¾	2	+ ⅛
30½	23	Cityin pf B2		64	25⅞	25¼	25⅞	— ⅛
7⅝	4⅞	City Strs	6	24	5⅛	4⅞	4⅞	— ⅛
55	40	ClarkE 1.52	11	151	44¼	43½	44	+ ⅝
28⅞	16¼	Clark Oil .40	6	35	17⅝	17	17⅛	— ⅛
11	5	CLC Am	5	41	6⅝	6	6⅛	+ ⅛
75	56½	CleveCliffs 2	12	5	75¼	75	75	
37⅞	29¾	ClvElIl 2.32	10	48	32¾	31⅞	32¾	+ 1½
53	18½	CloroxCo .52	14	623	18¾	18	18⅛	— ⅛
19⅝	7¾	CluetPea .50	7	41	8⅝	8⅜	8½	— ⅛
91⅞	25⅝	CMIInv Cp	16	13	36⅞	36	36	+ ⅜
20⅝	10⅝	CNA Fin .58	4	119	12½	12¼	12¼	— ⅛
26¼	14¼	CNA pfA1.10	3	80	16⅝	16	16	— ½
150	131	CocaCol 1.90	42	138	145	144⅛	144⅝	+ ⅞
25⅛	17	CocaBtlg .38	28	134	24⅝	23¾	24¼	+ ⅛
26¾	12	ColdwBk .28	6	249	13¼	12½	13¼	+ ½
27½	9¾	Colecoin .86	15	255	11¼	10¾	11⅛	+ ⅝
35⅛	23⅝	Colg Pal .54	27	221	32⅝	31⅝	32⅝	+ ⅛
31⅝	31	Colg Pal wi		1	32¼	32¼	32¼	+ 1¼
57	50	ColgP pf3.50		z20	51½	51½	51½	
18⅝	10⅛	CollinAik .56	8	5	11⅝	11⅜	11⅝	+ ⅛
20⅛	8	Collins Fd	11	30	11½	11	11⅛	+ ¼
25⅞	15⅛	Collins Rad		406	25⅜	25¼	25¼	
68	39¾	ColPenn .20	47	66	63½	63⅛	63½	
22¼	14¼	ColonSt 1.04	7	104	15½	14¾	15¼	+ ½
22½	13½	Colt Ind .70	5	43	14⅛	13⅞	14	
54½	47¾	Colt I pf4.25		1	48¾	48¾	48¾	— ⅜
52	30	CBS 1.46	9	107	30⅞	30¼	30⅛	
35½	21	CBS pf		15	21¾	21¼	21¾	+ ¾
33⅝	25⅝	ColGas 1.90	8	32	27⅝	27¼	27⅝	+ ⅜
9⅞	4¼	Colum Pict		29	4⅝	4½	4⅝	+ ⅛
29	23⅞	ColSOh 1.92	9	21	26⅝	26⅛	26¼	+ ¼
33¾	24½	ColwM 2.97e	8	216	28¼	27⅝	28¼	+ ⅜
81⅞	49⅝	ComBE 1.51	20	91	78⅞	77¼	78⅛	+ 1⅞
19⅞	10¼	ComlSol .60	17	25	18⅝	18¼	18½	
16¼	12	ComSo pf.90		1	14½	14½	14½	— ½
36⅛	28½	ComwE 2.30	9	147	30¼	29⅞	30	— ⅛
12⅝	9⅝	ComE A wt		16	10	9⅞	10	+ ⅛
12½	9⅝	ComEdB wt		2	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	
27⅝	24⅝	ComwE pf1.90		1	25½	25½	25½	
26⅝	23¼	ComE pf1.90		17	24⅛	23⅞	24⅛	+ ¼
24¼	19	ComE pf1.42		12	20⅝	20	20⅛	+ ⅛
11¼	6½	ComwO .18t	23	132	10⅝	9¾	10⅛	+ ⅛
23⅝	18⅛	ComO pf1.72		2	21½	21¼	21½	— ⅜
5½	2¼	Comput Sci		16	3	3	3	+ ⅛
64½	42¼	Comsat .68	18	47	52⅝	51¾	52	— ⅛
17⅞	11⅝	ConAgr .50b	7	11	14	13¾	14	+ ⅜
24¼	16	CneMill 1.08	6	29	16⅝	16⅛	16⅛	
28½	18	ConnG 1.76a	12	549	20⅛	19½	19⅞	+ ½
31⅞	14¼	Conrac .60	8	27	15¾	15⅝	15⅝	— ⅛
26	21⅛	ConEd 1.80	10	179	22⅞	21⅞	22¾	
84½	73	ConEd pf 6		3	75	75	75	+ ¼
68	60	CbnEd pf 5		3	62	62	62	— ½
62¾	54½	CnE pfC4.65		z300	57	56½	56⅞	— ⅞
46⅞	27⅛	ConFds 1.20	11	77	32¼	31⅝	31⅝	
114⅞	72	Con F pf4.50		7	82½	81	82½	+ ½
23⅝	10½	ConFrgl .56	7	42	14½	14⅛	14½	+ ¼
32	25⅛	ConNGs 2.03	8	59	26⅞	26⅝	26⅝	
30¾	25	ConsuPow 2	9	99	26½	26	26	
67½	64	CnPw pf4.52		z30	64½	64½	64½	
65¾	55½	CnPw pf4.50		z250	57½	56¾	57½	+ 1¾
17⅝	7¼	Cont Air Lin	15	79	7¾	7⅝	7⅝	— ⅛
30⅞	22½	Cnt Can 1.60	8	305	24¾	23¾	24¼	— ⅜
42⅛	4¼	ContCopp	13	141	7¼	6½	7¼	+ ⅞
14⅞	11⅝	ClCop pf1.25		z100	13	13	13	+ ⅞
43⅝	34⅝	Cont Cp 2.40	7	126	39⅛	38¾	38⅞	
49½	38½	Cl C pfA2.50		1	42¼	42¼	42¼	
26½	15	ConIlR 1.70e	9	51	17⅝	16⅞	17	+ ¼
15¾	3¾	Continv .16t	6	7	4½	4½	4½	+ ⅛
17	9	CnMtg 1.09e	10	72	11¼	11	11⅛	+ ⅛
44	26¾	ContOil 1.50	8	301	32¾	31¾	32¼	+ ⅜
61½	37½	ContOil pf 2		7	45¾	44¼	45¾	+ 2½
25⅞	18⅞	ContTel .92	12	299	21¾	21	21½	— ¼
62	30⅞	Control Dat	9	268	37¼	36⅞	37⅛	+ ½
32	24¼	Conwood 2	8	4	26½	26¼	26¼	— ⅜
14⅝	7¾	CookUnit .52	5	71	8	7¾	8	— ⅛
37½	21½	Cooperin .80	10	10	33	32¾	32¾	— ½
31¾	6½	Cooper Lab	10	104	7⅛	6⅞	7⅛	— ⅛
20⅝	14⅛	CoopT 1.09e	7	15	15¾	14⅝	15¾	+ 1
24½	16½	Copeind .48	14	36	23⅝	22½	22½	— ½
24½	12⅝	Copp Rnge	62	37	18⅞	18½	18⅞	
30½	21	CopwCp 1.60	5	8	23¾	23½	23¾	+ ⅛
15½	3½	Cordura Cp	3	232	4	3⅝	3⅝	— ⅛
121¾	89¼	CorngG 1.12	31	130	116½	114¾	115⅛	— ⅛
30⅞	23⅝	Cousin 2.22e	11	103	26¼	25½	26	+ ⅜
9⅝	4¾	Cowles Com	15	27	6⅞	6¾	6¾	
40¼	21¼	CoxBdct .35	15	46	27½	26⅞	27½	+ 1
34	225½	CPC Inl 1.77	9	46	28⅞	28⅜	28⅞	+ ⅜
22½	14¼	Krane .80a	5	55	16¾	16½	16¾	+ ⅛
12½	7½	CreditF .42	9	x47	9¾	9¼	9⅝	
32½	22⅝	CrockN 1.66	7	55	25¾	24⅝	25¾	+ 1⅛
19⅝	12	CrompK .80	7	36	13¼	12¾	13¼	+ ¼
28⅝	17⅛	CrouHin .54	15	30	23	22⅝	22⅝	— ⅛
27½	20⅛	Crown Cork	14	139	24⅝	24⅜	24⅝	+ ¼
33⅝	23½	CrwZell 1.20	10	409	33⅝	32	32⅝	— ½
71½	64½	CrnZ pf4.20		250	65½	65	65	— 1
17⅛	12¼	CTS Cp .40	7	12	16¼	16	16¼	
17½	10	Culligan .36	12	14	13⅞	13½	13⅝	— ½
35⅝	16⅝	CurtissWrt	25	98	21⅞	21⅛	21⅜	+ ¼
50¾	24	CutterH .40	9	57	33	31⅝	33	+ 1⅜
26¼	20⅝	CyclopsCp 1	4	18	23¾	23⅝	23⅝	— ¼
36⅝	27½	CyprusMn 1	10	34	35¾	35⅛	35⅛	+ ⅛

(Continued on Page 12.)

INTERNATIONAL
Herald Tribune
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U.S. Officials Optimistic On Tokyo Trade Talks

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7 (Reuters).—Senior Nixon administration and trade officials are confident that the forthcoming talks in Tokyo on the reform of world trade will not be "simply ceremonial or produce a confrontation."

They are also very optimistic that the draft declaration, worked out by a General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade preparatory committee in Geneva last month, will emerge as a virtually unanimous ministerial resolution.

President Nixon's special representative for trade negotiations, William Eberle, told a news conference here yesterday that the United States considers the Tokyo meeting, being held from Sept. 12 through 14, as "a political rallying point to set the course for trade negotiations."

Mr. Eberle noted there are still two unresolved issues facing the Tokyo cabinet-level conferees. The first concerns the extent to which trade expansion and reform talks should be linked to progress in the monetary reform negotiations; the second is related to the nature of the draft concerning special attention to the trade problems of the least developed countries.

Not Major Issues

But Mr. Eberle and his colleagues expressed their belief that these problems are not major issues and can be resolved without too much difficulty.

Privately, some White House sources said that few countries would wish to hold up progress in the monetary reform talk while waiting to see how the trade talks were developing.

Mr. Eberle himself noted the U.S. desire to improve the international economic system—including trade, monetary, investment, military procurement—and described the U.S. position as not being very far apart from that of the Common Market on the trade-monetary link.

Easy Solution

Earlier this year some members of the EEC—notably France—were tying success in the Tokyo trade talks to U.S. willingness to intervene in foreign exchange markets to support the dollar.

The fact that the New York Federal Reserve Bank has been intervening in the markets in a fairly modest way since July 10 is likely to make the small differences on the trade-monetary link a minor and easily solved issue, some U.S. officials argue.

These same officials also believe that the developing countries will recognize the validity of the U.S. argument that a new monetary system coupled with more liberalized trade will benefit the developing countries more than the leading industrial countries.

The ministerial declaration will stress the need to attack all trade barriers and will give special recognition to the political problems associated with agriculture—an area described by one U.S. official as likely to lead to "bloody battles" over the next two years.

Mr. Eberle acknowledged that the recent introduction of export controls by the United States on soybeans would make the U.S. position on agriculture "psychologically more difficult."

But, in addressing the whole question of agricultural bargaining, he said the United States had been able to convince the EEC that it is not challenging the common agricultural policy.

However, while the United States does not disagree with the EEC desire to have some protection at the border, it does not accept export subsidies or the extent of the Common Market's variable duties.

Problem of Authority

One of the questions likely to be raised informally at the Tokyo talks is whether either the United States or the EEC has yet given its negotiators specific enough authority to make possible a meaningful declaration of intent.

Mr. Eberle noted that President Nixon's trade bill should have received congressional passage by the time the commission's negotiators had received their mandate.

The U.S. position is that both the European statement of July and the actions taken by the House Ways and Means Committee give the necessary assurances that specific mandates will be forthcoming.

Latest administration estimates of when the Nixon trade bill, which would give negotiators broad tariff cutting powers, will clear Congress range from the end of February to the end of March, 1974.

Some administration sources believe that the bill, when it finally emerges, will be much more liberal than originally anticipated because of the less protectionist climate in Congress.

The change to a more liberal approach, they said, had been wrought by the improving U.S. trade position internationally and the awareness of the way in which reducing import barriers can help fight inflation in tight domestic supply sectors. But congressional sources noted that there will be some restraints in the bill curtailing presidential negotiating authorities.

Talks Seen Decisive

HANNOVER, Sept. 7 (Reuters).—West German Economics Minister Hans Friderichs said today the forthcoming trade talks in Tokyo will be decisive for the future of world trade.

In a newspaper interview Mr. Friderichs warned against a possible protectionist chain reaction if the talks failed to produce agreement. Successful talks would improve the world trading climate for years and give a boost to economic growth and stability, he said.

IMF Panel Fails to Reach Reform Pact

By Carl Gewirtz

PARIS, Sept. 7 (IHT).—Deputies of the Committee of 20 failed today to bridge disagreements over how to reform the international monetary system.

After three days of meetings here, the deputies, in effect, agreed that the problems are political issues that must be referred back to the finance ministers and treasury secretaries who make up the committee.

Committee chairman Jeremy Morse, at a press conference held three hours behind schedule following the group's decision to go into overtime in a vain effort to make progress, said the meetings were "tough going."

Putting the best possible face on it, he added that this difficulty "fits this stage of the negotiations." Although he said that the group had "reached agreement on some points," he refused under repeated questioning to be specific, saying that it would be "inappropriate."

Virtually the entire three-day period was devoted to aspects of how to persuade countries running balance-of-payments surpluses to take steps to move into equilibrium and how and under what conditions the dollar could be converted into other assets.

There was no discussion of such other key issues as what to do with the billions of dollars currently held by central banks outside the United States, the role of special drawing rights (the so-called "paper gold" created by the International Monetary Fund) in the new system, or the role gold is to play.

On the questions of convertibility and balance-of-payments adjustment, Mr. Morse said that more detailed studies need to be done to assess what impact various proposals would actually have.

In addition, Mr. Morse said that the committee's senior ministers "may agree on some points that we think cannot be reconciled," which would clear the way for some progress.

He observed that he was "not all that pessimistic" on the outcome and that he had "never thought we'd crack all the major issues" in time for the annual meeting of the IMF to be held later this month in Nairobi.

After getting new instructions from the ministers, the deputies expect to begin their detailed studies and hope to have some agreement by next spring. Mr. Morse indicated that if work progresses rapidly the timetable for reform—a de facto system agreed upon by September 1974—could be maintained.

Making for disagreement on the adjustment process is the U.S. view that this should be more automatic than the Europeans, led by the French, are willing to tolerate. The Europeans favor codifying the circumstances under which dollars must be converted while the United States wants those countries wishing to hold dollars to be able to do so to whatever extent they want.

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FINANCIAL NEWS AND NOTES

Rowntree Sets Cocoa-Trading Loss

Rowntree MacKintosh Ltd. says the loss incurred earlier this year from dealings on the cocoa terminal (futures) market was £32.5 million. The loss is bigger than initially indicated. When the company first announced its cocoa market setback on July 12 it estimated the pre-tax loss at £20 million. In a letter to shareholders, Sir Donald Barron, chairman, said: "This setback is severe and after several years of successful growth and expansion which have been reflected in the increasing value of the ordinary share capital it is bitterly disappointing." Rowntree says the loss will be reduced by taxation relief in 1973 and later years and by a transfer from taxation equalization account. In addition, some of Rowntree's investments have been sold. They include, as previously disclosed, the company's holding of shares of Northern Foods Ltd., the sale of which realized about £5 million. Rowntree says the board is satisfied the company has sufficient working capital.

Texasgulf to Appeal Court Ruling

Texasgulf Inc. will make an immediate appeal against U.S. District Court Judge Woodrow Seals's decision in the litigation with Canada Development Corp. Judge Seals declined to enjoin Canada Development, which is owned by the Canadian government, from making its tender offer for 10 million shares of Texasgulf. The bid was opposed by Texasgulf, which claimed that the tender offer, among other things, violated anti-trust laws. The judge ruled that the tender offer was legal but said it should be amended in one minor instance.

New U.S. Construction Rises

Newly contracted U.S. construction rose 15 percent in July from a year earlier, the F.W. Dodge division of McGraw-Hill Information Systems Co. reports. Total construction value reached $9.23 billion, up from $8.05 billion. "July's contracting was largely unaffected by soaring interest rates, since the financing for most of the work started in midsummer had been committed before the money markets really tightened," says George A. Christie, vice-president and chief economist for Dodge. "August, and to a greater extent September and October, will show how construction, especially housing and institutional building, is being constrained by the 1973 credit squeeze," he adds.

Hitachi Expects Big Profits Rise

Hitachi Ltd. expects an increase of 30 percent in consolidated net profit for the fiscal year ending March 31, compared with last year's $202 million. Net sales are likely to rise 20 percent from $4.9 billion, the company says. The rate of increase in net profit will be larger than that of net sales because Hitachi has been shifting the center of its business to universal industrial machinery and electronic products, whose inventory turnover is faster, from heavy electric manufacturing.

France to Ease Rules on Funds

The French government has approved a draft bill relaxing the rules governing French closed-end funds that have been in force since 1945. Under the bill, which has to be approved by parliament, closed-end funds will be authorized to acquire up to 10 percent of the shares or bonds issued by a corporation. The previous limit was 5 percent. Holdings in a corporation can also correspond to 10 percent of the resources of a fund, instead of 5 percent, while the ceiling of mortgage bills in their portfolio will be reduced to 5 percent from 10 percent. The funds will be authorized to hold government bonds or government-guaranteed securities without limitation.

Nixon to Urge U.S. Firms to Boost Exports

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7 (Reuters).—Treasury Secretary George Shultz said today President Nixon will hold a meeting at the White House to discuss export expansion with about 250 representatives of the country's major exporters.

The meeting will be held on Oct. 11, he told a White House press briefing, and the administration would be pointing out to the exporters how competitive U.S. products have become around the world.

The aim of the meeting, he indicated, would be to urge the exporters to take advantage of this fact.

Minister Sees Japan Ready For National Incomes Policy

TOKYO, Sept. 7 (AP-DJ).—Japan has reached the point where consumers, workers and industrialists could consider adoption of a national incomes policy, Finance Minister Kiichi Aichi said today.

This would be the type where wage increases would be linked to productivity gains rather than the kind where wages and prices would be subject to direct controls, he told foreign newsmen in answer to a question.

Mr. Aichi said he is not certain that productivity gains can keep pace with wage gains, which are expected to rise about 20 percent this year.

In answer to other questions, Mr. Aichi said:

- It is too early to know whether Japan's overall balance of payments will post a deficit for 1973, but the recent decline in foreign exchange reserves will continue.
- The United States will run trade surpluses with Japan on a customs clearance basis for the foreseeable future.
- The U.S. proposal that trade sanctions be imposed on countries with chronic balance of payments surpluses is too rigid, especially if movements of foreign exchange reserves are used as a single indicator of chonic surplus. A flexible system based on consultations should be used.
- Current calm conditions on foreign exchange markets have been attained by mutual cooperation and understanding of the countries involved. Mr. Aichi said it would be more desirable to institutionalise this situation in a system of stable but adjustable exchange rates, which might be stabilised around renamed special drawing rights whose value had been enhanced to make them more attractive reserve assets.

Lower Prices Seen

In a related development, Zentaro Kosaka, director-general of the Economic Planning Agency, said today that prices in Japanese commodity markets have begun to decline, indicating a favorable change of direction in the trend of wholesale prices.

Tadashi Sasaki, governor of the Bank of Japan, said he agreed with Mr. Kosaka's analysis. The peak in prices of industrial raw materials appears to have been passed, he said. Both men made their remarks to the ministerial council on economic affairs, a cabinet-level body.

They were the first official expressions of optimism on the price problem since the current bout of severe inflation began about one year ago.

Earlier this week, Japanese stock prices turned downward under the influence of declining commodity prices.

First Sign of Change

The appearance of commodity price declines is the first sign of a change in the Japanese business climate.

The Economic Planning Agency released today a report saying that as late as the month of August the Japanese economy was still overheated, with little relief in sight. Shortages of water and electricity during the month caused an already tight supply-demand situation to worsen, the agency said.

The report noted that the various shortages that have developed were producing "bottlenecks" in the nation's production process, causing mining and manufacturing activity to turn sluggish. At the same time, consumption remained very brisk, leading to a renewed decline in inventories.

House Votes to Grant Nixon Authority to Control Exports

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7 (WP).—The House of Representatives has voted to give President Nixon broad new authority to control exports of materials and commodities.

The new authority, given in a 230-133 vote yesterday, would allow the President to put on controls to protect the domestic economy from excessive drain of scarce materials or commodities or to reduce the serious inflationary impact of abnormal foreign demand.

The current law limits the use of controls to reducing scarcity and inflation, rather than one or the other.

The President has already put export controls on some commodities, including grain meal and soybean meal, but asked for the new authority because the administration said it feared the courts might rule the present authority was limited.

Opponents of the bill, largely from the grain-growing states, contended that the bill would drive foreign customers for U.S. food and fiber to look elsewhere and would discourage U.S. farmers from increasing production.

Proponents argued that the export controls on agricultural products were necessary to stem domestic food price increases. They quoted Mr. Nixon's June 13 television address in which he said, "In allocating the products of America's farms between markets abroad and those in the United States, we must put the American consumers first."

Italy Has Deficits In Foreign Trade, Payments Sheets

ROME, Sept. 7 (AP-DJ).—Italy had a trade deficit of 323.5 billion lire (roughly $572.6 million) in June, compared with a surplus in June 1972 of 25.3 billion lire, the government statistics bureau announced today.

In a separate statement, Banca d'Italia said there was a payments deficit of 124.1 billion lire in May, compared with a year-earlier surplus of 25.5 billion lire.

Imports in June totaled 1,510 billion lire, a gain of 67.8 percent from the like 1972 month. Exports rose 28.3 percent to 1,190 billion lire.

Strikes End

The sharp gain in both imports and exports was due to the ending of strikes, mainly those in the metal-working sector and among customs guards.

For the first half, imports totaled 7,130 billion lire, a gain of 32.4 percent from the like 1972 period. Exports rose 6.4 percent to 5,590 billion lire.

This produced a trade deficit of 1,540 billion lire, compared with a deficit of 133.5 billion lire in the first half of 1972.

Government economic analysts say that the rise in imports should not be thought alarming because a large proportion of it was accounted for by imports of machinery and other items that indicate a general strengthening in the Italian economy and increased business confidence.

U.S. Export Plan Shelved

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7 (Reuters).—The Senate Finance Committee has scuttled an ambitious plan to provide up to $3 billion in cheap loans to U.S. exporters selling to poor nations.

The panel decided in a closed-door session today to shelve the proposed U.S. export development credit fund proposal and to consider it later as part of overall trade legislation.

Earlier this year the House had killed a similar plan to set up a special bank for long-term loans at 3 percent interest rates a year for U.S. companies exporting to less developed nations.

The Senate Foreign Relations Committee approved the export development credit fund as part of its foreign aid measure, and sent the proposed new bank project to the Finance Committee for further review.

The negative action by the Finance Committee today, combined with House rejection of the proposal earlier, suggests that Congress will not complete action on the plan this year.

Official Resigns At U.K. Leyland

LONDON, Sept. 7 (Reuters).—The managing director of the giant British Leyland vehicle group resigned yesterday following a management shake-up.

Press reports said the official, 46-year-old George Turnbull, had tendered his resignation after losing a boardroom struggle over a major reorganization plan.

The resignation comes at a time when the company—Britain's only major independent car firm and the nation's biggest exporter—is losing an increasing share of the home market to foreign manufacturers.

One Dollar---

LONDON (AP-DJ).—The late or closing interbank rates for the dollar here Sept. 7, 1973

	Today	Prev.	Ch.*
Ster. (s per £).	2.4180	2.4145	—7.17
Belg. fr. (A)...	37.57	37.54	
Belg. fr. (B)...	37.378	37.345	+20.47
Deutsche mark	2.434	2.433	+33.56
Dane krone....	5.715	5.69	+22.15
Escudo.....	23.36	23.3	
Fr. fr. (A).....	4.3328	4.33	
Fr. fr. (B).....	4.2838	4.275	+19.76
Guilder.....	2.656	2.6535	+22.49
Israeli pound...	4.20	4.20	
Lira (A).....	592.5	591.9	
Lira (B).....	564.75	564.25	+2.98
Pesera.....	56.745	56.755	
Schilling.....	18.026	17.9	+30.25
Sw. krona.....	4.2213	4.215	+14.18
Swiss franc....	2.985	2.9125	+27.89
Yen.....	265.3	265.3	+16.05

* Percentage change against the dollar from central rates set by the 1971 Smithsonian agreement as calculated by Morgan Guaranty Trust Co. The figures are based on currency quotations in New York.

A: Free, B: Commercial.

Price Boost On Crude Oil Said Needed

Arab Minister Calls Pact 'Dead or Dying'

BEIRUT, Sept. 7 (UPI).—Sheikh Ahmed Zaki Yamani, the Saudi Arabian oil minister, has said in an interview that the major agreement on prices between oil producers and oil companies was "dead or dying" and would have to be substantially revised.

Mr. Yamani's comment, in an exclusive interview given to the newsletter Middle East Economic Survey and published today, referred to the Tehran agreement which regulates "posted" prices for crude oil.

"There should be a sizable lump sum increase in posted prices . . . so as to permit them to resume their function as realistic tax reference prices," Mr. Yamani said.

Oil producing countries calculate the tax payable by oil companies from the posted price. Any increase will mean, eventually, consumers must pay higher prices for petroleum products.

The Tehran agreement was negotiated between the oil companies and the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries in February, 1971. It is scheduled to run until the end of 1975.

"Dramatic Change"

"We in Saudi Arabia would have wished to stick to and honor the Tehran agreement, but there has been a dramatic change in circumstances, brought about by forces beyond our control, namely a fierce upward pressure on prices as a result of rising demand for crude," Mr. Yamani said.

In addition to the lump-sum increase, Mr. Yamani said, the Tehran agreement also should be revised to maintain posted prices above actual prices at all times.

The Tehran agreement allowed for a 2.5 percent increase in prices each year to account for inflation, but Mr. Yamani said it should be amended "to reflect more realistically current rates of worldwide price inflation."

OPEC has scheduled an extraordinary meeting in Vienna for Sept. 15 to discuss the Tehran agreement.

Immediately after the meeting, OPEC representatives will inform oil companies of the decisions taken by the oil ministers of the producing countries.

"If we fail to obtain the cooperation of the oil companies in amending the Tehran price agreement, we would have to exercise our rights on our own," Mr. Yamani warned.



Sheikh Ahmed Yamani.

Reserve Requirements Raised On Large-Denomination CDs

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7 (IHT).—The Federal Reserve Board said today it is increasing its marginal reserve requirements on large denomination certificates of deposit to 11 percent from 8 percent, effective Sept. 20.

The board said the action was taken "to curb the rapid expansion in bank credit."

Unless the Fed takes similar action raising the reserve requirement on Eurodollar borrowings, U.S. banks can be expected to begin to repatriate foreign-held dollars, at least temporarily.

The reserve requirement on Eurodollars is currently 8 percent, and this more attractive rate will now offset the slightly higher cost of borrowing Eurodollars than issuing CDs.

Borrowing Eurodollars would have a positive effect on the U.S. balance of payments as long as the funds remained here and would show up as a drain as they were repaid.

The Federal Reserve said total bank loans have increased at an annual rate of more than 20 percent since the middle of this year and loans to business firms have increased even more rapidly.

On May 16, the board imposed an 8 percent marginal reserve requirement—the regular 5 percent plus a supplemental 3 percent—on further increases in time deposits of $100,000 and over and bank-related commercial paper.

The 11 percent requirement will apply to increases in the level of affected deposits since the week ending May 16. Since that time commercial banks have increased their holdings of large CDs, bank related commercial paper and finance bills by about $15 billion.

This increase means banks with these deposits would be required to maintain about $450 million in additional reserve requirements. Member banks will be required to maintain the 11 percent marginal reserve requirement during the week of Oct. 4-10, based on deposit levels of two weeks earlier (the week of Sept. 20-26).

U.S. Jobless Rate Hits 4.8 Percent In Latest Month

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7 (AP).—The nation's unemployment rate, after declining for two months, edged up slightly in August as the economy continued to cool, the government said today.

The Labor Department said the number of workers without jobs last month numbered about 4.2 million on a seasonally-adjusted basis, or about 4.8 percent of the work force.

At the same time, total employment in the country held to a seasonally-adjusted level of 84.4 million. It was the second straight month in which employment did not increase.

The nation's economy has cooled off from the extremely fast growth rate of more than 8 percent during the first three months of the year. Just how fast the economy is growing now will be revealed in a report next month, but economists believe it is about 4 percent.

Unemployment had hovered around the 5 percent mark for several months, dropping below that level in June for the first time in more than three years. The June unemployment figure was 4.8 percent and was followed by another slight drop in July to 4.7 percent.

The summer drop has raised hopes of the Nixon administration that its goal of a 4.5 percent unemployment rate would be achieved by year's end.

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Stocks Drop On Technical Turnaround

Decline Is the First In Past Four Sessions

NEW YORK, Sept. 7 (NYT).—Stock prices settled back to finish lower on average today but advancing issues outnumbered declines for the 11th consecutive session.

The Dow Jones industrial average traded in a narrow downside range and closed 2.41 points lower at 898.63. The past four sessions, however, produced gains and thus the results for the immediate post-Labor Day period, considered crucial by some, were considered quite encouraging by bulls.

Profit-taking in many of the recently strong issues was evident today but there was no burst of selling. Volume subsided to 14.93 million shares.

The NYSE composite index ended at its lowest level for the day at 56.12, down 0.14. At 10:30 it showed a small gain but then retreated and was 0.10 to 0.14 lower throughout the afternoon.

Advancing issues totaled 795 today while those declining totaled 606. This margin of 189 was substantially lower than yesterday's 463.

Getty Oil advanced 2 1/4 to 125 1/2. The company said a subsidiary was involved in a uranium discovery in Australia.

Phillips Petroleum fell 1 5/8 to 54 3/4. It was the subject of adverse comment in a published report.

Also in retreat were IBM, down 2 1/8 to 296 1/8; Lubrizol, down 1 5/8 to 46 3/8; Avon Products, down 4 1/2 to 105 1/2; Schering-Plough, down 2 1/8 to 72 3/8; Burroughs, down 2 1/2 to 231 1/8; and Squibb Corp., down 1 3/8 to 91.

Tonka Corp., which opened late, scored a gain of 1 7/8 to 20 1/8. A company official said he knew of no reason for the stock's advance.

Reece Corp., which had been delayed at the outset by an order imbalance, finished ahead 2 1/4 to 24.

Tektronix Inc., which reported improved quarterly earnings, rose 1 5/8 to 45 1/2.

Liggett & Myers gained 2 to 36 7/8, Getty Oil was up 2 1/4 to 125 1/2 and Cerro Corp. added 1 1/8 to 15 1/8. Cerro said it is making a public tender offer for 500,000 shares of its own common stock at $15 a share.

Bayuk Cigars rose 1 to 10 3/4. Company directors voted a 2-for-1 stock split.

Prices advanced in light trading on the American Stock Exchange.

The Amex index rose 0.63 to 101.58, while advances topped declines, 394 to 358.

Robintech, the stronges' feature on the most active list, climbed 1 5/8 to 25 3/4. It said it expects to report fiscal 1973 per-share earnings of $1.50, compared with 73 cents the year before.

In over-the-counter trading, the NASDAQ index of industrial stocks gained 0.65 to 101.94.

Government bonds ended the day with fresh rises of up to 1/2 point. The advance among corporates was somewhat slower, with gains ranging to 3/4 point among the newest issues.



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New York Stock Exchange Trading

(Continued from Page 10.)

—1973— High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
22¾	15⅞	Signal .40b	9	247	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	+ ⅛
48¼	36	Signal pf2.20		1	43¾	43¾	43¾	+ ¼
20¾	15⅞	Signal pf 1		2	18½	18½	18½	+ ⅝
54	43½	Signode .84a	17	4	50	49⅞	49⅞	— ⅛
5¼	2⅝	Simm Prec	10	1	4½	4½	4½	
28	15¼	Simmons .88	7	32	17	16½	16⅞	— ½
60⅝	42⅝	SimPat .33a	47	498	57⅛	56⅛	56⅛	— ¼
73½	44½	Singer 2.40	9	89	50⅞	49⅞	50⅞	+ ¾
96	58⅞	Singr pf3.50		3	65	65	65	— 1
69⅛	52	Skelly Oil 1	16	71	55¾	52¾	55¾	+ 3¼
44	18½	SkilCp .90a	8	x10	20	19½	19⅝	+ ⅛
34½	12¼	SlaterW .40	16	33	27⅞	27⅝	27⅝	+ ⅛
22¼	14⅝	SmithAO .78	5	17	15⅞	15⅝	15⅝	+ ¼
23⅛	15	SmithInt .22	21	448	21⅞	20¼	21⅞	+ 1⅛
61⅞	46⅞	Smithkline 2	14	317	49⅞	49	49	— 1
23	15	SmithTr .40	8	12	19¼	19⅛	19¼	+ ⅛
25⅜	17¾	Smucker .80	10	5	18⅝	18¼	18⅝	+ ⅜
21¼	12	SolaBas .56	7	14	13¼	12½	12⅞	— ¼
6¾	4⅛	Sonesta			4⅞	4½	4⅞	
57¼	38⅜	SonyCp .05e	40	117	47¾	46½	46½	— ⅜
		Sony fn.05e		38	42¾	41½	41¾	
33	25½	SooLin 1.62e	4	5	29¾	28⅞	29½	+ ½
10	6½	SOS Con .27	6	15	7½	7¼	7⅜	+ ⅛
25	18½	SCarEG 1.43	10	53	19¾	19½	19¾	+ ¼
24	19⅝	SoJerIn 1.56	8	2	20½	20¼	20¼	— ⅛
20	8⅝	Southdwn In	4	52	10⅞	10½	10⅞	+ ½
35¼	21½	Sodw pfl.80		14	23½	22⅝	23⅛	+ 1⅛
38¾	32⅛	SoeastBk .76	16	87	34¾	34½	34⅝	+ ⅜
17½	14⅝	SoastPS 1.28	10	8	15⅞	15⅛	15¼	+ ⅛
28½	20⅞	SoCalE 1.56	9	218	23¼	22⅞	23¼	+ ¼
20⅞	16⅛	SouthCo 1.34	9	697	18⅝	18¼	18⅝	+ ⅛
40¼	32¼	SoulGE 2.08	7	6	34	33¾	33¾	+ ½
66⅝	42½	SoNRes 1.50	9	79	47¼	46½	47⅛	+ ½
45	36½	SNET 2.72	8	24	38	37⅞	37⅞	
53½	49½	SNET pf3.82		2	50½	50¼	50¼	+ ¼
44⅝	28	SouPac 2.16	8	162	29⅞	29⅜	29⅞	
50¼	27¾	SouRy 1.72	8	43	34	33⅞	33⅞	
7⅞	6¼	Sou Ry pf.50		12	6⅞	6¾	6¾	— ¼
33¾	24	SouUGs 1.50	8	16	28⅛	27⅞	27⅞	+ ⅛
32¼	14½	Southld .24b	11	83	16½	15⅞	16¼	+ ⅛
11⅞	7⅝	SwstFor .20	4	58	9⅝	9¼	9⅝	
21¾	19	SwtFl pf1.50		17	20⅞	20⅝	20⅞	— ⅛
14⅝	10½	SwstPSv .82	11	26	11⅞	11⅝	11⅞	+ ⅛
8⅝	5½	Sparton .20a	5	7	6	5⅞	5⅞	— ⅛
30½	16½	SperryHu 1	4	72	16⅝	16⅛	16⅛	+ ⅛
51¼	35	Sprry H pf 3		1	36¾	36¾	36¾	
51⅞	35⅝	SperryR .66	18	745	51½	50⅝	51¼	— ⅛
19	11	Sprague El	10	92	16	17¼	17¼	— ⅛
15⅝	10⅛	SpringM .60	6	4	12¾	12⅝	12¾	— ¼
38	23	SquareD 1a	20	23	30⅞	30¼	30¼	— ⅞
114⅛	89⅛	Squibb 1.56	27	456	92⅞	90⅞	91	— 1⅜
29½	23¾	StaleyM 1.40	8	5	25¾	25¾	25¾	+ ⅛
24⅝	22	StPrSec .16e		80	24½	24	24¼	— ⅛
55¾	46⅛	StBrand 1.73	14	20	49½	49⅛	49⅛	— ⅛
55	51	StdBr pf3.50		z100	54¼	53¾	53¾	— 1
56½	34	StBPaint .25	43	99	47⅜	48	48¼	— 1⅛

—1973— High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
90	61⅛	StdOilCal 3	8	919	63¾	62¾	62¾	— 1
91½	76½	StOilInd 2.68	13	313	85¼	83⅜	85	+ 1⅛
123¼	84½	StOilOh 2.70	28	66	123	122¼	123	
9¼	6⅜	StPress .20e	7	12	7⅛	7	7	
11⅞	9¼	StPrudnt .66	10	24	10¼	10	10⅛	
22¼	13	Standex .40	6	6	13¾	13½	13½	— ⅛
44⅞	33	StanWks .96	12	6	35	35	35	— ⅛
16⅜	8⅛	Stanray .60	6	14	9⅞	9⅝	9⅝	+ ⅛
25	16¼	Starrett 1	9	4	23¼	23	23¼	+ ⅝
28	20	StatMI 2.40e	8	3	21⅛	20⅞	20⅞	— ⅛
14	10⅞	StatMS .47e		82	13¾	13	13¾	+ ⅝
49⅞	40	StaufCh 1.90	9	19	41½	40¾	41½	+ 1
13⅛	7⅞	Sterchi .48b	6	4	8	8	8	+ ⅛
37¼	31⅝	SterDrug .60	26	123	33⅞	33	33	— ⅛
35½	24⅛	Stevens 1.50	6	8	29¾	29½	29½	— ⅛
35⅝	26⅛	StewWa 1.85	8	16	28⅛	27¾	27¾	+ ⅛
21¾	14⅛	StokeVanC 1	6	4	15⅝	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛
14½	12½	StokVC pf 1		z30	12¾	12¾	12¾	— ⅛
44	32¼	StoneWeb 2	8	8	37⅞	37⅜	37⅜	— ⅛
13⅝	8¾	StoneCon .30	8	31	11¾	11⅛	11¾	+ ⅛
44	15⅞	StorerBg 1b	10	20	22¾	22	22¼	— ⅛
15⅜	7⅝	StridRite .65	6	30	8⅞	8⅝	8⅞	+ ⅛
55	32½	StuWor 1.32	4	8	35¼	34⅞	35¼	+ ¼
88	71	StuWr pfB5		24	71	68⅛	68⅛	— 2⅛
41¾	26⅛	StW pfA1.40		2	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛	
17⅜	2¾	SoavSh .10p	7	3	3⅛	3	3⅛	+ ⅛
33	15¾	SubnPro .80	10	16	21⅞	21⅛	21⅝	+ ⅝
25⅛	14¼	Sun Chm .40	7	4	19¼	19	19¼	
54⅞	42¾	SunOil 1b	12	102	48½	45⅝	48⅜	+ 2⅜
48⅝	38⅛	Sun O pf2.25		75	42¼	40	41	+ 1
36⅝	20⅛	Sunbeam .90	12	9	25⅛	25	25	— ⅛
33⅞	15⅞	Sundstrd .80	11	161	18⅞	17⅞	18⅛	+ ⅛
50½	43¼	Sunds pf3.50		1	42	42	42	
16⅛	9⅞	Sunshine Mn	138	24	12⅛	12½	12½	— ⅛
24⅞	13⅜	SupValu .76	6	13	14⅞	14⅛	14⅞	+ ⅛
353	201	Supr Oil 1.40	67	20	224½	220	220	— 4
14¼	5⅜	SupmkG .20	11	67	6½	6⅛	6⅜	
33	17⅞	Supm pf1.30		4	19½	19½	19½	
24¾	19⅜	Survey 2.95e		463	24⅛	23¾	24	+ ¼
19	13½	Sutro 1.62e	9	27	14⅞	14⅝	14½	— ½
12¾	7½	Swank .68a	7	74	8⅛	7⅞	8	— ⅛
37⅞	20¼	Sybron .72	15	340	28⅜	27¾	28⅝	+ ⅞
62	40½	Sybrn pf2.40		9	49	48	48	— 1½
15⅞	7⅝	Systron Don	8	7	9⅛	9	9	— ⅛
		T						
58⅝	22	Taft Brd .60	11	172	30½	29⅝	30½	+ ⅝
20	9½	Talcott .27p		9	11	10⅝	10⅝	— ⅛
11⅝	5	Talley .60e	4	46	5⅝	5⅜	5⅜	— ⅛
15⅞	10	Talley pfB 1		8	10⅝	10⅛	10⅛	+ ⅛
22¾	18⅝	TampaE .88	11	41	21¼	20⅝	21¼	+ ⅝
46⅞	15⅝	Tandy Corp	11	z18	21⅝	20½	20⅝	— ⅛
23	9½	Tappan .48	5	13	9⅞	9¾	9⅞	+ ⅛
23¼	9⅜	Technicon	26	78	18⅝	17¾	17¾	— ⅝
53⅞	29⅞	Tektrnx .20e	23	53	45⅛	43¼	45½	+ 1⅝

—1973— High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
19¾	4⅞	Telecor .24e	6	13	6¾	6⅝	6⅝	
20½	15⅞	Teledyn .59f	6	67	13⅞	13⅝	13⅝	— ⅜
34½	8¼	Teleprmpt	13	273	9¾	9½	9⅝	
6⅛	2⅝	Telex Cp		146	3⅛	3	3⅛	+ ⅛
33⅝	19¾	Tennco 1.36	8	321	22⅝	21⅞	22¼	+ ⅛
8⅞	3⅝	Tennco wt A		126	4⅝	4⅛	4⅝	+ ⅜
112¼	75¾	Tennc pf5.50		8	83	82¾	83	+ 1¼
43⅝	24	Tesoro Pet	6	143	27⅛	26	27½	+ 1⅝
43⅛	28¼	Texaco 1.72	8	1100	30	29⅝	29⅞	— ⅛
61¼	33⅛	TexETr 1.58	12	82	43¼	42⅛	42⅛	— ½
40	22¼	TexGsT 1.64	7	87	25⅛	24⅞	25	
27½	17⅞	Texasglf .60	17	101	24⅞	24¼	24¼	— ⅝
27½	16¾	Texasind 1b	7	12	17⅞	17⅛	17¼	
117⅞	83	TexInst .56	38	194	110½	107½	109¼	— ¼
39	13½	TexOilG .01	22	231	19½	18¼	19	+ 1¼
24	15⅝	TexPLd .54e	15	6	22¼	21⅝	22¼	+ ½
34½	27	TexUt 1.04	15	242	33¼	29½	30¼	+ ⅜
3⅛	1⅛	Texfi Ind	4	28	1⅜	1¼	1⅜	
24⅝	16½	Textron .96	9	128	23	22⅝	23	+ ⅜
44½	28¼	Textr pf2.08		7	32¾	31⅝	32¾	+ 1⅝
34¼	19⅝	Textr pf1.40		6	23⅜	23	23⅛	+ ½
22	8¾	Thiokol .50	7	47	13½	13	13⅛	— ⅛
101½	79¾	ThmBet 1.28	30	9	101½	101	101⅛	+ ⅛
21⅞	10⅝	ThomIn .40b		8	10⅝	10½	10⅝	— ⅛
24¾	13	ThompJW 1	6	4	14	13¾	14	+ ⅜
12	6⅛	ThriftyD .37	7	38	7¼	7⅛	7¼	
28¼	18½	TI Corp 1.40	7	136	21⅞	19⅝	21⅞	+ 1⅛
39¾	23	TidwatM .52	14	19	31¼	30⅞	31⅛	
63¾	29½	Time In 1.90	9	66	38⅛	37½	37¾	+ ½
25⅞	16½	TimeMir .32	12	248	18⅝	17¾	18⅛	+ ⅜
42⅝	31⅞	Timkn 1.83a	7	15	34⅝	33⅝	34⅛	
25	15½	TishRlt .45b	136	6	19⅞	19⅛	19⅛	— ⅝
9⅝	5½	Tobin Pkg		6	6⅞	6¾	6¾	
24¾	12	TodShp .20p	441	9	13¼	13	13¼	
30⅞	25⅛	ToledE 1.92	8	40	27	25⅞	26⅞	+ ½
23⅝	14⅛	TonkaCp .40	10	27	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	+ 1⅞
46	17⅞	ToolRh 1.14t	12	63	23¼	22¾	23¼	
17½	7	TootRol .40b	10	16	9¼	8⅞	9¼	+ ½
69½	36¾	TraneCo .96	11	5	44⅛	43¾	44⅛	+ ¼
43	26	TranUn 1.44	12	46	34¼	33½	34	
42⅞	18	Trans W Air	5	47	20⅞	20¼	20¼	— ½
29¼	19⅛	TWA pf 2		7	21	21	21	+ ⅛
15¼	6¾	TranWd Fin	5	10	8⅝	8⅜	8⅝	— ⅜
17⅝	10¼	Transm .58b	9	172	12⅝	12¼	12⅝	+ ⅛
23⅝	18⅝	TraInc 1.21e		23	21⅛	20⅞	21⅛	+ ⅛
15	8¼	Transcn .43	7	472	9¼	8⅝	9¼	+ ⅝
40⅛	26½	Travelers 1	10	250	34¾	33½	33¾	— ⅜
53¾	36¾	Travelr pf 2		18	42¼	41	41	— ¾
14⅞	4⅞	TrvLdg .25e	14	331	11¾	11⅛	11⅛	
34⅛	25½	TriCon 2.80e		38	28⅝	27⅝	28⅝	+ ½
37	26½	Tri SM 2.81e	9	30	28⅛	27½	28⅛	+ ⅝
16⅛	11½	Triangin .80	7	1	13½	13½	13½	— ⅛
21	12	TriangP .30	4	7	14½	14⅛	14½	
25⅞	16	Trinityin .56	8	35	19	18¾	18⅞	— ⅛
57⅞	16	Tropicana	32	47	33¼	32⅞	33	+ ⅝
24⅞	20¼	TRW In 1.04	9	1253	25½	24½	25	— ¼
82½	56½	TRW pf4.50		3	59	59	59	+ ½

—1973— High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
89⅝	60½	TRW pf4.40		8	65¾	65¼	65¼	+ ¼
15¼	11⅞	TucsonG .84	8	78	12⅞	12¾	12⅞	
12⅝	6½	TwenCe .10e	8	76	8¼	8⅛	8⅛	— ¼
25¼	14⅝	TylerCp .28	5	15	16½	16¼	16¼	— ¼
		U						
34½	15⅝	UAL Inc	11	131	18⅞	17⅞	17⅞	— ⅝
33½	16	UAL pf.40		7	19½	18½	18½	— 1⅛
22¼	13⅞	UARCO 1.70	7	25	16⅛	15¾	16	— ¼
29⅝	15¼	UGI Cp 1.32	8	27	16	15⅞	15⅞	+ ¼
21½	11¼	UMC Ind .84	6	6	12¼	12⅛	12¼	
56⅞	35⅝	U Camp 1.40	16	294	56¼	54	56⅛	— 1⅞
51¾	33⅛	UnCarb 2.10	9	237	38	37⅝	37⅝	— ⅛
42⅞	22	UnCom 1.23	6	42	23¼	23	23⅛	+ ⅛
10⅝	4⅛	Union Corp	14	62	8⅛	7⅞	7⅞	— ¼
16⅝	15½	Un Elec 1.28	11	84	16¼	16	16⅛	
27⅝	4⅞	Un Fidelity	3	185	4⅞	4½	4⅞	+ ⅛
43¾	30⅝	UnOCal 1.60	8	207	36⅞	36	36½	— ⅜
54¼	46⅛	UOCs pf2.50		57	50¼	49½	49⅞	— ½
70¾	51½	UPacCp 2.40	11	92	61¾	61	61¾	+ ¼
13⅛	9½	UnPac pf.47		18	11¼	10⅞	10⅞	
40	23	Unionam .84	9	96	25	24⅛	24⅜	
16	10½	Uniroyal .70	7	59	12½	12⅛	12⅛	— ⅛
106½	96¼	Uniryal pf 8		z280	99	99	99	+ 1⅛
7⅞	1½	Unishops		37	2⅝	2¼	2⅝	
46¼	25¼	Unit Air 1.80	6	38	28¼	27⅞	28¼	+ ½
12⅛	6	Unit Brands	7	102	8⅛	7¾	8	— ⅛
13½	12⅛	UBrd pf1.20		4	13½	13¼	13½	+ ¼
10	7¾	Unit Cp .72e		27	8¼	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
15	6⅛	UnitFpn Cal	5	22	8½	8⅛	8⅛	— ¼
31	19½	UnitGas .92	8	34	23⅝	22¼	23¼	+ 1⅛
34⅛	28¼	Ullium 2.24	8	7	29⅛	29⅛	29½	— ⅛
9⅝	5	UnitInd .34	5	11	5½	5¼	5¼	— ¼
6⅝	5	UnitIn pf.42		16	5⅝	5¼	5⅝	+ ⅜
32⅞	10⅛	UmitIlan .10	10	8	11	10¾	11	— ⅛
28⅜	16⅛	UJerBk 1.04	8	12	18⅛	17⅞	18	+ ⅛
23⅛	17½	UnMM 1.30	6	71	18⅝	18⅛	18⅝	+ ⅛
13⅛	6	Un Nuclr		14	9⅝	9	9	
2⅞	1½	UnitPk Min		57	2⅝	2½	2⅝	— ¼
27⅝	12⅛	UnReIng .32	6	4	14⅛	14	14	
44¼	37	USFidG 2.40	10	77	38	37⅝	37⅞	— ½
39½	25	USFor 6.07e		9	26⅝	26¼	26⅛	+ ¼
24⅞	16¼	US Frgt 1.40	9	123	18⅝	17⅞	18⅝	+ ½
27⅞	23⅛	USGyps 1.60	7	115	21⅛	20⅞	21⅛	+ ⅛
30½	23¾	USGy pf1.80		37	25¼	25	25	
25¼	7⅛	USHome .16	5	106	10⅞	10	10¾	+ ⅝
21⅝	10⅝	US Ind .65	5	1665	13⅝	12⅝	13⅛	+ ⅝
35½	15½	USLeasg .24	18	18	23¾	23	23⅛	+ ⅛
16⅛	12⅞	US Rlty 1.36	14	8	13¾	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
23¾	12¼	US Shoe .95	6	61	13⅛	12⅞	13⅛	+ ⅜
35	26½	USSteel 1.60	7	154	30¾	30	30	
20	11⅝	USTobac .76	10	12	14¾	14⅝	14⅝	— ⅛
23⅝	16⅞	UnTel 1.04	12	102	18⅞	18⅝	18⅝	+ ⅛
7⅝	3⅝	UniTel wt		24	4½	4⅜	4½	
30	22½	UnTl 2pf1.50		1	23½	23½	23½	
34⅛	25	UnTel pf1 50		2	29	29	29	+ 1½
13⅝	6⅝	Unitrode Cp	12	107	10½	10¼	10½	+ ⅜
35	26½	UnLeaf 1.76	6	7	27¾	27¼	27½	
25½	16⅛	UnivOil .72e	13	105	19½	19	19	— ¼
104⅞	72¼	Upohn .88	39	916	82½	80	80	— 2¾
16½	10	UrisBld .20p		12	11¼	11	11	— ⅛
34¼	21¾	USLIFE Co	16	111	34	33⅝	33¾	— ¼
14⅛	10⅞	USLInc .61e		24	12	11¾	12	+ ½
23¼	15	USM stp .60	6	30	19⅛	18⅝	18⅝	— ⅛
33⅝	26¾	USM pf2.10		8	27⅛	27½	27½	— ½
20	17¼	USM pf1.50		z490	18	17¾	17¾	— ½
50¼	39⅞	Utah Int .44	30	254	52¼	49⅞	52¼	+ 2⅛
38½	34	UtahPL 2.32	8	43	35⅜	34⅞	35⅜	+ ⅝
29¼	23	UV Ind 1a	5	21	28⅝	28⅛	28⅛	— ⅛
71	65⅞	UV In pf5.50		1	65⅞	65⅞	65⅞	+
24¼	20¼	UV In pf1.36		13	22¼	22¼	22¼	— ⅛

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		V						
19½	9⅝	Varian .05e	15	114	14⅝	14¼	14⅝	
20¼	9½	VCA Cp .44	6	33	10½	10¼	10½	
34⅞	23½	Veeder 1.60	7	12	24⅝	23⅝	24⅛	+ ⅜
15	7⅞	VendoCo .40	9	x6	8⅝	8½	8½	
17	7	Venice .20b	6	14	10⅛	9¾	10¼	+ ⅛
15¾	14	VestSec .82e		18	15⅝	15	15⅛	+ ½
34⅞	17	Vetco Offsh	38	586	26⅝	24	25⅞	+ 2⅛
34½	20	VF Corp .64	11	7	21	20⅞	21	
20	7⅝	Viacom Int	13	100	7⅞	7¾	7⅞	+ ⅛
18¾	9½	VictCmp .50	11	7	10	9⅞	10	+ ⅛
23⅝	17	VaEPw 1.18	8	139	19⅝	18⅞	19	+ ½
114½	106	VaEP pf8.84		z10	110	110	110	+ 1
105½	95	VaEP pf7.72		z50	99	99	99	+ 1
104⅝	96	VE 72 pf7.72		z50	98	98	98	+ 1½
73½	64	VaE&P pf 5		z90	64½	64½	64½	— 1
19½	7⅛	Vornado .97t	4	26	8⅛	8	8⅛	+ ⅛
22½	15⅝	VSI Corp .52	7	3	17¼	17	17	
28½	22¾	VulMat 1.40	7	7	25¼	25	25	— ⅛
13¾	10	VWR Un .48	7	8	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	
		W						
44⅞	29⅛	Wachova .76	16	29	37½	36⅝	37	— ⅛
96½	63⅝	Wach pf2.20		3	79½	79½	79½	
33⅝	21⅝	WacRl 2.50e	9	28	23⅝	22¾	23⅝	+ ¾
22⅝	15⅝	Walgreen 1	7	20	16	15⅞	15⅞	
56¾	49⅝	WlkrH A1.40	14	14	54⅝	54⅛	54⅝	
18¾	11⅝	WallMur .60	4	2	13	12⅞	13	
34⅞	14⅝	WalMar .05e	37	51	21⅛	21½	21½	— ⅜
33½	12	Wang Labs	24	68	21¼	20⅛	20⅝	— ⅝
12	4⅞	Ward Foods		10	7	6⅞	6⅞	— ⅛
20½	12	Warnaco .80	5	241	12⅞	12	12⅝	— ⅝
16	10	WrnerCo .50	7	9	11¼	11⅛	11⅛	+ ⅛
39⅛	10⅝	WrnCom .40	5	538	12⅝	12	12⅛	+ ⅛
133⅛	50	WrnC pf4.25		4	54	53¾	54	— 1½
54⅞	42¼	WarnL .72a	25	823	44¾	42⅝	42⅞	— 1
43¼	22	Warn S 1.20	12	67	32¾	32⅛	32⅝	+ ⅞
27⅞	23⅝	WashGs 1.88	6	10	24½	23¾	24	+ ¼
19¼	14⅝	WashStl .88	5	3	16½	16⅛	16½	+ ⅛
22¾	16⅝	WasWP 1.44	9	24	20	19⅝	19⅞	
41¾	16½	Watkin Jhns	14	11	21⅞	21⅜	21½	+ ⅜
11¼	6⅛	WayGos .60	8	5	6⅞	6¾	6⅞	+ ⅛
4⅞	3⅛	Wean Unit		8	4	3⅞	4	+ ¼
9⅝	7½	WeanUnit pf		2	9	9	9	+ ⅛
11¼	7	Weathrd .40	5	17	8⅝	8⅛	8½	
8¼	4½	Webb Del E	4	34	5	4⅞	4⅞	
17⅝	9	WellMcL .54	5	49	10	9⅝	9⅞	— ½
21¾	12⅛	WeisMkt .50	9	1	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞	
2⅝	1¼	Welbilt Corp		10	1½	1½	1½	+ ⅛
29½	19¾	WellFgo .96	10	67	22⅛	21⅞	22⅛	+ ⅜
25⅞	18⅝	WllFM 2.12e	9	45	21⅝	20⅞	21⅛	+ ⅛
21⅝	9½	WellsRG .60	5	3	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	— ⅛
18⅛	10½	WescoF .23r	5	7	12¼	12	12⅛	+ ⅛
25⅝	17⅛	WestctTr .75	7	20	19¼	18½	18½	— ½
63⅛	58⅝	WtPP pf4.50		z270	59	58½	58⅝	— ½
30⅝	19	WtPtPap 2a	7	22	26	25½	26	+ ⅜
14⅝	5⅛	WnAirL .15r	8	66	9¼	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
37⅛	25⅞	WnBnc 1.40	8	88	28⅝	28⅛	28½	— ⅛
14½	6¼	Wn Pac Ind	10	160	9½	8⅞	9¼	+ ½
49½	15¼	WUnion 1.40	8	353	16½	15⅞	16¼	+ ⅛
99	49½	WnUn pf4.60		1	51½	51½	51½	+ ¼
110¼	52	WnUn pf4.90		2	52½	52¼	52½	
47⅜	31⅛	WestgEl .97	15	546	34⅝	33	33½	— ¼
64	54	Wst E pf3.80		z10	55½	55½	55½	+ ¼
34	19⅝	Watvco 1.10	12	139	33¼	32½	32⅝	— ⅛
31⅝	21⅛	Weybrg 1.28	6	2	21½	21⅛	21½	
71	44⅛	Weyerh .86a	15	293	68¼	67⅝	68¼	+ ⅛
62	48⅛	Wyhr pf2.75		200	58	57½	57⅞	
23½	9⅝	WhelFry .40	12	27	14⅛	14¼	14⅛	— ⅛
21⅝	11¼	WheelPitt St	5	18	12⅞	12½	12½	— ½
64⅛	58	WhelPit pf 6		z190	59	58¼	58⅛	— ¼
37½	23¾	Whirlpol .80	13	99	30⅛	30	30⅛	+ ⅛

—1973— High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
21⅝	11½	WhitCon .60	5	56	14¼	13⅞	14	— ⅛
41½	34	WhitC pfC 3		2	37¼	37	37¼	
16	8⅛	White Motor	10	112	12¾	12¼	12¼	— ⅛
7⅝	2⅝	Whittaker	57	321	3	2⅞	2⅞	— ⅛
28⅝	16	WickesCrp 1	7	166	17½	17	17¼	— ⅛
8	5⅛	WiebiSt .25b	7	4	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
47⅛	17⅞	WillRoss .48	16	449	27⅝	27	27½	+ ⅜
56⅝	39	Williams Co	11	103	49⅞	48¼	49	— ⅜
36¼	19	Wms Co wt		95	30⅛	29¼	30	
50	35¼	Wms C pf1.80		32	44⅛	44⅛	44⅛	
41¾	29¼	WinnDx 1.26	15	46	32⅞	32¼	32½	+ ⅛
48⅛	35¼	WinnDix B		3	38	37⅛	37⅛	+ ⅛
27½	4⅝	Winnebago	7	297	5½	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
25½	21⅞	WisEl P 1.72	10	35	25	24½	24½	— ⅜
18	16	WiscPS 1.24	9	26	16½	16¼	16¼	
24¼	16¼	WitcoCh .98	7	33	19¾	18⅞	19⅛	+ ⅛
7⅝	3⅛	WolvW .05p	21	10	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
19⅝	11	Wamelco .48	9	42	11⅞	11⅝	11⅞	+ ⅛
19⅝	9⅞	WoodsCp .48	6	8	12⅝	12	12⅝	+ ⅝
30⅞	19⅝	Wolwth 1.20	7	181	22⅞	22⅛	22⅞	— ⅛
7⅝	4⅛	World Arwy	13	19	5¼	4⅞	5	
68½	57¼	Wrigley 2.40	13	5	65⅝	65	65	— ¼
17⅝	10	Wurlitzr .80	7	5	11	10⅞	10⅞	— ⅛
11⅝	4	Wyly Corp		58	4⅝	4¼	4⅝	
		X						
170	139⅝	XeroxCo .88	42	365	150¾	149⅞	149⅞	— ⅝
28⅛	15	Xtra 1.37t	6	199	21⅛	21¼	21¼	+ ⅜
		Y						
14⅞	9¼	YngSDr .20e	10	9	12½	12¼	12¼	— ⅛
		Z						
43½	16¾	ZaleCorp .72	8	19	19½	19¼	19¼	— ⅛
37¼	19¼	Zapata Corp	5	67	21⅝	21⅛	21⅛	+ ⅝
29¾	9	Zayre Corp	5	17	12¼	11¾	11¾	— ⅛
56	33⅜	ZenithR 1.32	11	229	35	33⅛	33⅛	— ⅜
30⅞	10¼	Zenith Ind .28	15	64	15⅝	15⅛	15⅝	+ ⅛

z—Sales in full.

Unless otherwise noted, rates of dividends in the foregoing table are annual disbursements based on the last quarterly or semi-annual declaration. Special or extra dividends or payments not designated as regular are identified in the following footnotes.

a—Also extra or extras. b—Annual rate plus stock dividend. c—Liquidating dividend. e—Declared or paid in preceding 12 months. h—Declared or paid after stock dividend or split up. k—Declared or paid this year, an accumulative issue with dividends in arrears. n—New issue. p—Paid this year, dividend omitted, deferred or no action taken at last dividend meeting. r—Declared or paid in preceding 12 months, plus stock dividend. t—Paid in stock in preceding 12 months, estimated cash value on ex-dividend or ex-distribution date.

cld—Called. x—Ex dividend. y—Ex dividend and sales in full. x-dis—Ex distribution. xr—Ex rights. xw—Without warrants. ww—With warrants. wd—When distributed. wi—When issued. nd—Next day delivery.

vi—In bankruptcy or receivership or being reorganized under the Bankruptcy Act, or securities assumed by such companies. fn—Foreign issue subject to interest equalization tax.

Year's high and low range does not include changes in latest day's trading.

Where a split or stock dividend amounting to 25 percent or more has been paid, the year's high-low range and dividend are shown for the new stock only.

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U.S. Commodity Prices

NEW YORK, Sept. 7.—*Cash prices in primary markets as registered today in New York were:*

Commodity and unit	Fri.	Year ago
FOODS		
Cocoa Accra, lb.	*.75¼	*.37⅝
Coffee 4 Santos lb.	*.70	*.56½
TEXTILES		
Printcloth 64-60 38½ yd.	—	.21
METALS		
Steel billets (Pitt.) ton.	132.00	126.00
Iron 2, Fdry Phila. ton.	87.92	83.25
Steel scrap No. 1 hvy Pitt.	57-58	40-41
Lead spot lb.	.16½	.15½-.16
Copper elec. lb.	.60-.60¼	.50½-.51
Tin (Straits) lb.	2.40	1.82½
Zinc, E. St. L. basis, lb.	.20¼-.21	.18
Silver N.Y. oz.	2.616	1.85¼
COMMODITY Indices		
Moody's index (base 100 Dec. 31, 1931)	816.8	434.8

* Nominal. † Asked.

NEW YORK FUTURES

Sept. 7, 1973

World sugar No. 11: Oct. 8.45-43, March 7.99-97, May 7.87-85, July 7.73, Sept. 7.56, Oct. 7.45-47.

Wool: Dec. 213.5 b. March 215.5 b.

Cocoa: Sept. 63.05, Dec. 59.05, March 55.90, May 54.90, July 54.15, Sept. 53.40, Dec. 51.05.

Copper: Sept. 84.90, Oct. 82.00, Dec. 77.40, Jan. 75.45, March 73.85, May 72.55, July 71.45, Sept. 70.35.

Orange juice: Sept. 43.25 b, Nov. 47.60, Jan. 48.30, March 48.70 b, May 49.15 b.

Potatoes: Nov. 4.84, March 5.90, April 6.30, May 7.18.

Silver: Sept. 260.20, Dec. 264.70, Jan. 266.40, March 270.40, May 273.40, July 276.40, Sept. 279.40, Dec. 284.30, Jan. 285.70.

COTTON No. 2:

	Open	High	Low	Close	Ch.
Oct.	89.00	89.00	89.00	a89.00	—200
Dec.	83.00	83.00	83.00	a83.00	—200
March	80.50	80.50	80.50	a80.50	—200
May	76.90	76.90	76.90	a76.90	—200
July	72.70	72.70	72.70	a72.70	—200
Oct.	58.00	58.60	58.00	a58.00	—200
Dec.	52.05	52.85	52.05	52.05	—175

CHICAGO FUTURES

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev Close
WHEAT					
Sep	4.99	5.00½	4.86	5.00½	4.80½
Dec	4.94½	4.94½	4.80	4.94½	4.75
Mar	4.75	4.87	4.68	4.87	4.67
May	4.62	4.66½	4.48	4.66½	4.47
Jul	3.95	4.04	3.88	4.04	3.84
CORN					
Sep	2.49¾	2.49¾	2.49¾	2.49¾	2.39¾
Dec	2.45	2.47	2.42	2.47	2.38
Mar	2.46	2.48¾	2.42	2.48¾	2.39
May	2.47	2.47½	2.43	2.47½	2.37
Jul	2.47	2.47½	2.42	2.47½	2.37
Dec	2.10	2.11	2.08	2.11	2.01
SOYBEANS					
Sep	6.70	7.00	6.70	7.00	6.60
Nov	6.72	6.74	6.49	6.60	6.57
Jan	6.70	6.74	6.50	6.61	6.59
Mar	6.75	6.78	6.56	6.65	6.63
May	6.79	6.82	6.60	6.67	6.66
Jul	6.82	6.82	6.61	6.68	6.66
Aug	6.60	6.65	6.54	6.61	6.50
Sep	6.28	6.40	6.28	6.35	6.30
Nov	6.10	6.15	6.05	6.05	6.10
Jan	6.10	6.15	6.05	6.05	6.10
SOYBEAN OIL					
Sep	21.50	22.15	21.05	22.15	21.05
Oct	18.75	19.22	18.15	19.22	18.22
Dec	16.80	17.38	16.20	16.85	16.38
Jan	16.50	17.05	16.20	16.35	16.15
Mar	16.50	16.90	15.90	16.20	16.02
May	16.31	16.65	15.80	16.15	15.98
Jul	16.35	16.70	15.75	15.85	15.90
SOYBEAN MEAL					
Sep	210.00	210.00	210.00	210.00	208.00
Oct	215.00	215.00	201.50	203.00	212.00
Dec	212.00	212.00	199.00	199.50	209.00
Jan	209.00	210.00	198.00	198.00	208.00
Mar	209.00	209.00	196.00	196.00	205.50
May	207.00	209.00	197.00	197.00	205.50
Jul	206.00	208.00	200.00	200.00	204.50

b—Bid; a—Asked; n—Nominal.

SILVER					
Oct	260.00	262.50	257.50	261.70	255.50
Dec	265.00	267.80	261.90	266.60	260.10
Feb	267.50	272.00	266.90	271.50	264.80
Apr	273.00	275.50	270.50	275.20	269.00
Jun	275.50	278.50	274.50	278.20	272.50
Aug	279.00	281.50	278.50	281.20	275.50
Oct	281.60	285.00	281.00	284.00	278.50
Dec	285.50	287.50	284.80	286.80	281.50
LIVE BEEF CATTLE					
Oct	47.42	47.42	47.42	b47.42	46.40
Dec	49.30	49.30	48.93	b49.30	a48.30
Feb	51.00	51.32	51.00	a51.32	50.35
Apr	50.70	50.97	50.60	b50.97	49.90
Jun	50.77	50.77	50.22	b50.77	49.85
Aug	50.50	50.50	49.65	b50.50	49.50
Oct	50.53	50.50	a50.20	b50.53	a49.53

Sales: Oct 288; Dec 1404; Feb 960; April 265; June 205; Aug 36; Oct 3.

SHELL EGGS					
Sep	66.50	66.95	63.85	63.85	b65.85
Oct	68.10	68.10	67.10	67.60	b66.10
Nov	71.60	72.00	70.50	71.90	b70.00
Dec	72.55	73.25	71.75	b73.25	b71.25
Jan	68.50	69.00	67.75	68.80	67.00
Feb	62.90	64.00	62.75	64.00	b62.10
Mar	61.30	62.25	61.00	62.00	b60.25
Apr	59.50	59.50	58.75	58.75	—

Sales: Sep 461; Oct 423; Nov 455; Dec 1386; Jan 262; Feb 97; March 50; April 8.

LIVE HOGS					
Oct	43.77	43.77	43.10	b43.77	a42.27
Dec	43.65	44.65	44.00	b44.65	a43.15
Feb	45.05	45.05	44.95	b45.05	a43.55
Apr	43.02	43.02	42.90	b43.02	41.52
Jun	43.20	43.20	43.20	b43.20	a42.70
Jul	44.30	44.60	44.30	b44.60	a43.10
Aug	43.50	43.95	43.50	b43.95	a42.45

Sales: Oct 272; Dec 280; Feb 216; April 55; June 6; July 24; Aug 21.

FROZEN PORK BELLIES					
Feb	71.75	72.55	70.30	72.15	a71.12
Mar	70.50	71.25	69.25	70.80	a69.77
May	70.25	70.75	68.75	70.60	a69.25
Jul	69.90	70.52	68.50	70.15	a69.05
Aug	68.10	68.10	66.10	b68.10	a66.60
Feb	61.00	b61.25	61.00	b61.25	—

Sales: Feb 4235; March 890; May 240; July 249; Aug 65; Feb 1.

Open interest: Feb 3455; March 1301; May 646; July 371; Aug 142; Feb 0.

b—Bid; a—Asked; N—Nominal.

INTERNATIONAL FUNDS

ADVERTISEMENT

Sept. 7, 1973

The net asset value quotations shown below are supplied by the Funds listed. The International Herald Tribune cannot accept responsibility for them. Following marginal symbols indicate frequency of quotations supplied to the IHT. (d)—daily; (w)—weekly; (r)—regularly; (i)—irregularly.

Fund	NAV
(w) Alexander Fund	$9.30
(d) Am. Express Int'l Fd.	$9.03
(w) Amitalia Fund	$8.59
AMINCOR BANQUE S.A.:	
— (d) Globvalor	SF67.00
(w) Andreae Equity	Can.$5.36
(w) Apollo (Tampus) iss.pr.	SF95.37
(i) Apollo Fund S.A.	$37.00
(w) Aries Fund	$31.27
(w) Asca Corporation	DM11.97
(w) Austral. Trust S.A.	$9.38
(w) Austral'n Selection Fd.	$6.80
AUSTRALIAN INV. MGN. GROUP:	
— (w) Fd of Austral.($U.S.)	$2.76
— (w) Fd.Austral.Sterling	Aus.$3.70
— (w) Prop. Bonds Aust.	Aus.$1.21
— (w) — — Int'l Ltd.	Aus.$5.36
BAER, Julius & Co.:	
— (d) Baerbond	SF828.50
— (d) Conbar	SF891.00
— (d) Grobar	SF731.00
— (d) Stockbar	SF958.00
BARCLAYTRUST FRONTIER:	
— (w) BtP Growth Fund	$5.93
— (w) BtP Japan Fund	$11.96
— (w) BtP Trust S.A.	$10.75
— (w) BtP Income Fund	$9.46
(w) Broad & Wall. Fd. Int'l.	$60.83
(w) Browninvest	$19.66
(r) Cal. Land & Constr.	$19.32
(d) Can. Gas & Energy Fd.	Can.$15.17
(d) Can. Secur. Growth Fd.	Can.$5.30
CAPITAL INTERNATIONAL S.A.:	
— (w) Capital Int'l	$13.38
— (w) Capital Italia S.A.	$11.51
(d) Capital Rentinvest	LF883
(d) Caribico N.V. "C" Sh.	$111.45
(i) Cleveland Offshore Fcd.	$536.32
(w) Convert.Fd.Int.A Certs.	$8.74
(w) Convert.Fd.Int.B Certs.	$11.37
(d) Convert. Bond Fd. N.V.	$9.06
(r) Convert. Sec. N.V.	$806.49
CREDIT SUISSE:	
— (d) C.S. Fonds-Bonds	SF82.25
— (d) C.S. Fonds-Int'l	SF90.25
CREDIT SUISSE:	
SWISS BANK CORP.:	
— (d) Europa-Valor	SF154.75
— (d) Intervalor	SF91.00
— (d) Swissvalor New Ser.	SF256.75
(i) Crosby Fund S.A.	$6.08
(w) D.G.C.	$53.96
(d) Delta Invest. Fund	$10.16
(d) Delta Multifund	$9.92
(d) Daiwa Int'l Fund	Yen9,479
DREYFUS GROUP:	
— (d) Dreyfus Fund Int'l.	$10.96
— (w) Dr.Interct.Inv.Fd.	$11.65
— (w) Dr. Offsh. Com. Sh.	$9.31
— (w) Dr.Offsh.Deb.Prem.	—
(d) Eurunion	$50.44
(d) Executive Fd of Canada	$6.39
FIDELITY:	
— (w) Fidelity Equitalia	$11.92
— (w) Fidelity Int'l Fund	$21.07
— (w) Fidelity Pacific Fd.	$24.57
— (d) Fidelity World Fd.	$10.08
(d) Fiducem	BF1.136
(d) Finance Union	$10.49
(w) First/Fund	$13.20
FIRST INVESTORS:	
— (w) American Trust	$4.12
— (w) Int'l Mun. Petr.Fd.	$6.84
— (i) Austl.Ld&Prop.Fd.	Bah.$11.67
(d) First Nt'l City Fund	$53.81
(d) First Security Cap. Fd.	$50.74
(w) Fleming Fund S.A.	$66.25
(w) Fleming Japan Fund	$24.16
(w) Fonselex Issue Fr.	SF3.477
(d) Formula Selection Fd.	SF100.89
(d) Fonditalia	$12.29
(d) Fund of Nations	$8.15
(w) Future Australia Fd.	Aus.$8.33
G.T. (BERMUDA) LIMITED:	
— (w) Berry Pac. Fd. Ltd.	Berm.$22.70
— (w) G.T. Dollar Fund	Berm.$6.67
(w) Guardian Gr.Fd.Int'l	$8.16
(w) Haussmann Holdgs. NV	$4.632
(w) Hedged Investors	$11.071
(i) H.O.I.T./Hobet	$29.66
(d) ICOFUND	$11.50
(w) INGROW	$32.36
(d) Interitx	SF378.95
(d) Interfund S.A.	$12.13
(d) Interitalia	Lire8,939
(w) Intermarket Fund	$107.12
(w) Int'l Income Fund	$21.82
(r) Int'l Invest. Network	$10.13
(r) Int'l Privilege Ltd.	Can.$5.18
(r) Invest. Atlantiques	$47.82
(r) Italfortune Int'l Fd S.A.	$11.37
(d) Italamerica S.A. Fund	$10.89
(r) Japan Growth Fund	$15.42
(d) Japan Selection Fund	$50.16
(w) Japan Pacific Fund	$15.42
JARDINE FLEMING	
— (r) Jardine East. Trust	$67.98
— (r) Jardine Japan Fund	$46.82
— (r) Jardine Selection NV	$19.46
(d) KB Income Fund	LF1,842
(w) Keyfund	$7.95
(w) Kleinwort BensonIntF.	$11.12
(w) Kleinwort Bens.Jap.F.	$20.47
(w) Leverage Cap. Hold.	$19.93
LLOYDS & BOLSA-TYNDALL:	
††(r) L&B-T 3-way Fd.Ltd	£1.02
††(w) L&B-T Multi-wayFd.	SF499.00
††(w) L&B-T Income Fund	SF502.00
(w) Luxfund	$22.38
(r) Marlin Fund	$8.99
(d) Mediolanum Sel. Fund	$12.39
(d) Neuwirth Int'l Fund	$4.38
(d) Neuwirth Inv. Fund	$7.63
(w) N.A.M.F.	$85.36
(w) Nippon Fund	$36.58
(w) Nor. Amer. Inv. Fund	$8.63
(w) Nor. Amer. Bank Fd.	$12.22
(r) Olympic Cap. Fd. Inc.	$2.26
(r) Pegasus Intern'l	$7.17
(d) Renta Fund	LF1.984
(d) Renta Capital Fund	LF3.537
(d) Rentinvest	LF956
SAFE GROUP:	
— (d) Safe Fund	$8.44
— (d) Safe Trust Fund	$12.91
— (d) Global Fund	$6.88
(w) Samurai Portfolio	SF69.05
(r) Senator Portfolio N.V.	$5.51
SEPRO:	
— (w) Sepro (N.A.V.)	$12.35
SHARE GROUP:	
— (d) Share Int'l Fund	$7.07
— (d) Share Realty	$14.01
— (w) Shareholders Excal.	$6.87
— (d) Enterprise Fund	$6.67
— (d) Harbor Fund	$7.30
S.M.C. FUNDS:	
— (d) Chase Selection Fd.	$9.88
— (d) Crossbow Fund	SF6.67
— (d) I.T.F.	$9.51
(w) SMH I	DM98.10
SOFID GROUPE GENEVA:	
— (r) Parfon Sw. R. Est.	SF1,436.00
— (r) Securswiss	SF1,215.00
(w) Stanhope Transat. Fd.	$12.52
(w) Stand & Poor Int. Fd.	$180.27
(w) Star Fund	$7.73
(r) Suez Int'l Ventures Inc.	$11.10
SWISS BANK CORP.:	
— (d) Japan Portfolio	SF429.35
— (d) Univ. Bond Select.	SF97.25
— (d) Universal Fund	SF109.37
(r) Talent Global Fund	$12.67
(w) Tokyo Pac. Hold. (Sea.)	$22.91
(w) Tokyo Pac. Hold. NV	$39.47
(w) Tokyo Valor	$15.40
(w) Transpacific Fund	$13.35
TYNDALL GROUP:	
+ (r) Overseas Fund	$1.85
+ (r) Do. Accumulation	$1.81
+ (r) Overseas (Stg) Ltd.	£13.20
+ (r) Do. Accumulation	£16.00
UNION BANK OF SWITZERLAND:	
— (d) Amca U.S. Sh.	SF51.50
— (d) Bond Invest	SF59.00
— (d) Convert-Invest	SF98.25
— (d) Eurit Europ. Sh.	SF156.50
— (d) Fonsa Swiss Sh.	SF109.00
— (d) Globinvest	SF86.50
— (d) Pacific-Invest	SF94.00
— (d) Rometac-Invest	SF444.00
— (d) Saffit South Afr. Sh.	SF275.00
— (d) Sima Swiss R. Est.	SF172.00
UNION-INVESTMENT, Frankfurt:	
— (d) Atlanticfonds	DM18.55
— (d) Europafonds	DM37.91
— (d) Unifonds	DM21.65
— (d) Unirenta	DM41.12
— (d) Unispecial I	DM58.07
(w) United Cap. Inv. Fd.	$8.14
(d) U.S. Trust Invest. Fd.	$16.33
(w) Universal Sav. Equity	Can.$7.92
(w) Western Growth Fd.	$5.88
(w) Western Hedge Fund	$1,431.49
(w) West. Proprietary N.V.	$1,604.77
(d) World Equity Grth Fd.	$526.73
(w) Worldwide Securities	$38.56
(w) Worldwide Special	$3,846.95

DM — Deutsche Mark; * — Ex-dividend; † — New; NA — Not available; BF — Belgian francs; LF — Luxemburg francs; SF — Swiss francs; + — Offer price; a — asked.

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Toronto Stocks

Closing prices on Sept. 7, 1973

Sales	Stock	High	Low	Last	Ch'ge
45450	Abitibi	$13⅛	12⅞	13⅛	+ ⅜
1325	Acklands	$12	11¾	12	
225	Acres Ltd	$13⅞	13⅛	13⅞	— ⅛
3125	Agnico E	550	525	550	+ 5
800	Agra Ind	$11⅞	11½	11⅞	
1500	Alta Gas T	$12¼	11¾	12¼	+ ⅜
100	Alta Nat	$20	20	20	
2115	Algo Cent	$15	15	15	
208	Alliance B	$9	8¾	9	+ ¼
7100	Alminex	680	670	680	+ 5
100	Argus	$18¼	18⅛	18¼	
300	Atco Ind	$12⅞	12⅞	12⅞	
50	Banister C	$24⅝	24¼	24⅝	
2475	Bank N S	$35⅛	35	35⅛	+ ⅛
468	Baton B	$9⅝	9½	9½	— ¼
10217	Bell Canad	$41	40¾	40⅞	— ⅛
2400	Berlm	$14⅞	14½	14⅞	+ ⅜
6600	Block Bros	270	265	265	
1550	Bovis Cor	210	205	210	+ 5
3278	BP Can	15½	15⅜	15½	— ⅛
2950	Bralor Res	210	200	200	—15
10090	Bramalea	$5⅛	490	5⅛	+32
3700	Brameda	61	61	61	
2000	Brenda M	725	710	720	
8916	BC Forest	$21½	19⅞	21½	+1½
915	BC Phone	$50¼	50	50	— ¼
5978	Brunswk	510	490	490	—15
1050	Budd Auto	$14⅛	14¼	14⅛	
3405	Burns Fds	$16	15⅝	15⅝	+ ⅛
800	Cad Dev	$12	12	12	
50	Cal Pow	$23⅛	23⅛	23⅛	
950	Camflo	780	775	780	
1350	Campeau	8⅝	8	8⅝	+ ⅝
306	C Pakrs C	$21	21	21	
625	Can Perm	$17⅞	17¾	17⅞	+ ⅛
9925	C Tung	250	248	250	+ 2
705	C Cablesy	$15½	15½	15½	— ½
5344	C Imp Bank	$30½	30	30⅛	— ⅛
5876	C Ind Gas	$7⅞	7⅝	7⅞	
400	CIL	$15¼	15¼	15¼	
1856	Cdn Tire A	$49¾	49⅛	49¾	
600	C Uiltics	$10½	10¼	10¼	— ½
100	Candel Oil	$10⅝	10⅛	10⅝	— ⅛
1400	Cassiar	$12	11¾	12	+ ½
3920	Celanese	471	470	475	+15
21525	Chemalloy	355	345	355	
3405	Chieftan D	$11⅝	11¼	11⅝	+ ⅜
295	C Holiday I	$10¼	10¼	10¼	+ ¼
1500	Con Bldg	275	270	270	
1000	Con Fardy	60	57	57	— 3
2625	Con Distrb	$22¼	22⅛	22⅛	
4535	Cons Gas	$15¾	15½	15¾	+ ⅛
1100	Conwest	500	500	500	+20
3500	Craigmt	775	765	775	
5300	Crush Intl	$12⅞	12¾	12⅞	+ ⅛
1068	Denison	$38½	38¼	38½	
400	Dickinsn	325	325	325	+ 5
3045	Dofasco	$28¼	28	28¼	+ ¼
1500	Dom Store	$14½	14⅛	14½	+ ⅛
260	Dupont	$29½	29¼	29½	+ ¼
1330	Dylex L A	$7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
235	Electro Hd	$13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
2500	Emco	$5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	
2800	Falcon C	$13½	13¼	13½	+ ¼
1845	Falcon	$75⅜	74½	74½	
600	Francana	900	900	900	
500	Fruehauf	$10¼	10¼	10¼	+ ¼
300	Gen Distrb	$12½	12½	12½	
4350	Gnt Mascot	290	285	285	— 2
1125	Gibraltar	$13⅞	13⅝	13⅝	— ⅛
350	Goodyer	$21	20½	20½	—1⅝
150	Gt COilsds	825	825	825	
1500	GL Paper	$26⅛	26	26⅛	+ ⅜
400	Gt W Life	$63	63	63	
700	Greyhnd	$18¼	17¾	18	— ¼
300	Guar Trst	$11⅛	11	11⅛	
1440	Hambro C	5⅝	5⅛	5⅛	
5368	Hawker S	$5⅝	5⅛	5⅝	+ ⅛
740	Hays Dna	$10	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
21400	Houston O	320	305	320	
336	HB Oil Gas	$50½	50¼	50½	— ¼
109	Huron Erl	$28	28⅛	28⅛	
1925	IAC	$16⅝	16½	16⅝	+ ⅛
100	Inglis	$15¼	15¼	15¼	
565	Inland Gas	$10⅝	10¼	10¼	
4.68	Intpr Pipe	$23⅛	23	23⅛	— ⅛
375	Int Mogul	$13½	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
150	Inv Grp A	$9¼	9¼	9¼	
625	Janoc Corp	$6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
2750	Kaiser Re	325	315	320	— 5
23680	Kaps Tran	5¼	450	495	— 5
1000	Kelsey H	$11	11	11	
1765	Kerr Add d	$12	12	12	
6050	Koffler	$5⅝	5⅜	5⅜	— ⅛
13465	Labatt	$24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	+ ¼
100	Lab Min	$43⅛	43⅛	43⅛	
16	Laura Sec	$7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	
596	Lob Co A	$5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	
400	Loeb M	430	430	430	
20	Liberian	$12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	
1322	Mclan H A	$13	12½	12½	— ½
25670	MB Ltd	$33	32⅞	33	+ ⅛
300	M Lf Mills	$19¼	19	19	
100	Mattgmi	$32½	32½	32½	
25	Met Stores	$17¼	17¼	17¼	
3203	Microsyst	$8⅝	8⅜	8⅜	— ⅛
263	Moore	$49⅞	49⅛	49⅛	— ⅛
700	Murphy	$9⅝	8⅞	9⅛	+ ¼
1283	Nat Trust	$21½	21¼	21¼	— ¼
1947	Noranda A	$50¼	50¼	50⅛	— ⅛
300	Orchan	475	470	475	+10
640	OSF Ind	$8¼	8¼	8¼	— ¼
2920	Oshawa A	$8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	
3300	Pamour	560	540	560	+10
2607	PanCan P	$14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	+ ⅛
1526	Patino N V	$22½	21½	22½	+1½
31450	Pembin A	415	400	415	+10
300	Pembin B	400	400	400	—10
293	Petrofina	$24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	— ⅛
281	Pine Point	$35⅞	35⅞	35⅞	+ ⅛
2724	Placer	$28	27⅞	27⅞	+ ⅜
5253	Rapid Dia	$8	7⅞	8	
530	Rayrock	120	120	120	
500	Redpath I	$27	27	27	+ ½
1711	Reed Osir A	$10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	+ ¼
300	Reichhold	$19	19	19	+ ½
50	Rothman	$14¼	14¼	14¼	
6100	Scotts	$8¼	7⅞	8¼	+ ⅜
12235	Shell Can	$20⅝	20⅜	20⅝	+ ¼
13013	Sherritt	$15⅝	15¼	15⅝	
4603	Siebens	$13	12⅞	12⅞	— ⅛
5561	Simpsons	$8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	+ ⅛
4303	Simpson S	$11¼	11	11	— ¼
260	Slater St	$10½	10⅛	10⅛	+ ¼
300	Stat W Can	$9¼	9⅛	9¼	+ ⅛
1100	Southam	$30	29⅞	29⅞	— ⅛
100	St Brodcst	$10½	10½	10½	— ⅛
5525	Stelco	$30⅜	30⅛	30½	— ⅛
2530	Steep R	150	150	150	— 4
43575	Sundale O	875	835	875	+40
2995	Tara	$14⅛	13¾	14⅛	+ ⅛
1414	Teck Cor A	410	400	410	+15
3790	Teck Cor B	390	375	390	+10
920	Texaco	$63	62	63	
4750	Thom Nes	$13⅛	13	13	— ⅛
6733	Tor Dm Bk	$34	33⅝	34	— ⅛
160	Traders A	$18¼	18	18¼	
17136	Tr Can PL	$29⅝	28⅝	29⅝	+ ⅝
2930	Trans Mt	$19¼	19	19	— ⅛
4930	U Siscoe	675	650	655	—13
560	Un Carbid	$17	17	17	+ ⅛
2885	Un Gas	$10	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
703	Union Oil	$15⅝	15½	15½	
400	Upp Can	278	275	275	— 4
100	Van Der	$9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	
1400	Voyager P	600	595	595	
2335	Weldwod	$16	16	16	
300	Welburne	$11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	+ ⅛
2600	West Mine	300	300	300	
1630	W Realty	$7⅝	7½	7⅝	
680	Westnhse	$20⅝	20	20⅝	+ ⅝
700	Weston	$21	21	21	— ⅛
34637	White Pas	$10½	10⅛	10⅛	
270	Woodwd A	$23⅛	23⅛	23⅛	— ⅛
5900	Yk Bear	445	430	440	
200	Yukon C	171	171	171	— 5

Total sales 2,516,713 shares

Montreal Stocks

Sales	Stock	High	Low	Last	Ch'ge
11765	Algoma	$19	18¾	19	+ ⅛
4799	Bank Mont	$18⅝	18½	18½	— ⅛
220	Bombard	380	375	375	+ 5
1522	Brinco	$5½	5½	5½	
1700	CAE Ind	$10	10	10	— ⅛
200	Cdn Indust	$15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	
100	Com BusM	$9	9	9	
5893	Con Bath	$27½	26¾	27½	+1
200	Crn Zell A	$23¼	23¼	23¼	+ ⅜
2500	Dom Text	$9	8⅞	8⅞	
1082	Fncl Col	$8¼	8¼	8¼	
1000	Imasco	$30⅝	30¼	30¼	
1500	Ivaco	$12	11⅞	11⅞	+ ⅛
600	Laur Fin	$11¼	11¼	11¼	
1000	Molson A	$23⅛	22⅞	23	— ⅛
2565	Power Cp	$11	10⅞	11	
14695	Price Co	$16⅛	15¾	16⅛	+ ⅜
400	Rolland A	$8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	
1795	Royal Bank	$36	35⅞	36	+ ⅛
1023	Royal Trust	$24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	+ ⅛
9810	Steinberg A	$23⅛	23⅛	23⅛	+ ⅜
15540	Zellers	$14⅝	14⅛	14⅝	— ⅛

Total sales 1,164,549 shares.

Market Summary

Most Actives—New York

Sept. 7, 1973

FedNat Mtg	271,300	20⅜	+ ⅜
Chromally	200,803	12	
Panh EPL	175,400	30⅝	+ ⅝
US Indust	166,500	13⅝	+ ⅜
Phillips Pet	162,400	54⅛	—1⅜
Disney W	146,903	79	—2⅛
Am T&T wt	128,603	5⅝	
TRW Inc	125,300	25	— ¼
FstNat City	113,003	47¼	— ⅛
Texaco Inc	110,603	29⅞	— ⅛
Scott Paper	108,100	16½	— ⅛
Am Tel&Tel	106,400	49¾	+ ¼
Marcor Inc	103,500	24⅝	+ ⅛
IntTelTel	97,303	31½	— ½
StdOil Cal	91,900	62¾	—1

	Today	Prev. day
Volume (in millions)	14.93	15.67
Advances	795	960
Declines	696	498
Unchanged	367	341
Total issues	1768	1799
New 1973 highs	27	38
New 1973 lows	28	20

Most Actives—American

	Vol.	Close	Chg.
Tenneco wt	53,700	4⅞	
Houst Oil M	50,300	47⅝	— ⅜
Cdn Javelin	46,000	14	— ⅛
Robintech	43,600	25¼	+1⅜
Ohio Sealy	43,100	10¾	—
Syntex	42,100	92⅞	—3⅜
US Filter	39,600	14⅝	+1⅛
Tracor Inc	24,900	5½	+ ⅜
Kaiser Ind	23,900	6¼	— ⅜
Approx total stock sales	2,110,000		
Stock sales year ago	2,693,690		

American Stock Index:

High	Low	Close	N.C.
102.50	100.48	101.58	+.63

Dow Jones Averages

	Open	High	Low	Close	Net
30 Ind	900.51	905.75	892.61	898.63	— 2.41
20 Trn	162.88	164.35	161.06	162.88	+ 0.39
15 Util	99.98	101.48	98.96	100.84	+ 1.18
65 Stk	274.31	276.50	271.70	274.34	+ 0.21

Standard & Poor's

	High	Low	Close	N.C.
425 Industrials	118.73	116.72	117.46	—.52
20 Railroads	35.30	34.64	34.94	+.08
55 Utilities	53.05	51.92	52.64	+.24
500 Stocks	105.87	104.04	104.76	—.39

NYSE Index

	High	Low	Close	N.C.
Composite	56.29	56.12	56.12	—.14
Industrials	61.62	61.47	61.47	—.26
Transportation	34.76	34.60	34.76	+.06
Utility	37.03	36.87	37.03	+.23
Finance	71.66	71.48	71.54	—.10

Odd-Lot Trading in N.Y.

Shares	Buy	Sales	*Short
Sept. 7	249,494	376,294	3,837
Sept. 5	237,123	349,503	3,442
Sept. 4	242,456	366,229	2,586
Aug. 31	186,106	278,441	3,710
Aug 30	204,613	284,353	3,214
Aug. 29	221,748	315,387	3,447

*These totals are included in the sales figures.

European Gold Markets

Sept. 7, 1973

	Op.	Cl.	N.C.
London Fix	105.50	103.25	— 2.25
Zurich	105.50	105.80	—
Paris (12.5 kilo)	108.09	107.87	— 0.64

U.S. dollars per ounce.

New Highs and Lows

.... NEW HIGHS-27.. ....

AmFinSy pf, Atl Rich, AtlRch 3pf, Cent Soya, ChiMilw Cp, Clev Cliff, Colg Pal wi, ContCopp, Diebold In, Dow Chem, FedNat Mtg, Fst Chi Cp, Ft Dearbn S, Foxboro, Halliburtn, Ing Rand, JhnHan Sec, Kennecott, Nalco Chem, Over Shiphd, Potlatch Cp, Pullman, Rubbrmd n, StJoe Min, StdPoor Sec, Thom Betts, Utah Int

.... NEW LOWS-23.. ....

Avon Prod, BostEdis pf, Caro ClinOh, Cascde NGs, Cen Ill Lt pf, Chromally, City Stores, Clorox Co, EMI Ltd, Gleasn Wks, Gdrich pfA, KaisC 1.37pf, Lilly Eli, MadSq Gar, Merck Co, Nat Gypsm, NoNG 5.90pf, Pitney Bow, PSEG 9.62pf, Retail Cred, Rich Merr, Robins AH, StuWor pfB

U.S. Trade Bill Action This Year Is Doubted

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6 (Reuters).—House speaker Carl Albert said today he doubts that Congress will finish the trade bill this year.

After meeting with Senate leaders, the House Democratic leader said, "I have no assurance that there will be any action (by the Senate) on the trade bill, and I came away from the meeting with the impression that the Senate would not act even if the House did act to pass the bill."

Mutual Funds

Closing prices on Sept. 7, 1973

NEW YORK (AP)—The following quotations, supplied by the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., are the prices at which these securities could have been sold (net asset value) or bought (value plus sales charge) Friday.

Fund	Bid	Ask
AGE Fnd	5.01	5.11
Admiralty Funds:		
Grwth	4.22	4.64
Incom	3.69	4.04
Insur	7.92	8.68
Advisrs	4.18	4.57
Aetna F	8.54	9.33
Aetna Shr	13.50	14.75
Afuture F	10.23	N.L.
AllAm Fd	.64	.70
Allstate	12.90	13.87
Alpha	13.08	14.30
Amcap	4.88	5.31
Am Diver	9.34	10.21
Am Eqity	4.61	5.05
Amer Express:		
Capit	7.55	8.25
Incme	8.41	9.19
Invest	7.85	8.58
Specl	7.70	8.42
Stock	7.55	8.25
Am Grth	5.95	6.50
Am Insin	5.04	5.51
Am Invs	5.00	N.L.
Am Mutl	8.23	8.99
AmN Gth	2.35	2.57
Anchor Group:		
Capit	4.76	5.22
Grwth	7.98	8.75
Incmo	7.12	7.80
Fd Inv	7.65	8.38
Vent	8.76	9.60
Wash N	12.01	13.16
Astron	3.72	4.07
Audax Fd	8.01	8.76
Axe Houghton:		
Fnd A	4.65	5.05
Fnd B	7.04	7.65
Stock	5.78	6.32
Scien	4.16	4.52
BLC Grth	11.42	12.48
Babson	11.22	N.L.
Bayrk Fd	7.29	7.97
Bayrk Gr	5.79	6.33
Beacn Hil	8.88	N.L.
Beacn In	11.22	N.L.
Berg Ken	11.17	N.L.
Berk Gth	4.08	4.46
Bondstk	4.75	5.19
Bost Fdn	9.60	10.49
Brwn Fd	3.35	3.66
Bullock Calvin:		
Bullck	13.10	14.35
Candn	21.94	24.02
Divid	3.66	4.01
NatW S	9.63	10.55
NY Vnt	11.31	12.38
Burnh Fd	10.05	N.L.
CG Fund	10.37	11.21
Cap Trin	11.52	12.59
Centry Sh	13.73	14.97
Channing Funds:		
Balan	10.43	11.40
Bond	8.99	9.83
Com St	1.28	1.40
Grwth	5.33	5.83
Incom	6.69	7.31
Specl	1.82	1.99
Vent	9.08	9.92
Chase Gr Bos:		
Fund	8.82	9.64
Frt Cap	5.58	6.10
Shrhld	7.31	7.99
Specl	6.11	6.68
Chemicl	10.61	11.60
Colonial:		
Cnvrt	9.44	10.32
Eqty	3.31	3.62
Fund	9.96	10.89
Grwth	6.13	6.70
Incom	9.65	10.55
Vent	3.34	3.65
Colu Grth	12.11	N.L.
Cwlth AB	1.13	1.22
Cwlth C	1.42	1.54
Comp. Gr	6.74	7.37
Comp Cp	4.74	5.19
Comp Bd	8.40	9.14
Comp Fd	7.50	8.14
Concord	9.49	N.L.
Cons Inv	11.25	11.75
Constel G	5.31	6.02
Cont Mut	7.91	N.L.
Cont Gth	7.40	7.63
Ctry Cap	12.88	13.93
Crn WDiv	5.58	6.10
Crn WDal	6.31	6.90
Dallas Fd	3.28	
Davge Fd	8.96	N.L.
deVegh	60.44	N.L.
Delaware Group:		
Decat	9.55	10.44
Delaw	9.42	10.30
Delta	4.89	5.34
Dir Cap	5.10	5.59
Dodg Cox	15.47	N.L.
Drexel	9.90	N.L.
Dreyfus Grp:		
Dreyf	10.59	11.61
Equit	3.82	4.08
Levge	14.79	16.21
Spl Inc	7.39	8.10
Third C	10.33	11.32
E&E Fd	3.24	N.L.
Eagle Gr	7.15	7.84
Eaton&Howard:		
Balan	9.56	10.45
Grwth	14.37	15.70
Incom	6.00	6.56
Specl	7.39	8.09
Stock	12.84	14.03
Ebrstdr	unavail	
EDIE Spl	22.93	N.L.
EFC Management:		
Eq Gth	7.81	8.54
Eq Pro	3.04	3.32
Fd Am	7.64	8.35
Egret Gt	12.43	13.51
Elfun Tr	unavail	
Emer Sec	3.67	4.01
Energy	14.77	N.L.
Fairfld	8.28	9.05
Farm Bu	9.66	N.L.
Fed Reg	9.29	
Fidelity Group:		
Bond	8.80	9.62
Capit	11.52	12.59
Contfd	9.38	
Conv	7.20	7.92
Dstny	6.41	
Essex	10.68	
Evrst	11.36	12.42
Fidel	15.31	16.95
Puritn	9.23	10.0
Salem	4.23	4.62
Trend	24.00	26.23
Financial Prog:		
Dyna	4.30	N.L.
Indust	4.25	N.L.
Incom	5.69	N.L.
Vent	4.22	N.L.
FstFd Va	11.28	12.32
Fst Investors:		
Disco	5.45	5.97
Grwth	7.22	7.98
Stock	7.76	8.50
Fst Mult	8.55	N.L.
Forum Group:		
Climb F	9.16	N.L.
100 Fd	11.04	N.L.
101 Fd	8.04	N.L.
Twan F	6.12	N.L.
Fnd Gth	4.63	5.07
Founders Group:		
Grwth	5.40	5.90
Incom	11.77	12.86
Mutual	8.81	9.63
Specl	11.04	12.07
Foursq	8.80	9.62
Franklin Group:		
DNTC	7.93	8.69
Grwth	7.43	8.14
Utils	5.21	5.71
Incom	1.90	2.08
US Gov	9.75	10.48
Capit	4.81	5.27
Equit	4.38	4.80
Frkln Lfe	11.60	12.68
FdF Dep	9.35	N.L.
Fund Inc Grp:		
Comm	8.99	9.83
Impac	7.91	8.64
Ind Trd	11.04	12.08
Pilot	7.56	8.26
Gatewy	7.26	7.85
GE S&S	36.05	
Gen Sec	6.57	N.L.
Group Sec:		
Apex	5.57	6.09
Balan	7.73	8.45
Com St	11.14	12.18
GrthFd A	4.29	4.69
Grth Ind	20.38	N.L.
Guard M	22.47	N.L.
Hamilton:		
F HDA	4.08	4.46
Grwth	6.85	7.48
Incom	6.30	6.88
H&C Fd	10.97	N.L.
H&C Lev	8.51	N.L.
Hedb Gor	8.15	8.91
Hedge	5.76	
Herotge	1.80	1.97
ISI Group:		
Grwth	4.12	4.50
Incom	3.92	4.28
Trus sh	12.88	4.08
Trus un	3.47	
Imp Cap	9.75	10.66
Imp Gth	7.29	7.94
IncF Am	12.87	14.07
IncF Bos	6.00	6.58
Industry	3.07	3.36
INTGN	8.73	9.43
Int Invst	35.89	39.33
Inver Gth	8.89	N.L.
ICA	13.07	14.29
Inv Guid	7.29	N.L.
Inv Indic	3.11	
Inves Bos	11.02	12.04
Inv Counsel:		
Capm	7.41	8.12
Capit G	2.84	3.11
Capit S	unavail	
Investors Group:		
IDS Grt	6.97	
IDS ndl	6.19	6.72
Mutl	9.71	10.55
Prog	4.43	4.78
Stock	19.89	21.62
Select	9.19	9.88
Var Py	8.87	9.64
Inv Resh	5.03	5.50
Istel	21.56	22.23
Ivy	7.03	N.L.
JP GrthF	9.12	9.97
Janus F	17.23	N.L.
J Hanck	7.90	8.59
J Hanck St	8.45	9.18
Johnstn	24.42	N.L.
Keystone Funds:		
Apollo	4.73	5.18
Cus B1	18.52	19.37
Cus B2	19.45	21.28
Cus B4	8.08	8.86
Cus K1	7.03	7.71
Cus K2	6.04	6.62
Cus S1	22.02	24.13
Cus S2	11.67	12.79
Cus S3	8.02	8.79
Cus S4	4.41	4.83
Polar	3.72	4.06
Knickb	6.19	6.78
Knick Gt	7.58	8.30
Land Gth	6.52	7.12
Lenox Fd	5.31	N.L.
Lexington Grp:		
Lex Gr	6.50	7.10
Lex Rh	13.62	14.89
Librty Fd	5.29	5.78
Life Ins	8.66	9.47
Linc NH	7.24	7.91
Loomis Sayles:		
Capit	13.14	N.L.
Mut	14.47	N.L.
Lord Abbett:		
Affild	6.70	7.25
A Bus	2.95	3.19
Bnd Db	9.83	10.74
Luth Bro	10.64	N.L.
Luth Inc	9.33	10.26
Manhtn	3.94	4.31
Massachusett Co:		
Freed	7.81	8.56
Indep	8.33	9.13
Mass	11.55	12.66
Mass Financl:		
MIT	11.28	12.33
MIG	12.91	14.11
MID	13.40	14.64
MFD	13.35	14.59
MCD	14.73	16.10
Mates	2.06	N.L.
Mathers	11.68	N.L.
Mid AM	5.39	5.89
MONY F	10.58	11.56
MSB Fd	14.03	N.L.
Mut Ben	9.89	10.84
MIF Fd	7.75	8.38
MIF Gth	4.56	4.93
M OmaG	4.85	5.27
M Omahl	8.89	9.66
Mut Shrs	15.26	N.L.
Mut Trst	1.87	N.L.
NEA Mut	9.56	9.76
Natl Ind	10.04	N.L.
Nat Secur Ser:		
Balan	8.89	9.72
Bond	4.78	5.22
Divid	3.53	3.86
Grwth	6.69	7.31
Pf Stk	6.06	6.62
Incom	4.64	5.07
Stock	6.63	7.25
NE LifeFund:		
Equit	14.13	17.53
Groth	10.71	11.64
Side	16.54	7.98
Neuw Cet	5.30	N.L.
Neuw Fd	9.19	N.L.
New Per	13.86	15.15
New Wld	12.37	13.52
Newton	14.18	15.50
Nich Strg	17.07	N.L.
Noreast	14.78	N.L.
Omega	7.69	7.61
One WmS	6.56	N.L.
ONeil Fd	12.14	N.L.
Oppenheimer Fd:		
Oppen	7.32	8.00
AIM	10.47	11.44
Time	7.45	8.14
OTC Sec	9.90	10.76
Param M	7.67	8.38
Paul Rvr	7.22	7.89
Pegas Fd	5.05	5.54
Penn Sq	6.93	N.L.
Pa Mut	2.57	
Phila	6.56	7.19
Pilgrim Grp:		
Pilgm	8.12	8.87
Mag C	3.64	3.96
Incom	8.68	9.49
Pine St	10.15	N.L.
Pine Tree	2.96	
Pioneer Fund:		
Enlrp	7.34	8.02
Fund	11.61	12.69
II	9.50	10.38
Plan Inv	8.95	9.78
Pligrth	12.66	13.84
Price Funds:		
Grwth	13.61	N.L.
N Era	11.70	N.L.
N Horiz	10.29	N.L.
Pro Fund	8.23	N.L.
Provid	4.03	4.40
Prov Gth	8.54	9.33
Pru SIP	10.42	11.33
Putnam Funds:		
Conv	10.78	11.75
Equit	8.95	9.78
Georg	15.27	16.69
Grwth	11.15	12.19
Incom	8.02	8.77
Invest	9.68	10.58
Vista	10.58	11.56
Voyag	10.53	[illegible]
Salec Eqt	8.33	[illegible]
Sagitars	2.31	N.L.
Schustr	8.49	[illegible]
Schust Sp	8.60	9.40
Scudder Funds:		
Int Inv	16.79	N.L.
Specl	30.91	N.L.
Balan	16.29	N.L.
Com St	10.72	N.L.
Seab Lev	4.31	[illegible]
Security Funds:		
Equty	3.51	[illegible]
Invest	6.35	[illegible]
Ultra	7.18	[illegible]
Selected Funds:		
Sel Am	8.22	N.L.
Sel Opp	9.53	N.L.
Sel Spl	13.85	N.L.
Sent Gth	10.01	N.L.
Sentry F	13.85	N.L.
Shareholders Gp:		
Cmstk	3.46	[illegible]
Entrp	5.48	[illegible]
Flet Fd	3.94	[illegible]
Harbr	7.81	[illegible]
Legal	8.29	[illegible]
Pace	7.62	[illegible]
Shearson Funds:		
Appre	18.84	[illegible]
Incom	17.15	[illegible]
Invest	9.57	[illegible]
Sherm D	12.04	N.L.
Side Fd	7.09	[illegible]
Sigma Funds:		
Capit	7.65	[illegible]
Invest	10.34	[illegible]
Trust	7.67	[illegible]
Vent	9.03	[illegible]
SB Eqty	10.37	N.L.
SB I&Gr	10.36	N.L.
SoGen Int	12.76	[illegible]
Sw Invs	8.08	[illegible]
Swin Gr	6.84	[illegible]
Sover Inv	11.37	[illegible]
Spectra F	5.64	[illegible]
S&P InD	6.78	N.L.
State BondGr:		
Com F	4.84	[illegible]
Div Fd	5.21	[illegible]
Prog F	5.13	[illegible]
StFrm Gt	4.75	N.L.
S Frm In	9.12	N.L.
State St	46.15	[illegible]
Steadman Funds:		
Am Ind	3.03	N.L.
Asso F	1.17	N.L.
Invest	1.37	N.L.
a14 7 [illegible]		
a14 Invests [illegible]		
Stein Roe Fds:		
Balan	20.90	N.L.
Cap O	10.51	N.L.
Stock	14.94	N.L.
Supervisd Inv:		
Grwth	6.19	[illegible]
Incom	8.88	[illegible]
Sumit	9.81	[illegible]
Tech	6.39	[illegible]
Sync Gth	6.78	[illegible]
TMR App	8.73	[illegible]
Temp Gl	8.32	[illegible]
Towr Cap	3.73	[illegible]
Trns Cap	8.35	[illegible]
Trav Eq	10.59	[illegible]
Tudr Hed	11.43	N.L.
TwnC Gt	2.80	[illegible]
TwnC Inc	3.96	[illegible]
USAA Gt	10.99	N.L.
US GovSe	9.86	[illegible]
Unif Mut	8.77	[illegible]
Unifund	8.48	[illegible]
Union Svc Grp:		
Broad	13.66	[illegible]
Nat Inv	8.60	[illegible]
U Cap	9.11	[illegible]
Whteh	12.73	[illegible]
United Funds:		
Accm	7.12	[illegible]
Bond	7.75	[illegible]
Con Gr	9.95	[illegible]
Con Inc	9.82	[illegible]
Incom	13.26	[illegible]
Scien	6.87	[illegible]
Vang	7.02	[illegible]
Value Line Fd:		
Val Li	5.45	[illegible]
Incom	4.34	[illegible]
Lev Grt	6.85	[illegible]
Spl Sit	3.71	[illegible]
Vance Sanders:		
Invest	7.17	[illegible]
Comm	7.12	[illegible]
Specl	7.55	[illegible]
Vandrbt	4.51	[illegible]
Vangd	1.43	[illegible]
Vanis TN	6.04	
Var In P	3.79	[illegible]
Viking	5.61	[illegible]
Wall St G	7.66	[illegible]
Wash M	11.85	[illegible]
Weing Eq	11.72	[illegible]
Wellingtn Group:		
Explr	21.91	[illegible]
Ivest	9.89	[illegible]
Morg	11.60	[illegible]
Techv	7.49	
Trust	11.97	[illegible]
Wellsl	11.87	[illegible]
Welltn	10.93	[illegible]
Windr	7.61	[illegible]
West Ind	3.33	[illegible]
Westf Grt	8.64	[illegible]
Wisc Fd	5.69	[illegible]
Ziegler	9.87	[illegible]

Wall St. Did you lose a paper fortune yesterday? Make a killing in cocoa? Find out in the *daily* Wall St. listings in the Tribune.

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هكذا من الأصل

American Stock Exchange Trading

—1973— High. Low.	Stocks and Div. in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last.	Net Chg's
36¾	12½ AAR Corp	10	16	13¼	12¾	13¼+	½
11⅜	8¼ AbrdMf .40a	5	1	10	10	10	+ ¼
3¾	1¼ Aberden Pet	58	1	1¾	1¾	1¾	
2⅜	¾ Acme Heml	162	1	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	
18	3⅜ ACtion Ind	6	7	4⅞	4⅝	4⅝—	⅛
5⅝	2⅜ Adam Rusel	6	7	4⅞	4⅝	4⅝—	⅛
6½	1⅞ ADM Indust		1	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜—	⅛
19⅝	10¼ Admirlin .50	6	2	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜	
17½	7½ Adobe Corp	19	74	16¾	16¾	16¾+	⅛
5⅛	2⅜ A&EPlast P		4	8	2⅝	2⅝—	⅛
2⅝	1¼ Aerotex Inc		2	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	
7½	3⅜ AeroFlo .08r	7	5	5	5	5	
4⅛	2 Aeronca Inc		6	2	2	2	
8⅜	4 AffilCap .39f	4	2	4½	4¼	4¼—	⅛
3⅜	1⅛ Affil Cp wt		5	1⅜	1¼	1¼	
14	4¾ AIC Pht .56r	7	8	5⅝	5⅜	5⅜—	⅛
12	7½ Airborn Frt	14	55	10½	10⅛	10⅛+	⅛
11¼	6⅛ Airpax .45f	6	1	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	
23½	13⅜ Airwick .16	37	107	24⅜	23¼	23⅜+	⅛
19½	12⅜ AlexMas .60	9	1	14¼	14¼	14¼	
7⅜	4½ Alaska Airl		5	6	5⅞	5⅞	
4⅜	2½ Alba Waldn		1	3½	3¼	3½—	
12½	4⅜ Alcolac .05e	12	1	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞—	⅛
17	7⅜ AllesHV Alrl	12	25	8¾	8⅝	8¾+	⅛
81	31 AllesA pfC 3		1	35	35	35	+ 1
8⅝	3 AllesA wtN		7	3⅜	3⅞	3⅞—	
13¾	4⅝ AllanTR .79f	6	1	10½	10½	10½+	⅛
4½	1⅞ Allied Art	1	18	2¾	2¼	2¼	
3¾	2⅛ Alpha Ind	19	1	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	
7½	4 Alsmsil Cp		4	8	5	4⅞	
1⅝	⅝ Altec Corp		5	15-16	13-16	15-16+	⅛
4⅞	2½ Altec Cp pf			3⅞	3⅝	3⅝+	⅛
11⅜	7 AlterFds .50	5	1	9¾	9¾	9¾	
54¾	48½ Alcoa pf3.75		2150	57	56½	56½—	1
13⅜	7¾ AlumSpc .44	9	11	10⅞	10⅝	10⅝—	⅛
61⅜	29¾ Amco Ind	64	17	3⅜	3⅛	3⅛	
12	5 AMesaLL wt		58	6⅜	6	6 —	⅛
4⅜	1¾ Am Aerocrs		8	2	1⅞	2 +	⅛
14	8 AmBiltrt .80	4	1	8¼	8¼	8¼	
26⅝	14⅞ AmBusP .20	19	1	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜	
3½	⅞ ACenMts wt		1	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
38⅜	24¾ AFitch 2.74e	9	4	27⅜	27⅜	27⅜+	⅛
5	2 AmFitch wt		3	3	3	3	
14⅜	10 AmGard Pd	7	3	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛+	⅛
4	4 Am Int Pict		6	2	4⅝	4⅝	
10⅝	6½ AlsraelI .25e	8	17	7⅞	7⅝	7⅝+	⅛
9	6½ AMaizeA .33	7	1	7⅞	7⅝	7⅝+	⅛
9	6½ AMaizeB .33	7	5	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝+	⅛
44⅛	36⅜ Am Mf 1.87e	5	1	40¼	40¼	40¼+	¼
24	5½ AmMf I .20e	8	14	10½	10¼	10¼+	⅛
38¾	31½ A Petrf 1.10	11	6	33½	33⅜	33½+	⅛
19½	9¾ AShOil Can	15	1	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜	
12⅛	7¼ Aspro .40b	5	3	7½	7½	7½+	⅛
24⅜	5¾ AsdMt 2.0e		14	6½	6¼	6½+	⅛
27½	22¾ AsdProd .48	6	27	30½	29⅝	30 +	⅛
6⅝	3 Agirex nc	7	6	3⅝	3¾	3⅝+	⅛
10½	6⅜ Atalanta Cp	5	4	8	7⅞	7⅞—	⅛
92½	90½ AtlCMI 1.30e	11	69	31¾	31¼	31⅜+	⅛
32⅝	17½ AugstUnc .10	27	1	23⅜	23⅜	23⅜+	⅛
28½	2 Aushrst Oil	16	90	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜—	⅛
9½	4 Auto Bldg	7	7	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	
7½	3 Autmat Rad	4	9	3⅝	3¾	3¾	
8¾	4⅜ AutmSvc .20	5	7	5½	5⅜	5½+	⅛
47	41 AutSwit .64a	16	1	47⅜	47⅜	47⅜—	⅛
9⅝	4 AVEMC .14	8	24	4¾	4¾	4¾+	⅛
40¾	32½ Avondale 1a	8	1	33⅜	33¾	33⅜+	⅛
20⅝	16½ AVX Corp	13	1	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜	

B

6⅜	5 BaldSec .31e		21	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	
18⅜	14½ BanFd 1.45e		94	16	15½	15½+	⅛
4⅛	1¼ BansPun wt		43	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜+	⅛
33⅜	18 BanstrCp Lt	12	211	26½	25¾	25½—	⅛
	BanstrCf in		10	23¼	23¼	23¼	
21	9⅜ BankrU .20e	18	2	12⅜	12⅜	12⅜—	⅛
7¾	3 Banner .02e	5	11	3¼	3¼	3¼	
6¾	3½ Barbra Lyn	6	7	3⅝	3½	3½+	⅛
27⅞	2⅜ Barclay Ind	11	19	2⅝	2½	2½+	⅛
9½	3½ Barnes Eng		1	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	
15½	7¼ Barnwel Ind	26	19	7½	7¼	7¼	
6⅛	5⅜ Barry R .42f	7	9	5⅞	5⅝	5⅝	
12⅞	6½ BarryWr .32	7	4	7¾	7	7 —	⅛
3½	1⅜ Bartell Med	10	18	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜+	⅛
8⅛	3⅜ Barth Sp .27	7	3	3½	3¼	3⅜—	⅛
4⅛	2⅜ Bartons Cdy	91	1	2¾	2¾	2¾—	⅛
3½	1 Baruch Fost		4	1¾	1¾	1¾	
7½	3⅝ Barwick ET	8	1	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛—	⅛
6¾	3 BasinPet Cp	12	161	3¾	3¾	3¾	
13⅜	9⅛ BayrkU .81e		19	11	10½	11 +	⅛
4	1½ BhaviarI RL	5	3	1¾	1¾	1¾+	⅛
4⅞	2⅛ Bell Ind .08	6	16	2¾	2½	2¾+	⅛
28⅜	20¾ BenSM 2.75e	8	19	24½	23¾	24¼+	⅛
8⅛	2⅜ BenSIMs wt		2	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜+	⅛
6½	3⅜ Benrus Crp	9	4	4⅜	4½	4½	
85⅛	41½ Berg En .44f	5	3	6	6	5⅞—	⅛
2⅞	6 BergRit .36f		21	7⅛	7	7	
1	⅝ BergRit wt		31	3	11-16	⅝	
7⅜	3½ Berg Bruns	32	1	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜—	⅛
8½	4¾ BernzOmni	10	6	5⅜	5⅛	5⅛—	⅛
8½	3½ Berter Corp	6	5	6⅛	6	6 —	⅛
18½	6½ Berven .08h	9	5	8	7¾	7¾+	⅛
3⅝	2⅛ Benham Cp		1	2¾	2¾	2¾+	⅛
4⅞	1⅜ Beverly Ent	8	224	2½	2¼	2½—	⅛
14⅞	5⅞ BevHill Bnc	6	5	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝	
32½	14 Bic Pen .27	20	6	21⅜	21⅜	21⅜—	⅝
29⅜	9⅝ BgBear 1.08	6	10	19⅜	18½	19⅜+	1⅛
5⅜	2⅛ BigV Supmk	6	7	4¼	4	4⅛+	⅛
20½	14½ BinkMf .80a	7	1	15⅜	15⅜	15⅜	
31⅞	12⅜ BinnySm .72	9	1977	19⅜	19⅜	15⅜+	⅛
14¼	5 Bio Dynam	14	6	2	6⅝	6⅝	
10⅞	4⅜ Bissinc .60	6	3	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	
4⅝	2⅜ Blount .06	5	3	2⅜	2½	2⅜+	⅛
4⅜	2⅛ Bluebird Inc	7	3	3¼	3¼	3¼—	⅛
1⅞	¼ Bluebird wt		13	7-16	⅜	7-16+1-16	
24½	9⅞ Bodin Ap .20	6	35	14½	13⅝	13⅝—	⅛
11¼	4¼ Bohack Crp		19	6¼	6	6¼+	⅛
12⅛	5⅝ Bolt Berank	7	19	6¼	6	6¼+	⅛
44⅜	19½ Bowmar Ins	11	154	34¼	33	33⅜	
25⅝	7 Bowne .20	6	5	7¼	7¼	7½—	⅛
55	25⅝ BowVall .10	131	215	35½	35	35½+	⅝
26½	7⅝ Brad Ragan	13	19	13½	13⅛	13⅛—	⅝
80	21⅜ BradCm Sv	48	3	32½	32	32 —	¼
8	3⅞ Brechin .26	7	2	4	4	4	
97½	9½ BranifAr wt		8	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝—	⅛
14	8¼ BrfAirA .50f		2	10½	10½	10½	
21¾	17¼ BrascanLt 1	4	44	18⅞	17⅜	18¼+	⅜
20½	12½ BraunEn .44	5	2	15½	15½	15½+	⅛
10⅝	4 Breeze Corp		4	5⅜	5⅛	5¼	
16½	12 Brewer .40	7	1	13	13	13	
3¼	1⅜ BroDart Ind	8	5	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞+	⅛
6¼	2¼ Brody Seatg	7	1	3½	3½	3½	
9⅞	4⅜ BrookP .16a	10	7	6	7¾	7½—	⅛
4½	2 BrownCo wt		1	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜+	⅛
32⅛	16½ BwnFA .40b	12	1	21	21	21	
33⅜	20⅛ BwnFB .40b	12	7	21¾	21¼	21⅜	
34⅜	23 BTMfg 2.71e	9	90	27⅜	26½	26¾—	⅛
5⅝	2¾ Buehler Cp	17	2	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	
15⅞	9½ Buell In .25r	6	1	10½	10½	10½—	⅛
23⅝	15⅝ Bundy 1.08a	6	1	16¼	16¼	16¼	
5⅛	1⅛ Burgess Ind		2	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛—	⅛
30¾	10 Burnsint .60	12	2	13⅜	13⅛	13⅛—	⅛
10½	4 Butler Aviat	7	8	8⅞	8¾	8⅞+	⅛
37¼	16 Butler G Oil	28	55	23½	23	23½—	⅛

C

14	3¾ Cabicom Gn		14	3¾	3¼	3¾	
9⅞	7¾ Caldor .15b	6	46	8⅜	8⅛	8⅜+	⅛
13⅞	5⅜ Calcomp		8	8½	8⅜	8⅜	
24½	13¾ Cal PrtCm 1	8	23	14½	13⅞	13⅞—	½
8¾	5½ Camcoin .05		13	7	6⅞	7⅛	⅛
8⅛	5 1-16 CampChib		13	13	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞+1-16
4⅜	2¾ CdnExp GO	46	28	3¼	3⅛	3⅛+1-16	
81	5 9-16 Cdn Homsid		81	26	7⅜	7 3-16	7⅜+1-16
14	11⅜ CdnJwlPw 1	4	2	12	12	12	+ ⅛
24⅜	8¼ CdnJwl .30f	107	460	14⅜	14	14 —	⅛
15½	9⅛ Cdn Occident	13	7	12⅝	12¼	12¼—	⅛
83¾	41 Cdn SuprOil	635	4	55	54⅜	55	2+ ⅛
4⅝	1⅜ CanVeri Inl		20	2½	2	1⅞+	⅛
9⅜	1¼ Canoga Ind	8	4	1¾	1¾	1¾	
8⅜	4⅜ Cap Ind .25e	9	4	10½	10¼	10½+	⅛
9½	4½ Carassa .20	24	58	5¼	5¼	5¼—	⅛
900	799 Carnain .84b		81	1	1	1	
45⅛	17¼ CarPipl		47	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	
9⅜	4⅛ Carr wt		7	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜+	⅛
3½	2⅛ Carrols Dev	11	9	3⅛	3	3⅛	
2¼	1⅜ Castleton In	22	18	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞—	⅛
20½	10 Castlwd Int	17	18	13	13	13	
23¼	6½ Cavitron Cp	25	27	9½	9¼	9¼	
4½	1⅜ CelluCraft			220	43	43	43
47⅜	42¾ CenAk pfd.50			2100	53	53	53 + 1
86¾	51 CenPL pf 4			15	51⅜	51⅜	51⅜
8⅝	4¾ CentBsc .09e	5		5	4¾	4¾	4¾+ ⅛
6⅞	3⅜ Centfnd .11r			19	10⅜	10⅛	10⅛— ⅛
14½	9½ Centvill Com	5		8	4¼	4¼	4¼+ ⅛
6⅜	3 Certified Cp			12	5½	5⅜	5⅜
2⅞	1 Certron Cp	18		13	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
34⅜	3⅞ Champn .02	11		182	5⅜	5⅜	2⅛ ⅛
3	1⅜ Charan Ind	6		2	2⅛	2	4 + ⅛
7⅞	3⅜ Charit Med	14		3	4¾	4¾	4¾— ⅛
7⅝	3½ ChmExp .20	3		4	23½	23½	23½
27¼	22¾ ChlRiv 1.60a	7		1	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛— ⅛
9⅛	3⅜ ChucUni .51f	7		1	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞
8½	3⅜ Child World	16		2	8	8	
38⅛	9 Childs Rest			1	8	8	
10⅜	4¾ Chipr C .44a	7		6	9¼	9⅛	9⅛
4⅝	1⅜ Christian Co			6	1¾	1¾	1¾— ⅛
9⅜	5⅜ CICVF 1.59e			47	2	17⅛	17⅛— ⅛
4⅛	1⅞ CitMtgGr wt			4	3½	3	3 — ⅛
5⅞	2¾ Cinema 5 Lt			30	1	1	1
7	⅞ Cinerama			7	13	12½	12½— ⅛
86½	10 Circle K .36	12		5	7	41½	41½+ ⅛
9	3⅛ CitznFinl .16	8		7	15½	15½	15½— ⅛
15⅜	13⅜ CitMtg 1.75e	9		1	7¾	7¾	7¾+ ⅛
9⅞	7 CityGsFl .50	6		3	4¼	4¼	4¼
9⅞	3½ CL Finl	3		6	10½	10⅛	10⅛— ⅛
17⅜	8⅛ Clarkso Ind	9		2	2	2	
4½	2 Clary Corp			12	5½	5⅜	5⅜
11⅛	8½ Clevite .05r	4		5	9¾	9¾	9¾
45⅜	21½ CMI Corp	68		20	18	16⅞	16⅞— ⅛
6⅛	13 CMI Inv wt			24	4½	6	4 — ⅛
52⅜	34 Coachmn In	4			24	41½	41½
22⅛	11 Coff Mat .56	15		9	4⅜	4½	4½
7⅜	3⅜ Cohu In .15e	8		6	4	3⅝	3⅞
20⅛	3½ Coil Intl	6		51	14½	14	14— ⅛
39⅞	11⅜ Cole Nat .48	7		64	18½	18⅞	18½+ ⅛
33	14⅜ Coleman .44	12		4	6	7⅜	8 + ⅛
12⅜	4½ ColTow .15e	4		46	3⅜	2⅞	3½— ⅛
11⅞	3⅝ Col Coml .20	7		58	11⅜	10⅞	11⅜+ ⅛
23⅜	10½ ColwellC .52			8	8½	8¼	8¼+ ⅛
13½	7 ColwMtg wt			11	2⅜	2¼	2¼+ ⅛
44	15 Comb Com	16		65	27⅝	26⅝	27⅜+ ⅛
38⅛	14⅜ Cmbustn Eq	23			10	10⅛	10⅛— ⅛
21¼	8⅜ ComlAlll .27	9		3	13½	13½	13½—
14¾	11¼ CmlMet .60b	5		22	3½	3⅜	3⅜— ⅛
9	3 Commodor			8	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
7⅞	3⅜ ComHlth Cp	8		5	9	8⅜	9 + ⅛
14⅜	5¼ CompSys Ct	12		24	25⅛	25¼	25⅜— ⅛
31¼	24⅜ Com PS 1.82	7			8	4½	4½
6⅛	3½ CompAc Cp	12			4	8¼	9 + ⅛
12⅛	7¼ Compcin .32	6			4	11¼	11¼
29	11¼ CompoDyn	12		99	6	21¾	21¾
22⅛	17¼ Computrp	12		95	22	21¾	21¾

—1973— High. Low.	Stocks and Div. in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last.	Net Chg's
8⅝	1¾ Comput Inv	8	7	2½	2½	2½	
16½	9¾ Concho .16e	5	4	11¾	11	11 —	⅛
5⅛	2⅜ Concrd Fab	36	2	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	
7⅜	2½ Condec Crp	23	24	3⅜	3¼	3¼—	
5	3⅜ Connlly Cp	19	6	4⅞	4¾	4¾	
13⅜	10½ Conrock .60	6	9	11	10⅝	11	
11½	4⅝ Conray Inc	5	13	4½	4⅜	4⅜	
5⅜	2⅜ Con Dil Gas		107	4	3⅞	3⅞	
16⅜	8¼ Cons Ref .20	6	2	14⅞	14⅝	14⅝	
11⅛	7 Consyne Co	15	23	8½	8¼	8¼+	⅛
2⅛	1⅜ Cont Mater	8	9	1⅝	1¼	1¼	
5⅝	2 Cont Tel wt		18	2⅜	2½	2½	
16½	9 Cook Elc .32	11	32	12	11⅜	12 +	⅛
23⅞	14⅜ Cook Ind	2	217	22⅞	21½	22⅞+	1⅜
9⅝	4⅝ Cop Jar .20a	9	2	5⅛	5	5	
14⅝	4½ Cordon Intl	15	33	8⅜	7⅞	7⅞—	⅛
21¼	13¼ Core Labs	14	3	13⅝	13½	13⅝—	⅛
24⅜	12 CorrnBsk .72	10	6	18⅜	18½	18½+	⅛
4½	2 Cott Corp		1	3	3	3	
1½	½ CottCorp wt		1	¾	¾	¾+1-16	
5⅞	3 Cousins wt		13	3½	3¼	3¼+	⅛
31¾	18 CoxCbl Com	36	3	18⅜	18⅜	18⅜—	⅜
8	5 CraigCorp	5	2	3	3	3	
6	5 CramrE .21f	10	4	7½	7½	7½	
9½	4 Creativ Mgt	7	11	4⅞	4¾	4⅞—	⅛
28⅜	15½ CreolP 2.25a	10	25	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜+	⅛
4½	2⅜ Crest Foam	31	2	2¾	2½	2½	
67¾	49⅜ Cross AT .42	32	1	58¼	58¼	58¼+	⅛
23¾	13½ CwnCP 1.18f	12	5	15½	15½	15½+	⅜
13	7½ Crown I .15e	4	11	8¼	8¼	8¼+	
10⅜	6⅜ Crystal Oil	16	62	10	9	10 +	1⅛
17⅜	11⅜ CSECorp .40	5	2	12½	12½	12½+	
14⅞	5¼ Cubic Cp .20	9	24	6¾	6⅜	6⅜—	⅛
4⅜	2¼ Curtis Math		4	2⅞	2⅝	2⅞	
18⅝	6½ CutlerA .22p		4	7⅜	7½	7½	
17½	10⅜ CW Transpr	4	2	11¾	11¾	11¾+	⅜

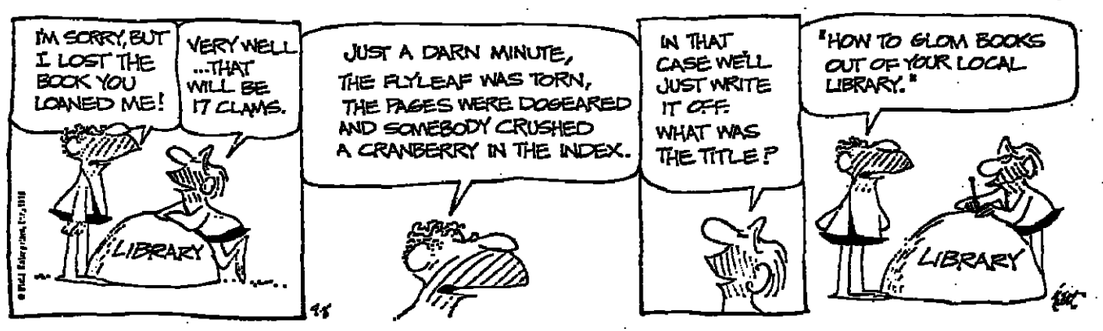
D

8⅜	5 Damon .30p	5	3	5	5	5	
19	12⅜ Danlatin .24	8	3	15⅝	14½	14⅝—	⅛
3¼	1 Date Coniri		3	1¾	1¾	1¾	
22⅜	16½ Data Dcumt	8	3	20⅛	20¼	20¼—	⅛
4½	2¾ Data Plod	10	47	3⅜	3½	3½	
10	7¼ DayMin .10e	27	23	7⅜	7¼	7½	
5¾	2 Daylin wt		9	2½	2	2⅛	
3	1 DCI Inc		7	2	1	2⅛	
26	11⅞ Dearb St .25	8	41	16¾	15⅞	16½—	⅛
5⅛	3¼ DeJur Amsc	17	5	3½	3½	3½—	⅛
7⅜	1⅛ DeltaCp Am		4	1½	1½	1½	
20¼	8¼ Dtm Fd .50a	5	5	8⅞	8⅝	8⅞	
57¾	15⅜ DTelEc .05e	13	6	20¼	20	20 —	½
3¾	¾ Dero Ind		1	⅞	⅞	⅞	
5⅞	2 DeRose Ind	9	1	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	
34	18¼ Deseret Ph	27	15	28⅜	28¼	28⅜+	⅛
16⅞	5 Designer Jw	7	25	6½	6¼	6½+	⅛
15½	8 FairNtl .15r	6	19	10⅜	10⅛	10⅜—	⅛
11¼	5½ Falcon Stel	13	13	9	8½	8½	
18⅛	6 Farm Dol Str	15	46	11	10½	10⅝—	⅛
15¼	5½ Fash Fs .32f	10	36	13⅜	13	13	
3	1⅝ Fed Resrces		58	2½	2	2	
16	8⅞ Felmont Oil	10	16	12½	11¾	11¾—	½
12½	8⅜ Felsway .32	4	6	6¼	6	6⅛	
7⅝	3⅜ Fibrebrd wt		15	6¼	5¾	5¾	⅛
44⅜	25 FidelG 2.25a	8	10	30¼	29½	30 +	⅛
19½	4⅛ FidelGr wt		18	6¾	7	6⅝+	⅛
4¼	1⅜ Fields Plast		2	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝—	⅛
13⅜	8⅛ Film Cp .06	7	23	12⅜	12¼	12½—	⅜
5⅜	2⅛ Filmways		3	2¾	2¾	2¾—	⅛
23⅜	6⅞ FltDyn .01e	9	3	11½	11¼	11¾—	⅛
31½	19 FinSenB .20	5	34	13	12¾	13 +	⅛
13⅜	9⅜ FinGnA .24b	6	1	11¾	11¾	11¾+	⅛
19½	4⅛ FinGnA .30b		1	10¾	10¾	10¾—	⅛
17	13½ Fst Conn 1a	9		18	13⅝	13⅝—	⅛
9-16	1-32 Fst Conn rt		99	13-32	3-8	3-8	
25	19½ Fst Dn 2.06e	10	8	22	22	22	
4½	1¾ Fst Denv wt		7	2¾	2¾	2¾	
5¾	4 FstFlty Inv	4	24	4⅜	4¼	4 —	⅛
23	10½ FstSL Sh .48	4	6	13½	13½	13½—	⅛
20¾	10¼ Fstmark .24	8	6	14¼	14	14 —	⅛
21	9½ FischP 1.11f	8	8	11½	11½	11½+	⅛
5⅜	2½ Flagship .12	9	8	4¾	4½	4½—	
12⅞	7¼ Flavrind .30	4	5	9¼	9⅛	9⅛	
8½	1½ Flock Ind		5	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	
4⅞	2⅜ Fla Capital	6	3	2½	2¼	2½+	⅛
17	10⅜ FloverA .24	8	1	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜+	⅛
37½	14½ Fluke M .85f	11	6	20¾	20½	20½	
25⅜	8¼ FlyTiger wt		47	14	13⅝	13⅝+	⅛
110½	93½ Ford Can 3a	6	2270	95¾	94⅜	95¼+	1⅛
12	7½ Forest C .17	11	2	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	
22⅝	9¾ FoxStaP .25	10	40	13⅜	13	13 —	½
18¾	7¾ FPA Cp .07e	5	1	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝+	
15½	6 Frank RI .48	9	1	6¼	6¼	6¼	
12½	8¾ FrantzM .64	5	3	9	9	9	
21⅜	14⅜ Fresnillo .40	10	2	16⅜	16⅜	16⅜	
11¾	4⅜ Frier Ind	5	2	5½	5½	5½	
25½	12 Frigitronic	29	58	14	12⅞	14 +	1
8½	5 Frontier Air	6	25	8⅜	5¾	5¾+

PEANUTS



B.C.



LI'L ABNER

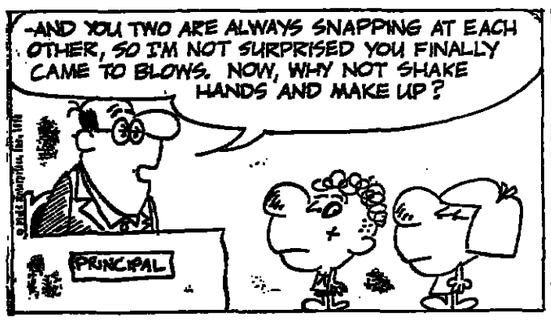


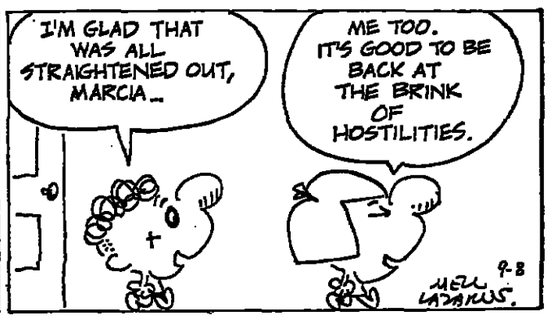
BEETLE BAILEY



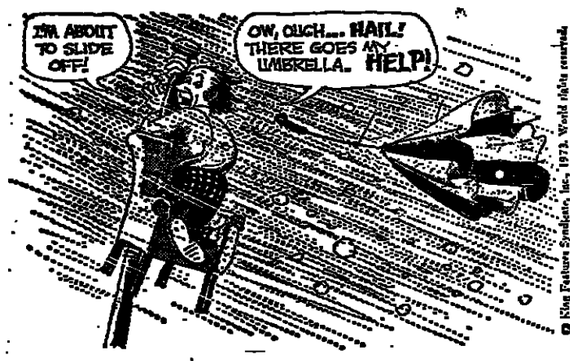


MISS PEACH

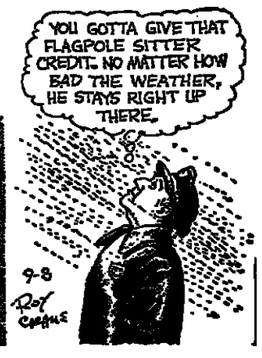




BUZ SAWYER



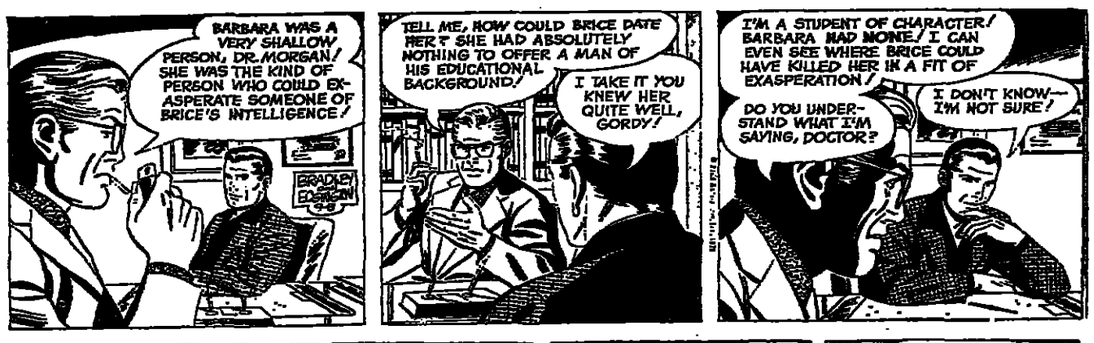




WIZARD of ID



REX MORGAN M.D.



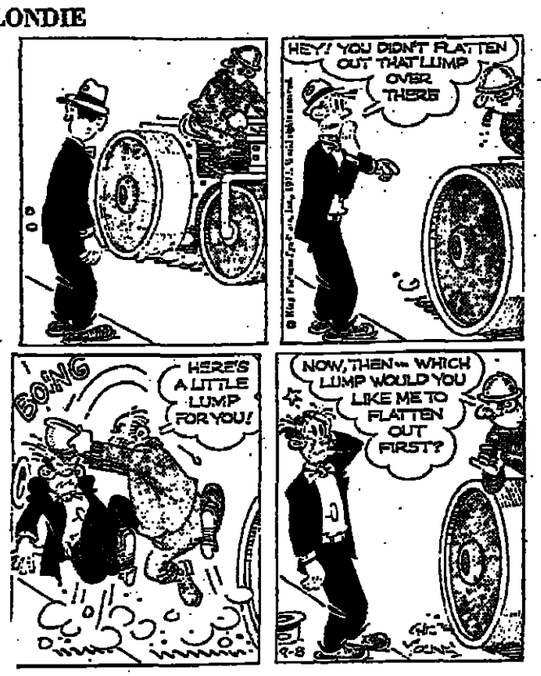
POGO



RIP KIRBY



BLONDIE



DENNIS THE MENACE



"THE BEST PART ABOUT DOIN' NOTHIN IS.... YOU CAN *QUIT* ANY TIME YA WANT TO."

JUMBLE® — *that scrambled word game*

BY HENRI ARNOLD and BOB LEE

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

GLARN

ATEEN

LENOTS

FORPIT



Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

Print the SURPRISE ANSWER here

(Answers Monday)

Yesterday's Jumbles: LADLE FAIRY TEMPER CARBON

Answer: *Sounds as though the criminal was not a woman* —THE "MALE-FACTOR"

BOOKS

THE ONION FIELD

By Joseph Wambaugh. The Delacorte Press. 427 pp. $8.95.

Reviewed by James Conway

On a Saturday night in March, 1963, two Los Angeles policemen (Hollywood Division) were kidnapped by a pair of unlikely armed robbers and driven to a remote onion field, where one of the policemen was shot in the mouth.

The events surrounding that bizarre execution, and its aftermath, altered the lives of a score of people. It burgeoned into the longest criminal proceeding in California history—filling nearly 45,000 pages of transcript—and became a parody of crime and punishment, human intercourse and institutions. For Joseph Wambaugh, Los Angeles cop and author of two popular novels, "The New Centurions" and "The Blue Knight," man's most outrageous act provides an aperture through which he views some of the starker corners of our land, and constructs from fact a complex story of tragic proportions. Murder, in this book, arises from thwarted desires and anguished misunderstanding, setting in motion a process of atonement more demonic than just.

The murderer is Gregory Powell, the essential "institutional man." The oldest child of a dance band musician and a domineering, hypochondriac mother, Powell steals his first car when he is 16, enjoys life in prison—and by the time he is 18, wishes to remain there. "He discovered it was easier to get in than to stay in."

The next 10 years are spent rebounding between the street and various penal institutions, homosexual and heterosexual affairs, psychotherapy and a period when he is so insane he chews lesions in his own wrists. He never loses his desire to belong to something stable. He refers to himself, his sluttish wife and his partner in crime as "a little family." His moods vary from effete cajolery to homicidal rage.

"Give him a gun," says his mulatto partner, Jimmy Smith, "and he could scare the—outa *anybody* with his weird looks and those eyes." Smith is a bastard, an ex-con who grew up hustling in Los Angeles's Skid Row. Early on, he decided to be a follower. "Just let Number One *think* he is Number One... and he has all the headaches and ends up doing what Jimmy wants him to do." Jimmy agrees to carry an automatic pistol he does not know how to operate. He and Powell careen around the city, sticking up liquor stores with all the aplomb of heavies out of a Mack Sennett film. The fact that these two losers eventually murder Ian Campbell, the young intellectual cop who plays the bagpipes and once planned to be a doctor, seems as inevitable as it is obscene.

The effect of the night of terror on Campbell's partner, Karl Hettinger, provides the unifying themes of recrimination and decline in "The Onion Field." Although the L.A. Police Department stages a lavish funeral of Campbell, including bagpipes, it is suggested that he and Hettinger proved incompetent. Hettinger—a model cop and family man—is tacitly accused of cowardice. His growing sense of guilt affects him emotionally and physically, until he is unable to function as a policeman or as a husband. He begins to shoplift compulsively, is dismissed from the force with no offer of psychiatric assistance, and for a time is denied a pension. He narrowly escapes his own suicidal impulses. One of the men who later reviewed his case for the department made the astute observation that "the archetypal police mentality and the psychopathic mind were both utterly unable to identify with their victim in this case."

The trial of Powell and Smith develops into a legal marathon that lasts seven years, during which time the victims are forgotten or discredited. The proceedings are prolonged by mistrials, by reversals growing out of courtroom squabbles (featuring such operators as Irving Kanarek, the lawyer who later defended Manson). They are further prolonged by the Escobedo and Miranda decisions. Half a dozen judges are frustrated. One dies of a heart attack.

Finally, the abolition of the death penalty in California spares Smith and Powell from the gas chamber altogether. They become lovers in San Quentin, and folk heroes in the institutional society they will enjoy for many years. Powell eventually represents himself in court, calling upon his parents and friends to testify in his behalf. It is his finest (and the system's most grotesque) hour.

Wambaugh is obviously indebted to Truman Capote—who, in 1965, demonstrated his skill in applying a novelist's techniques to a true-crime narrative. Both "In Cold Blood" and "The Onion Field" involved a prodigious amount of research, and are equally compelling. Wambaugh takes greater liberties with his characters and he lacks Capote's neatness. But in terms of scope, revealed depth of character, and dramatic coherence, this is the more ambitious book.

"The Onion Field" is not just about murder and its principals; it is about failure, a more universal theme. Here, adults fail to communicate with their children or each other. Institutions fail to serve and protect. Modest ambitions are rarely achieved. There is grim irony in the fact that Karl Hettinger at last becomes the farmer he always dreamed of being only through emotional transformation, and works only a *few miles from that fateful* onion field.

It is a bleak landscape, where characters are pushed and shoved about by forces beyond their control or comprehension. The setting, and the people who inhabit it, are saved from absurdity only by the compassion with which they are viewed. With his third book, Wambaugh convincingly demonstrates that he belongs to the tradition of Dreiser and Farrell—constructing, from a glut of well-observed detail, unspectacular and often squalid lives lived among the concrete freeways, the bright, tawdry strips, the transcience, brutality and beleaguered decency of a society set on the edge of America.

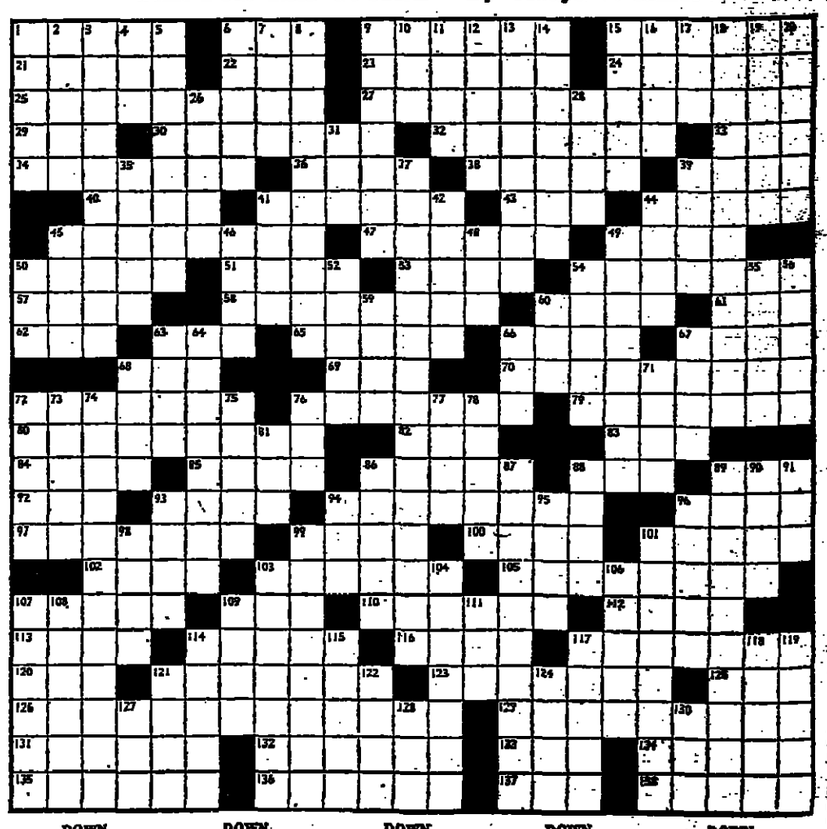
James Conaway is the author of "Such Good Friends" and "Judge: The Life and Times of Leander Perez," to be published this fall.

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CROSSWORD PUZZLE

Edited by WILL WENG

PAR FOR THE COURSE—By Gladys V. Miller



ACROSS

1 Sew loosely
6 Tire
9 Wife of Mohammed
15 Patch
21 Nile city
22 Deer
25 "No mere, —" (Hood)
24 "To — better than sacrifice"
23 Wedge products
27 Traffic hazards
29 Time period: Abbr.
30 "Rhinoceros" author
32 Orly or Kennedy
33 Tech. school degree
34 Socks
36 One, in Bonn
38 Aromas
39 French city
40 Kind of hug or market
41 Threshers
42 Halting sounds
44 Brants
45 Little Caesar, e.g.
47 Sandman Herb
49 Search widely
50 Agreement, in Paris
51 "Exodus" author
52 Seven or high
54 Design on metal
57 Miss Chase
58 Human resources
60 Burma or Tobacco
61 Aussie animal
62 Neon, e.g.
63 Things said during a physical
65 Eva or Magda
66 Hindu goddess
67 Wife of Bragi
68 High note
69 Thrice: Prefix
70 Exaggerating
72 Quarterback's repertoire
76 Productive
79 Fox's forte
80 Prerogative
82 —— polloi
85 Letters
84 Impost
85 Woods near S.F.
86 More skilled
88 —— of discretion
89 Suited
92 Feminine suffix
93 Decorative piece
94 Hunting dog
96 Trampled
97 Restraints
99 Grove: Ger.
100 River to Baltic
101 Dupes
102 Arabian garment
103 ". . . dinner — man to"
105 Irritated
107 Game or shock
109 Drop or lap
110 Bridge holding
112 —— for one's money
113 Bulrush
114 Suppose
116 N. Z. tree
117 Traffic-ticket candidate
120 Greek nickname
121 Molliflen
122 Warblers
125 Otto's realm: Abbr.
126 Manicurists of a sort
129 Agnellech
131 —— home (dines in)
132 Discreet: Fr.
133 Lip
134 Girl's name, for short
135 Blacksmiths
136 Thin
137 Snow, in Scotland
138 Dutch painter

DOWN

1 Berry, in botany
2 Biblical tribe
3 Reversions
4 Do a phone job
5 Fodder
6 Putters, etc.
7 Fixed course
8 German marshal
9 Coma, city
10 "No one but —"
11 Sicilian city
12 Chemical prefix
13 People who save
14 Traditional storm haven
15 Reporters: Abbr.
16 News item
17 Energy unit in physics
18 Broadway musical
19 Lilies, in Spain
20 Old ascetic
26 Garden workers
28 Actress Diana
31 U.S. agency
35 Yiddish gossip
37 U.S. diplomat
39 Moon vehicles
41 Wild: Lat.
43 Nazi organizer
44 Incite
45 Festive
46 Cards wool
48 Head part
49 Furniture part
50 Iron mold
52 Outpouring
54 Isleta
55 Certain words
56 Jean-house items
59 Higher: Ger.
60 Accelerate, for short
66 Soviet range
64 Identifying feature
66 John or Jane
67 Charred stems
68 Begrudge
71 Unit of force
72 Word with level or second
73 Vernon's dancing partner
74 Contradict
75 Dr. ——, humorist
76 Chemin de ——
77 Captive of Hercules
78 Remain still as a ship
81 Bestow, in Glasgow
87 Heeling
87 Ones who scoff
88 Gold Coast tribe
89 Place for a square peg
90 Word with ax or vault
91 Football scores: Abbr.
92 One of a dancer's seven
94 Sheep's cry
95 Geologic riffle
96 Brimless hat
98 Robust
99 "—— the brave . . ."
101 Tongs, pokers, etc.
103 Rocks
104 Raise —— (contend)
106 —— States
107 Phases
108 Cry of triumph
109 Soften a doughnut
111 March girl
114 Exploits
115 Flank walls
117 Greek letter
118 Impair
119 Pacification
121 Crow's
123 Tax-IRS expert
124 Fruitless
127 Directions: Abbr.
128 Hosp. workers
130 Cleverness

Solution to Last Week's Puzzle

S	L	U	E	R		R	A	H	S		D	A	D	S		S	I	S	A	L
L	I	N	N	E		A	S	E	A		D	U	E	L		I	N	T	R	A
A	M	I	R	S		S	P	A	T		E	S	C	A	L	A	T	O	R	S
V	E	L	O	C	I	P	E	D	E			S	A	N	E		E	R	O	S
		A	B	I	C	Y	C	L	E	B	U	I	L	T		F	O	R	T	W	O
P	A	T	E	N	T		T	E	N	U	R	E			T	A	U			
A	B	E		D	U	R	A			R	I	S	E	R		T	R	I	P	S
P	O	R	K		S	E	N	S	A	T	E		M	O	T	H	B	A	L	L
A	V	A	I	L		S	T	E	P		L	A	B	I	A		A	G	U	A
W	E	L	D	E	R			M	A	P		G	U	N	K		N	O	I	S	Y
			R	O	L	L	E	R	C	O	A	S	T	E	R						
T	E	A	M			T	A	E	L		T	A	T		R	U	S	T	I	C
H	E	R	O		O	B	O	E	S		R	E	B	I	A		M	A	U	D	E
I	N	U	N	I	T	I	O	N		P	A	S	S	A	G	E		G	R	I	N
S	Y	N	O	D		R	E	C	I	T			N	E	A	T		N	O	T	
			P	E	A			A	R	O	U	N	D		R	O	A	S	T	S	
C	A	B	L	E	C	A	R	S	O	N	P	O	W	E	L	L	I	S	T		
A	G	R	A		T	R	E	E			T	R	A	V	E	L	T	I	M	E	
S	H	A	N	K	S	M	A	I	R	E		A	R	I	G	O		B	A	I	L	E	R
H	A	V	E	N		E	D	N	A			K	O	O	K			A	R	E	A	R
A	N	E	S	T		D	Y	E	R			E	Y	N	E			R	E	S	T	S

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Miss Goolagong, Mrs. Court Win, Enter U.S. Finals

From Wire Dispatches

FOREST HILLS, N.Y., Sept. 7. Margaret Court and Evonne Goolagong won their semifinal matches today in the U.S. Open tennis championships. Mrs. Court defeating Chris Evert, 7-5, 2-6, 6-2, while Miss Goolagong defeated Olga Masthoff, 6-1, 4-6, 6-4.

Miss Evert lost in the semifinals for the third consecutive year. She went into the match against Mrs. Court, having come to her in the final of the French championships, but having beaten her in the Wimbledon semifinal this year.

In their decisive set, Mrs. Court broke through her 18-year-old opponent *in the fourth game, smash*ing an overhead for the winning point. Miss Evert fell behind in the game, 15-40, when she went for the kill with her double-fisted backhand and the ball was long.

Refusing to succumb so easily, she forced Mrs. Court into an error. Then Mrs. Court netted a backhand for deuce, but then fought back.

Seeks Fifth Title

In the final game, the third-seeded Miss Evert fought off three match points but failed when her was wide with a backhand on the final point.

With the top-seeded Billie Jean King gone from this $227,200 event, the second-seeded Mrs. Court wants to put her name in the Forest Hills record book by winning her fifth title here. She won her first in 1962, her latest in 1970, when she *completed only* the second grand slam in women's history, taking the U.S., French, Australian and British titles.

Errors Not Forced

The 22-year-old Miss Goolagong, who won the Wimbledon and French titles in 1971 but no major championships since, was near *defeat today before she* pulled herself together. She committed unforced error after error in the second set and early in the third, but then regained control.

Mrs. Masthoff raced to a 4-1 lead in the deciding set before Miss Goolagong rattled off the next five games for set and match. She clinched her victory when Mrs. Masthoff, whose overhead game was poor throughout, smashed badly out of court.

In the men's double final today, John Newcombe and Owen Davidson defeated the top-seeded team of Rod Laver and Ken Rosewall, 7-5, 2-6, 7-5, 7-5.

Newcombe and Davidson, runners-up last year to Cliff Drysdale and Roger Taylor, beat Tom Okker and Marty Riessen, 7-6, 6-7, 6-2, 7-6, earlier in the day to gain the *final. Newcombe* and Davidson were seeded third, while Okker and Riessen were seeded second.

In Straight Sets

Laver and Rosewall advanced to the final by downing Tom Gorman and Paul Ramirez, 6-3, 7-6, 7-6.

A plea by Jan Kodes caused a change in the schedule. Originally, a women's semifinal and a men's semifinal (Rosewall against John Newcombe) were planned today. Kodes argued that if he played tomorrow and won, he'd have no day's rest, while the Rosewall-Newcombe winner would have one.

Kodes will play Stan Smith, the top seed.

Both women's semifinals were then scheduled today, both men's semifinals tomorrow.

College Football Lists Nebraska Against UCLA

NEW YORK, Sept. 7 (UPI).—The college football season which opened last week as Drake lost to New Mexico State, gets going in earnest tomorrow with 21 major games scheduled.

The University of Nebraska and the University of Mississippi are two major powers that will open their campaigns.

Playing at home, Nebraska will host UCLA and try to avenge last year's opening loss to the Bruins at Los Angeles.

That setback unseated Nebraska from the No. 1 ranking in college football, and the cornhuskers never recovered. They were beaten 20-17 in the final 22 seconds and went on from there to disappointing, for them, season of 8-3-1.

Mississippi, Virginia, North Carolina State and Delaware, the leading small college champion, are among other colleges that will open their season. Mississippi plays Villanova, Virginia plays VMI, North Carolina State plays East Carolina and Delaware plays *Akron*.

Elsewhere, Holy Cross plays Massachusetts, Arizona plays Colorado State, Louisville plays Memphis State, Xavier plays Temple and Grambling plays Long Beach State.

Ali and Norton Still Training

INGLEWOOD, Calif., Sept. 7 (UPI).—Muhammad Ali worked *eight rounds shadow boxing* and punching the bag yesterday in preparation for his return match Monday with Ken Norton.

Norton won a split decision in their first bout, March 31. Ali said his jaw was broken in the second round while Norton said it was broken in the 12th and final round.

The rematch in Los Angeles is also a scheduled 12-rounder.

Norton sparred three rounds yesterday and later said: "I'm very confident I can beat him. I beat him once, didn't I?"



Associated Press.

THE END—Chu Chu Malave starts to go down and referee Herbie Kronowitz rushes in to restrain Ken Buchanan in a bout in New York. Buchanan, former lightweight champion, overcame a cut over his eye to score a technical knockout.

Dodgers Drop Seventh Straight, 3-2

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 7 (UPI).—Nate Colbert and Fred Kendall singled in a run each in the sixth inning last night to carry the San Diego Padres to a 3-2 victory over Los Angeles and send the Dodgers to their seventh consecutive defeat. The loss dropped Los Angeles 2 1/2 games behind idle Cincinnati in the National League's Western Division.

Leading 1-0, the Padres put together four singles in the sixth inning to score twice. Colbert's hit drove in Derrel Thomas and Kendall's scored Dave Roberts.

Indians 10, Tigers 4

In the American League, in Cleveland, Chris Chambliss homered twice and drove in six runs, four with his first grand slam, to pace Cleveland to a 10-4 victory over Detroit.

Yankees 8, Brewers 6

In New York, Mike Hegan's three-run homer capped an eighth-inning rally as New York defeated Milwaukee, 8-6.

The Brewers had just scored *three runs in the top of the* inning to take a 6-4 lead. Roy White hit his 17th homer in the fifth for the Yankees.

White Sox 6, Twins 0

In *Bloomington, Minn.*, Stan Bahnsen pitched a four-hit shutout as Chicago won its seventh successive game, 6-0, over Minnesota.

Bahnsen posted his 18th triumph against 16 losses, and his third victory against Minnesota this season. He struck out five and walked five.

A's 6, Angels 4

In Anaheim, Calif., Joe Rudi's *double was the highlight of a* two-run sixth inning and Vida Blue, with eighth-inning relief, picked up his 16th triumph as Oakland beat California, 6-4.

Blue left after giving up Frank Robinson's 25th homer of the season and 547th of his career.

Thursday's Line Scores

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Milwaukee	011	100	030	6	9	1
New York	012	010	04x	8	10	0

Colborn, Short (8), Ed. Rodriguez (8), Velasquez (8) and Porter; Dobson, McDaniel (8) and Moses. W—McDaniel (12-3). L—Ed. Rodriguez (7-6). HR—Colucdo (15th), Murcer (30th), White (17th), Hegan (4th).

Chicago	210	101	010	6	10	0
Minnesota	000	000	000	0	4	1

Bahnsen (18-16) and Herrmann; Fife, Bane (4), Campbell (9) and Mitterwald. L—Fife (2-3).

Oakland	100	012	02x	6	12	1
California	000	102	010	4	7	4

Blue, Fina (8), Lindblad (8) and Fosse; Wright, Lange (6), Barker (9) and Torborg, Stalmaszek (9). W—Blue (16-8). L—Wright (10-19). HR—Oliver (17th), *Robinson* (25th).

Detroit	200	100	100	4	13	0
Cleveland	100	701	01x	10	12	1

Fryman, Strahler (4), Farmer (4), Holdsworth (7) and Didier; Tidrow (11-14) and Duncan. L—Fryman (5-10). HR—Chambliss 2 (7th, 8th).

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Chicago	000	200	001	3	7	0
Montreal	000	100	02x	5	8	0

Reuschel, Laroche (3), Paul (5), Bonham (7) and Rudolph; Moore, Taylor (4) and Stinson. W—Taylor (1-0). L—Reuschel (12-14). HR—Jorgensen (8th), Popovich (2d), Santo (16th).

San Diego	010	002	000	3	7	4
Los Angeles	000	000	200	2	6	1

Jones, Romo (7), Caldwell (9), Corkins (9) and Kendall; Sutton, Zahn (7) and Ferguson. W—Jones (5-4). L—Sutton (15-8).

AMERICAN LEAGUE
Eastern Division

	W	L	Pct.	GB
Baltimore	79	57	.581	—
Boston	77	62	.550	4
Detroit	74	67	.525	7 1/2
New York	71	69	.507	10
Milwaukee	67	73	.482	13 1/2
Cleveland	61	81	.430	21
Western Division				
Oakland	82	57	.590	—
Kansas City	76	62	.551	5 1/2
Chicago	70	70	.500	12 1/2
Minnesota	67	71	.486	14 1/2
California	62	78	.459	18
Texas	47	97	.341	34 1/2

Thursday's Results

Cleveland 10, Detroit 4.
New York 8, Milwaukee 6.
Chicago 6, Minnesota 0.
Oakland 6, California 4.
(Only games scheduled.)

Friday's Games

Baltimore at Cleveland, night.
Milwaukee at New York, night.
Detroit at Boston, night.
California at Kansas City, night.
Chicago at Minnesota, night.
Oakland at Texas, night.

NATIONAL LEAGUE
Eastern Division

	W	L	Pct.	GB
St. Louis	72	66	.514	—
Montreal	68	70	.493	3
Pittsburgh	67	69	.493	3
New York	66	72	.478	5 1/2
Chicago	65	73	.471	6
Philadelphia	63	77	.450	9
Western Division				
Cincinnati	85	55	.607	—
Los Angeles	83	58	.589	2 1/2
San Francisco	79	59	.572	5
Houston	71	71	.500	15
Atlanta	67	74	.475	18 1/2
San Diego	50	92	.360	34 1/2

(Friday's Result not included.)

Thursday's Results

Montreal 5, Chicago 3.
San Diego 3, Los Angeles 2.
(Only games scheduled.)

Friday's Games

New York at Montreal, 2, twinight.
Cincinnati at Atlanta, night.
Houston at San Francisco, night.
San Diego at Los Angeles, night.
Pittsburgh at Philadelphia, night.
Chicago 8, St. Louis 2.

Pirates Fire Virdon, Bring Murtaugh Back as Manager

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 7 (AP).—The Pittsburgh Pirates fired manager Bill Virdon yesterday and called back Danny Murtaugh to succeed him, effective immediately and at least through 1974.

Virdon, 42, succeeded Murtaugh, 56, as manager after the Pirates' 1971 World Series victory over Baltimore. He said he had no immediate plans beyond a vacation. Murtaugh was not available for comment. Virdon served as his chief assistant during the 1970 and 1971 seasons.

Murtaugh joined the team's front office as director of player acquisition and development when he stepped aside as manager.

In Third Place

The Pirates, pennant winners last year, have been in trouble this season. On Wednesday night they finished a crucial four-game series with the St. Louis Cardinals, who lead the Pirates by three games after Pittsburgh won the first game but lost the next three. The Pirates are now in third place in the National League's Eastern Division.

Murtaugh guided the Pirates to two World Series championships, the first in 1960 and the second in 1971. His first stint as manager was 1957-67, when he retired because of a heart problem. But the trouble abated, and Murtaugh came back as manager in 1970 to replace Harry Walker. He then retired again.

Discussing his firing, Virdon managed to find a little humor in the situation. "They say you're not a manager," he remarked, "until you're fired at least once."



AP.

Bill Virdon

U.S. Swimmers Win 3 Races

By Bernard Kirsch

BELGRADE, Sept. 7 (IHT).—The expected and unexpected happened for the American swimmers tonight and they parlayed them into three victories and one world record in the world championships here.

The U.S. men's 200-meter freestyle relay team, which barely gained the finals in the morning, was talking "record" this afternoon, and tonight they followed through by breaking their world mark of 7 minutes 35.78 with a 7:32.22 clocking. Australia was second, West Germany third.

Melissa Belote, after she lost the 100-meter backstroke earlier this week, said she liked her chances in the 200 backstroke better and she, too, succeeded, winning in 2:20.52, over Enith Brighita of the Netherlands and Andrea Gyarmati of Hungary.

But, in the women's 400 freestyle tonight, Heather Greenwood of the United States beat teammate Keena Rothhammer with 4:20.28 and afterwards said, "I didn't expect to."

Novella Calligaris of Italy was third.

9 For Both Teams

The three U. S. victories gave the team nine for the meet—six by the men, three by the women—and equaled the East German total. The East German women were not left out tonight as Renate Vogel won her third gold medal. After earlier taking the 100 breaststroke and sharing in the 4 by 100 medley relay, she added the 200 breaststroke, winning in 2:40.01. A teammate, Hannelore Anke, was second and an *American, Lynn Colella*, was third.

The other gold tonight was taken by Gunnar Larsson in the 200-meter medley. Larsson, the victor in the 200 and 400 medleys in last year's Olympics, finished strong in the freestyle to beat an American, Stan Carper, who clocked 2:08.43 and David Wilkie, the British winner of last night's 200 breaststroke.

Change in Teams

The No. 1 U.S. relay team was ready tonight. The foursome of Kurt Krumpholz, Robin Backhaus, Rick Klatt and Jim Montgomery were rested this morning *and the No. 2 team was sent out* to swim the qualifying heat.

The teams with the eight fastest times make the finals and the American second squad was eighth as Mel Nash, Tim Shaw, Bill Miller and Rex Favero struggled home third in their heat.

Krumpholz, until this meet the 400 freestyle recordholder, gained the lead after the first 200 and it soon became a race against the clock, which Montgomery, the winner now of three golds here, completed.

The Australians, fifth after the first two swimmers, used the power of Brad Cooper and Michael Wenden to gain second place in 7:43.65.

The Swedish team won another gold medal as Olympic champion *Ulrika Knape won the 10-meter* women's diving with 406.77 points to beat Milena Duchkova of Czechoslovakia and Irina Kalimina of the Soviet Union.

Mrs. Holland's Little Boy Had to Grow Up Quickly

BELGRADE, Sept. 7 (IHT).—Mr. and Mrs. Holland's little boy suddenly grew up last month.

"I had to," said Steve Holland, 15, after swimming practice. "After setting the record, I found that I had to look after myself and learn to handle myself around people. If not, I would have been in big trouble."

Steve's mother, Judy, here to watch her son in the world swimming championships, says, "Whenever I see my little boy next to someone like John Kinsella—what's he, 6 foot 4, way over 200 pounds—I say to myself, 'Oh poor little boy.'"

Holland, 5-10 and 130 pounds, three weeks ago swam the 1,500-meter freestyle in 15 minutes 37.80 seconds, bettering the previous world mark by 14.8 seconds. It was also 30 seconds better than he had ever clocked for the 1,500. En route to his feat, the Australian established the world record for the 800, clocking 8:17.60.

31 Strokes a Lap

Holland competes tomorrow in his specialty. The race is expected to be a duel between Rick De Mont, the smooth, powerful stroking American who needs 39 strokes to do a 50-meter lap, and Holland, whose arms never stop moving in the pool and who looks like Tarzan until he comes out of the pool and resembles Boy. *Holland uses an unheard-of 61 strokes to* complete a lap, using one arm stroke for each leg kick.

Although his stroke is not one learned in swimming textbooks, Doc Counsilman, the author of one of swimming's bibles and the Indiana University coach of Mark Spitz, calls Holland's *movements "beautiful."* Counsilman also heard that *Holland* intends to attend a university in the United States when he finishes high school in three years.

"I think I can wait three years," Counsilman said. It is never too early to start recruiting.

Nor is it ever too soon to start swimming. Holland learned shortly after he was able to walk because his father manages a sports complex—which includes three pools—in Brisbane, Australia. By the time he was 11, Steve became a serious, mail-order swimmer. The Hollands were in touch with a top Australian coach, Don Talbot, and he sent them weekly training programs that Steve copied in an ever-growing notebook.

On Vacation Time

By the time he was 14, his family was donating its vacation time to make Holland a *world record holder.*

"You know, from April to June [winter in Australia] there are no heated pools where we are in Queensland so we went on vacation to a warmer climate, and on the Noosa River, my husband and I were in a motorboat and Steve would swim *next to us four miles a day against the flow of the river with* a piece of rubber tying his legs together," said Steve's mother.

When they returned home, Steve went back to his 5-day-a-week, 14-mile-a-day workout and it all paid off in the Australian nationals last month.

Mrs. Holland said that the schedule set for Steve had him breaking the world record next January. But things got out of hand and Holland suddenly became a hero in Australia.

"Steve's a good, obedient boy who's having fun swimming," Mrs. Holland said. "The headlines went right over his head. He didn't know what all the fuss was about.

"All the Australian papers gave him nicknames, like 'Mighty Mouse.' I don't know why. He's not so mighty and he's bigger than a mouse.

"Maybe he does look like a toothpick, but he eats well."

—BERNARD KIRSCH.

Field Goal in Last 3 Seconds By Cowboys Defeats Dolphins

IRVING, Texas, Sept. 7 (AP).—Toni Fritsch of Dallas kicked a 22-yard field goal with three seconds left last night to give the Cowboys a 26-23 exhibition victory over the National Football League champion Miami Dolphins. Quarterback Craig Morton drove the Cowboys to the Miami 15-yard line to set up Fritsch.

The Cowboys, victimized by fumbles, interceptions and bad center snaps, overcame a 23-6 Miami lead built up in the second quarter behind quarterback Bob Griese.

Except for a magnificent goal-line stand Dallas would have been even deeper in the hole. With a first down on the Dallas two, Miami failed four times to put the ball in.

Earlier, trades and cuts continued in the league.

Pittsburgh Steelers safety Ralph Anderson and Buffalo Bills placekicker Mike Clark were acquired by the New England Patriots. Anderson was obtained in a trade for an undisclosed draft choice and Clark was claimed on waivers.

Buffalo sent Mike Stratton, a 12-year linebacker, to San Diego for a draft choice and then obtained rookie quarterback Randy Mattingly on waivers from Chicago.

San Francisco traded wide receiver Jubilee Dunbar, their third draft pick a year ago, to New Orleans for a draft choice.

Placekicker Charlie Gogolak and defensive end Jim White were waived outright by the Patriots. Gogolak, the first kicker to become a first-round draft choice when he was chosen by the Washington Redskins in 1966, has been in and out as the Patriot's kicker since he was acquired in 1970 from Denver.

In other news from training camps:

BILLS—Waived quarterback Randy Mattingly, signed wide receiver Jim Seymour, waived by Bears. Deactivated running back Jim Braxton.

BRONCOS—Deactivated defensive lineman Pete Duranko, placed on taxi squad wide receiver Jeff Baker, linebacker Jim O'Malley and tackle Mike Ashes.

OILERS—Placed kicker Finn Seemann on taxi squad, cut linebacker Wally Dempsey.

SAINTS—Obtained veteran running back Jess Phillips from Bengals for draft pick. Put on reserve list kicker Happy Feller, safety Billy Cahill, offensive tackle Paul Person, running back James Owens and quarterback Bobby Scott.

BENGALS—Placed on taxi squad quarterback Greg Cook, running back Joe Wilson, defensive back Bob Jones and kicker Dave Green.

VIKINGS—Released quarterback Neil Graff and defensive end Larry Dibbins.

BROWNS — Cut No. 3 draftee, defensive end Bob Crum, who was claimed by Oilers.

Revson Fastest In Monza Trial

MONZA, Italy, Sept. 7 (AP).—Peter Revson recorded the fastest time today in the opening day of official trials for Sunday's Grand Prix of Italy formula-one auto race.

The U.S. driver, in a Yardley-McLaren, toured the track at the *Monza autodrome* at an average speed of 214.905 kilometers an hour.

Ronnie Peterson, in a Lotus, had the second fastest time and Carlos Pace, in a Surtees-Fina, was third.

Jackie Stewart, who can clinch his third world title by finishing among the top three Sunday, had the sixth best time.

Friday

Williams Leads Cubs Over Cards

CHICAGO, Sept. 7 (UPI).—Billy Williams went 5-for-5 and drove in three runs today to help the Chicago Cubs snap a three-game losing streak with an 8-2 victory over the St. *Louis Cardinals* behind Burt Hooton's seven-hit pitching.

The Cubs gave starter Rick Wise his 11th loss against 13 victories with a six-run sixth inning in which 11 men batted and Williams had two singles.

Hooton got his 12th victory *against 13 losses. It was the fifth* consecutive loss for Wise, who was trying for the seventh time to win No. 14.

Williams's 5-for-5 tied Ron Santo for the best Cubs' hitting performance this season and the six-run inning was the best for the Cubs since May 31, when they scored 10 in an inning against Houston.



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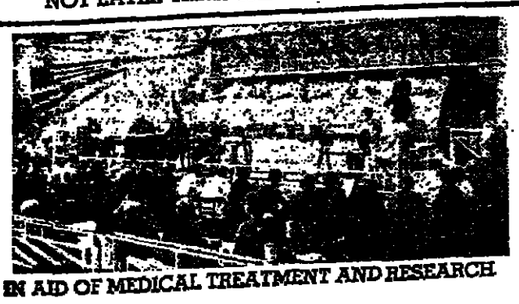
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(Continued from Back Page)

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ELEMENTARY TEACHER Cannes Prefer private/international school experience. Interviews: London, Sept. 13-15. Call: 38-09-70. International Riviera School, Rue Grenet-Milles.

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SMALL FRENCH CORPORATION exporting agricultural commodities seeks BILINGUAL MALE ASSISTANT to president. Location in small rural community in Anjou. Excellent opportunity if hard-working, intelligent. Write in English with complete resumé to: Box 50,485, Herald, Paris.

CURRENT TEACHER VACANCY. Industrial arts, technical drawing. Must be U.S. citizen, hold BA, have 30 semester hours in subject field and 18 semester hours of professional education credit. Send C.V. only to: Alt. 153 E Roemerstr., Heidelberg 69, or phone: 05221/38460, Germany.

EXPERIENCED SECRETARY, 30 to 35 years of age training on Continent for Organization in New York City. Interviews to be held in London, 14th-18th September. Please send curriculum vitae, references and photo to: Mrs. Ess, 6926 Montagnola/Lugano, Switzerland.

TOP LEVEL EXECUTIVE seeks female 21-30, very good presence, distinguished, bilingual, free to travel long period, driving licence. High salary. Interesting opportunity. Send photo and background. Write: Box 10,585, Herald, Paris.

FRANCE—European Institute of Business Administration (INSEAD), 77305 Fontainebleau (60 kms. South of Paris), seeks a bilingual typist English-French). Please send C.V., employers' reference and photo to: Personnel Department.

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RETIRED TRAVEL AGENT, 57, resident Southern Spain, widely travelled, five continents, independent means. Speaks & writes fluent English, French. Spanish, some German. Seeks interesting work preferably Mediterranean area. Write: Box 2,124, Herald Tribune, or call: Marbella, 52-42-22.

A JAPANESE GIRL (23), free from November, seeks interesting position. Fluent English, some German. Experience in secretarial work. Can travel. Write to: Miss Yoko Sato, bei Ebermann, 7141, Neuenhaus, Im Groerach 3, W. Germany.

U.S. JOURNALIST, 24, seeks job. B.S. in journalism, 2 years experience on metro daily and public relations work. P.T. Gallo, 2832 Bittera Pl., Phila., Pa. U.S.A.

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IRISH WOMAN, 42, attending "Cordon Bleu," available as cook and/or babysitter exchange salary and/or room. Write: Box 26,879, Herald, Paris.

YOUNG WOMAN, 21, studying Japanese, seeks au-pair position in Japan, with English or Japanese family. Box 26,839, Herald, Paris.

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AMERICAN GIRL desires au-pair position with European family, preferably child care. Holly Chick, 108 S. St. Andrews, Los Angeles, Calif. 90004.

STUDENT seeks job tutoring German or as handyman. Any offer considered. Box 26,873, Herald, Paris.

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MOTHER'S HELPER WANTED for executive family to assist with light housework & cooking. One 9-month-old baby. Private room, bath & TV, in lovely air-conditioned country home. 1 1/2 days off per week. Must speak some English. Driver's license desired. Submit resume, recent photo & reasonable salary requirements. Round-trip airfare. R. L. Scully, Rt. 3, West County Line Rd., Barrington Hills, Ill. 60010.

DANISH EXECUTIVE'S wife needs to brush up her English. Is there, somewhere, an English-speaking lady, or young girl, who, during 2 or 3 months stay with us in pleasant villa outside Copenhagen, would help my wife practice her English through conversations on everyday topics? We offer free stay, plus adequate pocket money. For further information, please phone: Mr. Jacobsen, 01-48 22 51, Denmark.

MOTHERS HELP—U.S.A. couple with French-speaking young woman to care for two boys, ages 6 1/2 and 4. Do light chores. Live part-time in Switzerland, part-time in U.S.A. Some English language would be helpful. Starting December 1, 1973. Write details including photo to: P.O. Box 1,816, Charlotte, North Carolina 28201, U.S.A.

AU-PAIR—2 small children. Own room and TV. English-speaking. 18 or over. Air fare returned in 6 months, return fare after 1 year. Able to drive. $25 per week. L. Cradles, 200 East End Ave., New York, N.Y. 10028, U.S.A.

AU-PAIR OR NANNY (19 years old or over, good English) driver's license. 1-year-old boy. New York City suburb. Send resume with recent photo to: P.O. Box 418, Cheppaqua, N.Y. 10514, U.S.A.

Art Buchwald

Wallowing in Scandal

WASHINGTON.—President Nixon has said there are many people in this country who would rather wallow in Watergate than get on with the business of the country.

The only person I know who is really wallowing in Watergate is my friend Fitzhugh Fitzgibbon.


Buchwald

He told me the other day, "I've tried. God knows I've tried. But I just can't seem to get out of the wallow of Watergate."

"It's that bad, huh?"

"It's terrible. I've tried to think of inflation, the cost of food, the energy crisis, but none of it gives me the pleasure that Watergate does. It's a terrible thing to admit, but I really enjoy Watergate, and I look forward to every new scandal it produces. I don't get that feeling when I read about pollution."

"But the President has said we have to keep this thing in perspective. We just can't get sidetracked by Watergate."

"*He* can't get sidetracked by Watergate, but *I* can. I tell you, it's made my life. Some people like to read about Cambodia, the Middle East or the fall of the dollar. But I can't wallow in those things. They just don't have the mud and slime that Watergate has produced. I could take a bath in it every day."

"Well, at least you're honest about it," I said. "Most people who wallow in Watergate won't admit it."

"Don't get me wrong. I'm not a wallower by nature. But Watergate is something else again. You've got the corruption of the White House, the Justice Department, the FBI, the CIA, the indictment of a former attorney general and a former secretary of commerce and one of the great election frauds of all time. Now anyone who isn't wallowing in that just doesn't know how to enjoy himself."

"When did you first start wallowing in Watergate?"

"Probably after President Nixon announced he had just received new evidence involving members of his White House staff in the Watergate affair. I felt this warm surge come over me like nothing I had ever felt before. Then when the Sam Ervin hearings started, and I watched the long parade of witnesses who all gave details on how the American people had been hoodwinked by the Committee to Re-Elect the President, I found myself waist deep in the mud. After Haldeman's and Erhlichman's testimony I was up to my neck. And now that there is a court fight over the President's tapes, I have to fight to keep my head above water."

* * *

"When will you stop wallowing?" I asked him.

"When Martha Mitchell shuts up, when Charles Colson tells all he knows, when we get the true story on San Clemente and when Vice-President Agnew is cleared of all rumors about corruption in Maryland."

"Good grief, man," I said. "That could be forever."

"It's not my fault. I had nothing to do with Watergate, and, if I want to wallow in it, that's my own affair."

"Even if the President of the United States has asked you not to?"

"He can't just ask us not to wallow in Watergate. He has to give us something else to wallow in. But it has to be big. Americans are spoiled after wallowing in this for so long. Once you've wallowed in the Watergate swamp, you just can't get out and dry yourself off."

Israelis Discover Carving of Pharaoh

TEL AVIV, Sept. 7 (AP).—A cliffside carving of an Egyptian pharaoh has been found near an ancient turquoise mine in the Sinai Desert, Israel announced today.

The relief was found by a team led by an Israeli official in charge of archaeology in the Sinai, captured from Egypt in the 1967 war. The carving shows the unidentified ruler vanquishing nomadic tribesmen in the Wadi Maghara district where the Egyptians mined turquoise more than 3,000 years ago.

Boy Millionaire Surfaces—Still Rich

By Robert Kistler


Kenneth Moss: Can Money Buy Happiness?

AP.

MALIBU, Calif.—Can money—a lot of it—make a man truly free? The answer, even at today's prices, would seem to be yes, if you work at it.

Take Kenneth Moss.

Age 30. College dropout. Former Wall Street whiz. International vagabond. Hippie commune-dweller. Long-haired freethinker. And millionaire.

Kenneth Moss made $1.5 million on Wall Street by the time he was 26, then abruptly dropped out—out of the New York financial whirl, out of almost everything.

Now, after four years on the bum, he has surfaced again—a somewhat changed, albeit still wealthy, young man. He is living barefoot in a leased Malibu beach house, spending more time than he would normally care to on a pair of white telephones that seem to jangle constantly.

The telephones are tolerated, grudgingly. Moss needs them while he puts the finishing touches on his newest venture—Freelandia, Inc.—a nonprofit one-plane "airline" for people who cannot afford (or are disinclined) to pay commercial air fares.

Freelandia, which has won certification from the Federal Aviation Administration as a travel club, will take to the air Sept. 31 from Honolulu.

At some point in the future, so the planning goes, Moss will begin to get back the $1.15 million (in the form of an indefinite-term, no-interest loan) he has committed to the project thus far. Any income above the loan repayment will be donated to Internal Revenue Service-approved charities, such as drug rehabilitation clinics and halfway houses, Moss says.

What does Moss get out of the whole thing?

"Nothing," he says.

"Not a damned thing, money-wise."

Why then, when a man has enough money to live the rest of his life any way he chooses, does he risk a sizable portion of it with no guarantee that any will be returned?

To get at the answer you have to go back six years to a stock market that was riding the crest of one of the wildest, fattest periods in its history and to a 24-year-old middle-class youth from Long Island who had just busted out of Syracuse University for the second time.

But he was a young man who had studied the stock market intently—and had concluded that he wanted some of it. After an interview with Lee Vogel, president of Vogel-Lorber, Inc., a brokerage firm, Moss went to work as a nonsalaried, commission-only option trader.

The job put young Moss, starting with $1,500 he had borrowed from his father, immediately into the inner core of a "highly sophisticated phase of the market," his former employer said.

"If you are very good," Moss said, "you can make money at a staggering rate. If you don't know what you're doing, you can be wiped out—literally overnight."

While continuing to make deals for his company, Moss was soon making deals for himself.

Just before his departure from Wall Street, Moss was living in an $850-a-month apartment on Park Ave., had recently given himself a 1967 Rolls-Royce "as a going-away present," and thought nothing of dropping $200, or more, on an evening's dinner with acquaintances.

"It was an insane existence," he said recently sitting cross-legged on the floor of his small Malibu cottage.

"I became a human money-making machine—on the telephone at any hour of the day or night, making deals with other men I knew only by the sound of their voices.

"When you're a millionaire, nothing costs anything anymore because, no matter what you might spend for a given item—a car, a night on the town, whatever—it doesn't affect you because you simply don't notice it."

"What I didn't like was the realization that I was 26 years old, had been raised in a middle-class atmosphere, had lifted myself to an upper-class life-style—but knew nothing about life elsewhere.

"Or life period, for that matter."

Moss put his money in a bank, keeping only enough for travel expenses and a little extra to live on, and for all that his Wall Street associates knew, "just disappeared."

Where he went was to Spain.

For a while, he lived in a 500-year-old stone house on the island of Ibiza, where, instead of living on telephones, he met—and found he liked—people, different kinds of people.

From Ibiza he moved to Geneva, then bummed around Switzerland.

One morning, at 4 a.m., he found himself at the Geneva airport, duffle bag over his shoulder and with a vague notion of heading "east." On the big flight board overhead, there was a departure listing for Bombay.

"I guess it was in India where my head really began to change," Moss says now. "Most of the people there have nothing, really nothing.

"But you can walk down the streets at night and see a man without any fingers sitting in the shadows and smiling. I guess I began to see a more human side of life. Call it what you want to.

"Away from America, I found a kind of life I didn't know existed, a life with a different rhythm, a different perspective."

In New York, Moss's former boss listened to a reporter outline his former protégé's Freelandia plans. Vogel had not heard from Moss since 1969.

"Well," the Wall Street executive said, "Moss always was something of a rebel. You know, the long hair and all that. . . .

"But, one thing still bothers me a bit. The nonprofit aspect of all of this. It just doesn't seem in character with the Moss I knew.

"I guess I just don't understand his motives. I mean, what is he going to get out of it?"

© *Los Angeles Times.*

PEOPLE: *Pigtailed 8-Year-Old Climbs Kilimanjaro*

Samantha White, 8, has conquered Mount Kilimanjaro. The pigtailed American, her parents say, is the youngest person known to have made the 19,340-foot climb. The feat was accomplished last month when Samantha, her parents, Sgt. and Mrs. William White and a guide reached Gillman's Point on the rim of the mountain's crater after a three-day climb. Sgt. White, stationed at Torrejon Air Base, said in Madrid Friday that the claim was based on records kept at Tanzania's Kibo Hotel at the foot of the mountain where Kilimanjaro expeditions have originated since 1934. "It was a long hike," said Samantha. "I hope it will earn me a Girl Scouts merit badge."

* * *

IN PURSUIT: Richard Manning Swain, who likes a friendly game of poker. But the sheriff of Shafter, Calif., says he can't play in the town's card parlor because of a Kern County ordinance barring ex-felons from patronizing poker rooms. Swain, 42, has a burglary conviction from Illinois on which he completed probation in 1966, authorities said. When Swain challenged the ordinance in court this week, a superior court judge upheld the law. Swain contended: "I enjoy playing cards and consider it a pursuit of happiness." He plans an appeal. In the meantime, he has been cited for breaking the ordinance because he sat in on a game at the club the day after the ruling and has been arrested for resisting an officer's order when he refused to put his cards down.

* * *

Foreign policy isn't all they think about at the State Department, The Washington Post reports. "On Aug. 27, somewhere in the vicinity of Room No. 3662, in that part of the department occupied by the Agency for International Development, a woman was heard crying out, as if seeking help. An employee then observed the door of a supposedly unused storeroom opening. Out came two males. Followed by one woman. Guards were summoned. Inside the storeroom was found a makeshift bed constructed of old boxes. Also a batch of pornographic pictures. The General Services Administration said Thursday that none of the trio had been identified. Metropolitan police and federal officers are continuing an investigation, according to a spokesman. The room has been cleaned up, he said. The State Department Public Affairs Office didn't want to talk about the affair, if that's what it was."

* * *

All construction work was stopped Friday on the bungalow hotel Marlon Brando is building on his private atoll 25 miles north of Tahiti because of a labor dispute. The workmen went on strike because of what they said was the "unmotivated" firing of 21 laborers. The rest of the work force of 27 walked off the job and all flew back to Papeete, leaving a supply of construction material which arrived Thursday exposed on the reef. One Tahitian said, "Maybe Americans treat black people in America like slaves. They can't do that to the Tahitians." Brando was reported to be in Los Angeles.

* * *

SHE LOVES HIM BUT... Sherri Spillane, wife of detective story writer Mickey Spillane, says she prefers to spend half her life apart from him. She spends half the year in New York, the other half with Spillane at his beach house in South Carolina. He gets up at 6 a.m. and retires at 10 p.m. "On the other hand," Mrs. Spillane says. "I like to come in at 6 a.m." Mrs. Spillane was in New York—where she is about to open a theater engagement—when she made the announcement.

* * *

MARRIED: National Airlines president Lewis B. Maytag to Wisty Mixon, one of the line's stewardesses. The bride, a company spokesman said, is "very attractive, dark haired" and has "a very nice personality." Maytag, 45, who has six children from previous marriages, is the grandson of the founder of the washing machine company.

* * *

SURPRISED: President Nixon, with a newly decorated bedroom in the White House. The President's wife planned the surprise, with the help of White House curator Clement Conger. The room now has light-blue walls, an Oriental rug in shades of red, green and blue, tobacco-plant print draperies and a green and white print bedspread for the canopied bed. "The room is so beautiful we'll have to show it to tourists," President Nixon said. The room was previously decorated in red, white and blue.

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Japan, Korea (air) $	55.00	105.00	Sierra Leone (air) $	46.00	86.00
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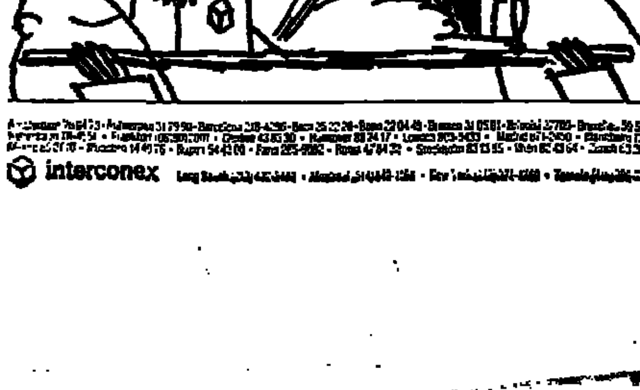
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